

iC Tool

User Manual

Programming Tool



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1 Introduction

The iC Tool is a free computer program provided by the iSMA CONTROLLI.

As a significant part of an end-to-end solution, the iC Tool is a native programming tool for the nano EDGE ENGINE and Sedona based devices. The iC Tool covers all requirements to create and manage applications: it has a wire sheet for convenient visual programming, property sheets for details; it offers libraries management, real-time monitoring of system states and slots values, logs, deployment, and backup.

1.1 Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description
1.5.0	18 Jul 2024	 Support for the nano EDGE ENGINE V1.5 Copy Slots Values function MultistateSchedule support in the Weekly Schedule view Copying components between two controllers function support for nano EDGE ENGINE devices Web users for visualization web server in AAC20 devices
1.4.1	27 Nov 2023	Adding External Kits section updated
1.4.0	10 Nov 2023	 Support for the nano EDGE ENGINE V1.4 Special Events view Calendar view Migration mechanism
1.2.0	13 Apr 2023	 Support for the nano EDGE ENGINE V1.2 Weekly Schedule view Support for the Sedona devices Editorial corrections
1.1.0	31 Aug 2022	 Support for the nano EDGE ENGINE V1.1 Editorial corrections
1.0.0	28 Feb 2022	First edition

Table 1. Revision history

1.2 About

The iC Tool allows programming of applications and parameter setting in the nano EDGE ENGINE and Sedona based devices. Using proper functions implemented in the iC Tool, the user can program his own application from scratch or edit an existing application working directly on a connected device.

The iC Tool is addressed to every user working with the device on the daily basis, i.e., distributors, integrators, engineers, and maintenance technicians.



2 Installation and Updates

2.1 iC Tool Installation

The iC Tool is delivered as a compressed folder, which needs to be extracted in a chosen location on a hard drive, unless the access to the extracted folder is restricted by the system (e.g., Program Files is not a recommended location). The iC Tool is a software created for modern Microsoft Windows system, such as **Windows 10**. The oldest supported version of the operating system is Windows 7.

The iC Tool software bundle is available at: iSMA CONTROLLI Download Center.

The iC Tool software bundle is a zipped file, which has to be extracted on the user's computer. Extracting the zipped package reveals the folders and additional files described below. In order to run the iC Tool, open the iCTool.exe file.

Nazwa	Data modyfikacji	Тур	Rozmiar
📜 Config	26.10.2022 15:07	Folder plików	
📙 de	25.10.2022 11:24	Folder plików	
📜 es	25.10.2022 11:24	Folder plików	
📜 External	25.10.2022 11:24	Folder plików	
📙 fr	25.10.2022 11:24	Folder plików	
📙 home	25.10.2022 11:25	Folder plików	
🦲 icons	25.10.2022 11:24	Folder plików	
📕 it	25.10.2022 11:24	Folder plików	
📕 ja	25.10.2022 11:24	Folder plików	
📙 Libraries	25.10.2022 11:24	Folder plików	
Localization	25.10.2022 11:24	Folder plików	
📙 log	25.10.2022 11:25	Folder plików	
📕 pl	25.10.2022 11:24	Folder plików	
Resources	25.10.2022 11:24	Folder plików	
📕 ru	25.10.2022 11:24	Folder plików	
C Tool	25.10.2022 11:23	Aplikacja	25 601 KB
iC Tool.exe.config	25.10.2022 11:23	Plik CONFIG	3 KB
🗋 iC Tool.pdb	25.10.2022 11:23	Plik PDB	5 014 KB
	10.11.2022 11:03	Dokument tekstowy	11 KB
AnnitTestResult	25.10.2022 11:23	Plik XML	71 KB

Figure 1. The iC Tool zipped folder

The extracted folders have the following functions:

- **Config:** a folder containing a record of user's individual settings regarding windows location and other iC Tool work settings, such as a language chosen for the iC Tool interface;
- External: a folder containing an API .dll file;
- home: a folder where all the data created by user are saved, i.e., device backups, applications, etc. It is also a folder where the OS and libraries, available the in iC Tool, are located;

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- icons: a folder with graphical files such as the iC Tool interface icons;
- · Libraries: a folder containing iC Tool auxiliary files;
- · Localization: a folder with the text files providing the iC Tool language sources;
- **log:** a folder, where the logs of the iC Tool, which also appear in the Console window, are saved. When contacting iSMA CONTROLLI technical support, it is advised to copy the file with logs from this folder;
- de, es, fr, it, ja, pl, Resources, ru: folders with system libraries.

To properly install and work with the iC Tool, the computer must meet the following minimal requirements:

- processor (CPU): Intel Core i3-3xxx or equivalent;
- memory: 4 GB RAM;
- storage: 50 GB internal hard driver;
- Ethernet 100 Mbit or 1 Gbit NIC;
- MS Windows 7 (recommended MS Windows 10);
- .NET Framework 4.6.2 or higher.

WARNING!

When the iC Tool is being run for the first time, it asks to accept the EULA license. The license must be accepted to run the program. Failure to do so closes the iC Tool.

Worth to Notice

In order to make sure that the iC Tool is always up to date, it needs to be run periodically at least once a month, on a computer connected to the Internet for about an hour, depending on the data transfer rate. It enables the iC Tool to automatically download the latest data, such as libraries and updates.

The iC Tool is a portable software. It is transferable and it can be installed on a portable data storage device, such as a USB memory stick. It allows the iC Tool to be run directly from a portable data storage device on any PC, including offline ones.

2.2 iC Tool Updating

The iC Tool has a built-in mechanism notifying the user when a new version of software is available on the iSMA CONTROLLI server. Every time the iC Tool starts up and it is connected to the Internet, the software checks the availability of a new version. If the new version is available, a pop-up widow, similar to the one shown below, will appear.



Updates				 x
New iSM/	A Tool version is availab	le. Do you want to update n	ow?	
Details or	support website: versio	on: 2.1.0 https:∥support.gc5.	pl/iSMATool/	
Check	updates on startup			
		Yes	No	

Figure 2. Update notice

The options in the Updates window are the following:

- Yes: Allows downloading a new version of the iC Tool by opening an appropriate location in the user's default web browser. The new version of the iC Tool is downloaded as a zipped file saved locally on the computer's hard drive and then extracted, overwriting the current iC Tool version.
- No: Closes the iC Tool updates notification window. The window will appear again after restarting the iC Tool.

WARNING!

Before overwriting the current version of the iC Tool, the software needs to be closed and the user has to make sure that all important data (libraries, applications, settings) are saved in dedicated folders, home and Config. These folders will not be overwritten or deleted, while extracting/overwriting the current iC Tool version with an updated one, preserving everything the user has created.

The automatic checking mechanism, described above, may be turned on or off in the iC Tool settings described in Settings. When the checking mechanism is turned on and there are no new versions of the iC Tool, the system will display an appropriate notification: No updates for iC Tool on the console.

The autoupdate function covers the following areas:

- iC Tool software;
- nano EDGE ENGINE OS;
- nano EDGE ENGINE libraries.



700L 20	Updates	x
Software is in the latest version.		
Libraries are fully updated.		
New version of Firmwares available.		
os-1.4.0.7335.bin os-1.4.0.7335.json		
os-1.4.1.7340.bin		
os-1.4.1.7340.json		
✓ Check updates on startup		
Yes - download all newest updates, No -	cancel operation	
Yes	No	

Figure 3. The Autoupdate dialog window

There is also a manual way of checking software updates availability. In order to do so, initiate the menu Check updates, available in upper Help menu. After initiating this option, the iC Tool will check the availability of new versions and display an appropriate notification. If a new update is available, a pop-up window, described above, will appear.

2.3 Migration Mechanism

The migration mechanism in the iC Tool allows to import files from another instance of the program.



Migrate	x
Migrate data from other instance of the iC Tool	
Migrate From	
Click here in order to choose folder with the iC Tool you want to migrate from	
Localization files	
0%	
OK Cancel	

Figure 4. Migration dialog window

Depending on which files are available in the migration source folder, the migration mechanism allows to import the following files:

- iC Tool's settings;
- · Workspaces sites, devices, and their applications and settings;
- localization files (language settings);
- icons;
- nano EDGE ENGINE OS, libraries, and bakcups;
- Sedona applications, kits, platforms, and manifests.

At a first launch of the iC Tool, the migration dialog window appears automatically. Later, the option can be accessed in the main menu, Import.

File Edit View	Import Help	
	Import Framework Files	E
📄 Site 😽 192.168	Migrate	

Figure 5. Migrate option

In order to start a migration process, first, indicate a source directory folder.



Migrate	×
Migrate data from other instance of the iC Tool	
Migrate From	
Click here in order to choose folder with the iC Tool you want to migrate from	
Settings	I
0%	
OK Cancel	

Figure 6. Migrate dialog window

Then, select files to import on a check list, and confirm with OK. The iC Tool will then require a confirmation to overwrite files in the destination instance. If not confirmed, the migration process will be ceased. To continue the migration process, confirm with Yes.

Warning!

It is important to bear in mind that the process **will overwrite** all files existing in the current iC Tool instance. Make sure to create a backup in case there are any files, applications, etc., that are required to be preserved.



3 Standard Views

The iC Tool defines a few standard views available after choosing the component. For devices driven by the nano EDGE ENGINE, they are: the **Wire Sheet** and **Property Sheet**. These views are displayed in the iC Tool's Main Screen on separate tabs. Apart from the standard views mentioned above, available for any component, there can also be other, dedicated views for particular components (see Special Views).



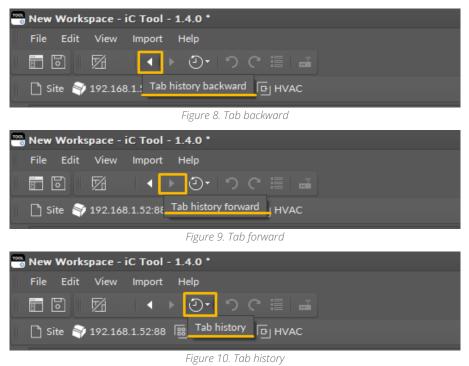
Figure 7. Component's standard views

Standard views for components have different roles and functions, however, they share common actions, which facilitate working with components.

3.1 View History

While working on application, the user switches between views to present objects being worked on in a most convenient way. Double clicking on a component in the Workspace Tree opens a corresponding default view. As a convenience matter, the iC Tool offers a view navigation history to allow the user to return to previously opened tabs.

The view navigation history is available on a toolbar under the main menu. There are three navigation history buttons in the toolbar: Tab backward, Tab forward, and Tab history.



These actions can also be invoked using keyboard shortcuts: Alt+Left, Alt+Right, or Alt+Shift+Left/Right key combinations.

The view history is presented depending on how it was invoked. Clicking a toolbar button presents a dropdown list:



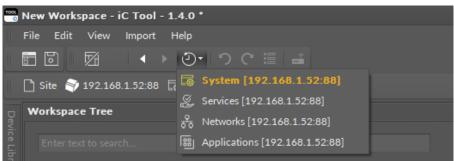


Figure 11. Tabs history

Pressing an Alt+Shift+Left/Right keyboard shortcut presents a flyout panel:

Tab history () Equipment
Application1
System
Services
रूठ Networks
Applications

Figure 12. Tabs history flyout panel

3.2 Undo/Redo Actions

In case of an unintended action (for example, a component deleted by mistake, link added by mistake, randomly moved components), the iC Tool offers undo/redo actions.

With standard key combinations of Ctrl+Z and Ctrl+Y, the iC Tool allows to undo/redo actions step-by-step.

Pressing either key combination brings an undo/redo history flyout panel to help identify what will be undone/redone next. The panel stays in place while the user keeps holding



the Ctrl button down so it is visible what is available to be undone/redone next if multiple changes are needed.

Undo/Redo Hist	ыу	
	Undo	
Deleted		
	Undo	
Added		

Figure 13. Undo/Redo action flyout panel

It is also possible to invoke undo/redo actions or open the flyout panel clicking corresponding buttons on the toolbar:



WARNING!

As many operations on components involve immediate changes to the device over the wire, and the device itself could be modified by another user of iC Tool software remotely, it is possible that some actions will fail to complete. To minimize risks of loses to the application the user is creating, the undo/redo history is cleared in case of unrecoverable communication issues.



3.3 Reconnecting Devices

When working with multiple devices, it is often a case that multiple tabs are opened but devices (that the tabs refer to) are disconnected. It is possible to reconnect them all at once by clicking a single button on the toolbar.



Once the action is invoked, all devices with at least one tab open are reconnected. To avoid swamping network communication, actual connection commands are sent once the user switches to a corresponding tab.

3.4 Wire Sheet

The Wire Sheet is a graphic view which shows all the inferior components (along with links) for the selected superior component (double-clicked in the Workspace Tree). Each component in the Wire Sheet view is shown as a rectangle with its name and icon placed in a header, and slot names and values in rows underneath. The link is displayed as a line connecting two component slots, between which values are transferred. The figure below shows the Wire Sheet view with corresponding list of components in the Workspace Tree for the Application service.

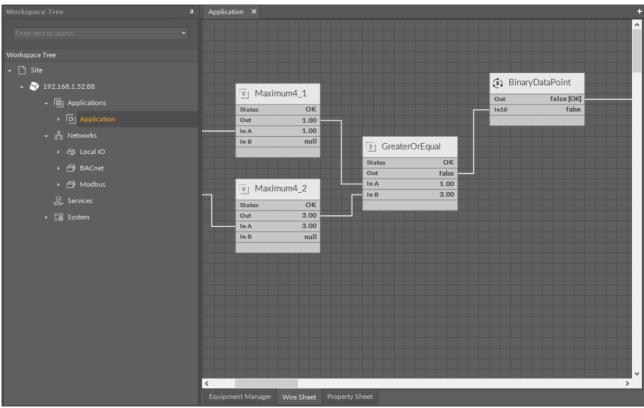


Figure 16. Wire Sheet view along with the Workspace Tree for the nano EDGE ENGINE device

In the Wire Sheet view the user can define the location of components by dragging them by the header. To make moving components easier the Wire Sheet displays a grid allowing precise placement of the component. The grid makes organizing of components and their alignment easier.

3.4.1 Navigation

Navigation on the Wire Sheet view is carried out by zooming in/out and moving the object in the view.

Zooming the view in or out requires turning a mouse wheel upward or downward. Zooming is centered where the mouse pointer is. In order to zoom in or out a particular Wire Sheet fragment, the mouse pointer needs to be moved into this area, so it does not escape the field of view.

In order to scroll the Wire Sheet view, move the sliders at the bottom and right side of the window or press the Ctrl button and click and move up or down.

After opening the Wire Sheet view, the iC Tool automatically adjusts the zoom allowing all components to be visible.

3.4.2 Links Between Wire Sheet Tabs

Each Wire Sheet tab displays components belonging to a common superior component. More complex applications require to create a logical connection between components belonging to different superiors, therefore, displayed in different Wire Sheet tabs. The simplest example of such logical connection would be linking network points with Data Points: network points are nested in the LocallO component, which is placed in the Networks container; Data Points, on the other hand, are located in the Application component in the Applications container; therefore, linking them requires creating links between two separate views.

Links between components belonging to different superiors are displayed as full circles coming out of linked slots. It means that the further part of such link is continued in another Wire Sheet tab.



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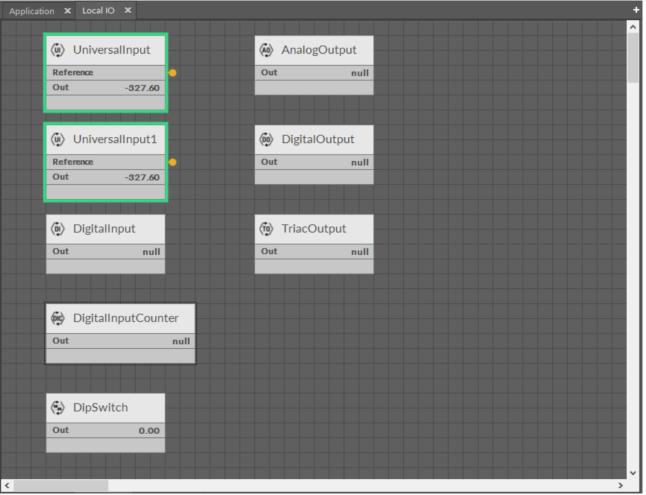


Figure 17. Two UniversalInputs linked with Analog Data Points

	Analo	ogDataPoint		ि Max	imum4_1			
•	Reference	#16		Status	ок			
	Out	-327.60 [OK]		Out	1.00			
	In16	-327.60		In A	1.00		Greater	OrEqual
				In B	-327.60			
							atus	ОК
						0		false
								3.00
		ogDataPoint1			cimum4_2			
•	Reference	#16		Status	ОК			
	Out	-327.60 [OK]	11	Out	3.00			
	In16	-327.60	L↓↓	In A	3.00			
				In B	-327.60			

Figure 18. Two UniversalInputs linked with Analog Data Points

Additionally, in case there is more than one link coming out from one output slot, a number of links is displayed next to the link circle. Detailed information about the links' directions, slots, and components can be obtained in the Object Properties window after clicking the links circle.

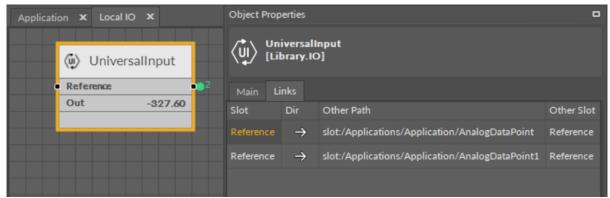


Figure 19. Two external links coming out of the Reference slot

3.4.3 Adding and Removing Components in the Wire Sheet

Adding Components

There are three methods of adding a new component to the Wire Sheet view:

· dragging it from the Device Libraries/Kits window;

- copying it in the Device Libraries/Kits window and pasting it in the Wire Sheet tab;
- duplicating a component already added to the Wire Sheet (it is an option in the context menu).

If the component is dragged or pasted to the Wire Sheet, it is released where the mouse points. However, if the component has not been added directly to the Wire Sheet but, for example, placed in the Workspace Tree window, its position in the Wire Sheet will be the same as original component (including cascade offset) in case of pasting or duplicating. In case the component has been dragged from the Device Libraries/Kits window to the Workspace Tree, its position in the Wire Sheet is (0, 0), it will appear in the upper left corner.

In all cases added components are slightly relocated relative to original components, so they do not overlap. The iC Tool uses a cascade mechanism here.

Special Adding of Data Points, Schedules, and Folders in nano EDGE ENGINE Devices

The Workspace Tree window, the Wire Sheet and Property Sheet views offer a special way of adding Data Points, schedules, and folders (the Folder and Equipment components) to the Application, simply from the context menu. In order to add components this way, right-click in an empty space of the Wire Sheet grid or Property Sheet and choose the Add option from the context menu. In the Workspace Tree special adding of Data Points, schedules, and folders is available in the context menu of the Application component.

Workspace Tree	с 4	Application2 ×
Enter text to search		
Enter text to search Workspace Tree	oint a Point ule	 Add Analog Data Point Binary Data Point Multistate Data Point Multistate Data Point Analog Schedule Binary Schedule Multistate Schedule Calendar Folder
 a) Supplete a) Supplete b) Multistate Sch c) Calendar c) Colendar <lic) colendar<="" li=""> c) Colendar c)</lic)>		

Figure 20. Adding Data Points/folders from the context menu



Workspace Tree	Application1 ×
	Equipment
Workspace Tree	2 😰 Add 🔸 🚯 Analog Data Point
ד 🗋 Site	💿 Views 🕨 🔅 Binary Data Point
	🕒 Copy 🔅 Multistate Data Point
← 🔠 Applications	✓ Copy Slots Values
→ 📴 HVAC	🛱 Duplicate 🚯 Binary Schedule
Application2	🗑 Delete 🐼 Multistate Schedule
← ⊡ Application1	🖉 Link Mark 🔯 Calendar
Gipment	Add extension Add extension
। है Networ 👻 Add 🔹 🕨 🚯 Analog Data Point	Remove extension
炎 Service 👁 Views 🔹 👌 Binary Data Point	[] Rename
🕨 🐻 System 🔓 Copy 🦚 Multistate Data Point	
😚 192.168.1.: 🍫 Copy Slots Values 🛛 😡 Analog Schedule	
📋 Duplicate 👘 Binary Schedule	
间 Delete 🛛 😡 Multistate Schedule	
🖉 Link Mark 🛛 🔯 Calendar	
Add extension	
C Remove extension	
[] Rename	
-ੴ Show Help	

Figure 21. Adding Data Points to folders from the context menu

Removing Components

A component in the Wire Sheet view can be removed after selecting it and pressing the Delete key or choosing the Delete option from the context menu. After removing the component, the iC Tool will automatically remove all links connected to the removed component. If necessary, the remaining links will be automatically redrawn to use the space remaining after the removed component.

3.4.4 Selecting and Marking of Components and Links

The Wire Sheet view has been designed to make it easy for the user to analyze the logic of the program by proper marking of the inferior components and links in relation to a selected component or link. Both components and links are selected by clicking them, and pressing the Ctrl key while clicking allows to select more than one component.



Components

pplication 🗙						
						-
				Binar	yDataPoint	
i ₹ Max	imum4_1			Out	false [OK]	
Status	ОК			In16	false	
Out	1.00					
In A	1.00			E inen eine		
In B	null	🔤 Greate	rOrEqual			
		Status	ОК			
		Out	false			
🚽 💿 Max	imum4_2	In A	1.00			
		In B	3.00			
Status	ОК					
Out	3.00	-				
In A In B	3.00 null					
INB	nuii					

Figure 22. Selecting (orange) and marking (green) of components

In the figure above, a GreaterOrEqual component has been selected and is marked with an orange frame. If it will be removed or moved, or duplicated, it has an impact on the links connected to it and their components. The whole path of connected objects has been highlighted in green. A coloring mechanism shown above may be very useful to analyze complex programs with many connections, links, and components.

Links

Similar color highlighting takes place if a link is selected (marked in orange). In such case the iC Tool will automatically mark with a green color all components connected with this link. It allows the user to be aware, which components is the link connected to, and which will be affected in case it is, for example, deleted.

The link gets marked if a connected component gets selected.

Applicat	tion X						
					4		
	💿 Maximum	4.1			🕘 🚯 Binary	DataPoint	
	i™aximum	+_1			Out	false [OK]	
	Status	ОК			In16	false	
	Out	1.00					
	In A	1.00					
	In B	null	Greater	OrEqual			
			Status	OK			
			Out	false			
1	⊤ Maximum	4_2	In A In B	1.00 3.00			
	Status	ОК					
	Out	3.00					
L	In A	3.00					
	In B	null					
				3. Selected link			

Window and Crossing Selection

In the Wire Sheet view there is also another method of selecting components and links. The method involves defining a rectangular area, which marks objects to be selected. It can either be a window selection or a crossing selection.

Both types require marking a square area in the Wire Sheet view by clicking in an empty area and dragging a rectangle over the objects to be selected. Release the rectangle, when all the selected objects are included.

Window Selection

In case of a window selection, a rectangle dragged **from the left to the right** is blue. Only objects fully covered by the rectangle are selected (orange color); here, these are the Maximum and GreaterOrEqual components and their links. The remaining element has not been selected because it was not fully covered by the blue rectangle. The element dependent on the selected component and selected links is marked in green.



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Applicati	ion ×						
						(i) Bi <mark>nar</mark>	yDataPoint
						Out	false [OK]
	💿 Maximur	n4_1				In16	false
	Status	ОК					
	Out	1.00] E Greate	rOrEqual		
	In A	1.00		Greate	OrEqual		
	In B	null		Status	ОК		
				Out	false		
				In A	1.00		
				In B	3.00		
	💿 Maximur	m4_2					
	Status	ОК					
	Out	3.00					
_	In A	3.00					
	In B	null					
			Drag from the	n the left to			
					adawsalaction		

Figure 24. Window selection

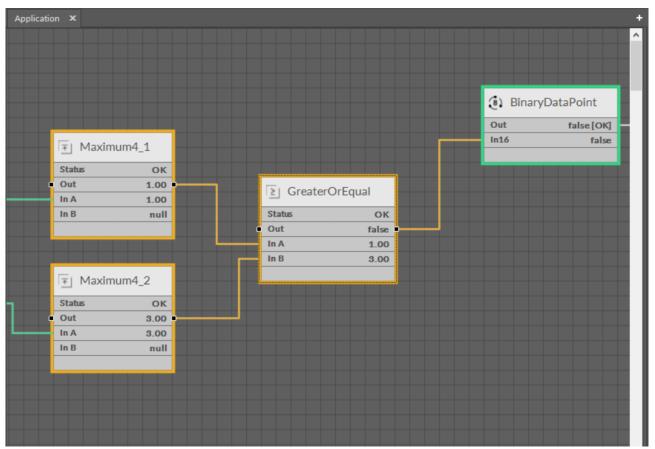


Figure 25. Window selection

Crossing Selection

In case of a crossing selection the rectangle is dragged the opposite way, **from the right to the left**, and it is red. All the objects, even partially included in the rectangle, are selected (orange color); here, these are the Maxiumum, GreaterOrEqual, and Binary Data Point component along with their links.

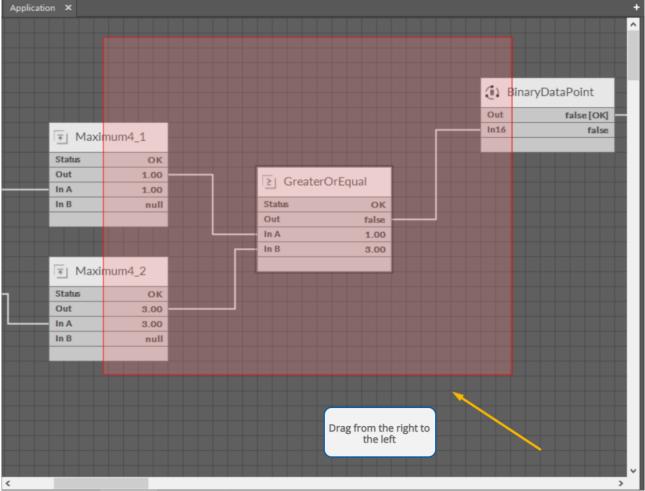


Figure 26. Crossing selection



 Maximum4_1 Status OK 3 Gou 1.00 3 In A 1.00 3 Status OK 4 Out false In A 1.00 Status OK 4 Out false In A 1.00 In B 3.00 In A 3.00 In B null 	olication ×					
Maximum4_1 Status OK 0 Out In A 1.00 0 In B 0ut false In A 1.00 0 In B 1.00 0 In B 1.00 0 In A 1.00 0 In B In A In A <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>🔁 🕄 Bina</td><td>ryDataPoint</td></t<>					🔁 🕄 Bina	ryDataPoint
Maximum4_1 Status Out In A 1.00 c In A 1.00 c In B 0ut false In A 1.00 c In B 1.00 c In B 1.00 c In A 1.00 c In B 1.00 c In A 1.00 c <					• Out	false [OK]
c Out 1.00 0 In A 1.00 0 C In B nulle Status OK Out false In A 1.00 In A 1.00 0 In B Out In A 1.00 In B 3.00 F Maximum4_2 Status OK Out 3.00	Taxim	um4_1			In16	false
In A 1.00 ℃ S In B null C Status OK C C C Out false In A 1.00 In B 3.00 Status OK Out 3.00 In A 3.00	C Status	ока				
III A 1.00 G C In B null C Status OK C 0ut false In A In A 1.00 In B 3.00 F Maximum4_2 Status OK Out 3.00 In A 3.00			□ Greater(OrEqual		
a out false In A 1.00 In B 3.00 Status OK Out 3.00 In A 3.00						
In A 1.00 In B 3.00 Status OK Out 3.00 In A 3.00						
In B 3.00 Film A 3.00	¢.	Ö				
Time Maximum4_2 Status OK Out 3.00 In A 3.00						
Out 3.00 In A 3.00	_					
	• Out					
	In A	3.00				
	In B	null				

Figure 27. Crossing selection

The crossing selection method enables easy removal of all input links of the component without a need to individually select each link. For this purpose drag a narrow rectangle across the component's links that are to be selected (see the figures below). All selected links (orange color) can be deleted with a Delete key or a context menu.

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Applic	ation X					
						_
					(i) Binary	/DataPoint
					Out	false [OK]
	🖅 Maximu	m4 1			In16	false
	Status	ок				
	Out	1.00	Greater	OrEqual		
	In A	1.00				
	In B	null	Status	ОК		
	_		Out	false		
			In A	1.00		
	_		in b	3.00		
	— 🗐 Maximu	m4_2				
	Status	ок				
	Out	3.00				
	In A	3.00				
	In B	null				
						, and the second se
			Eigure 28 Crossing			>

Figure 28. Crossing selection of links

Applicatio	on X					aryDataPoint -
						aryDatar Onit
					Out	false [OK]
	Trian Maximum4	4_1			In16	false
	Status	ОК				
	Out	1.00	Greater)rEqual		
	In A	1.00	Greatero	Ji Lquai		
	In B	null	Status	ОК		
			Out	false		
			In A	1.00		
			In B	3.00		
	🛓 Maximum	4_2		_		
	Status	ОК				
	Out	3.00				
	In A	3.00				
	In B	null				

Figure 29. Crossing selection of links

3.4.5 Adding and Removing Links

Adding Links

A link is a way of exchanging data between components. It connects components between which the data are transferred. The link identifies, which parameter is taken into account on both sides of the connection. This allows to show the data flow direction, i.e., where a specific parameter is read and where it is saved.

The Wire Sheet view shows the link as a line connecting two components. The Workspace Tree window and the Property Sheet view do not show information about existing links at all.

Views designed to check links for a specific component are the Wire Sheet view and the Links tab in the Object Properties window.

Reference Links in nano EDGE ENGINE Devices

Linking within applications, built with the nano EDGE ENGINE, may be performed twofold: using a standard linking method or using a special Reference link designed specifically to connect Data Point class components (in the Applications container) with network point class components (in the Networks container):

• The Reference link is a special compound link designed to connect Data Points with network points. The Reference link is created between special Reference slots

and **transfers values along with the component's status**. Alternatively, it may transfer values between Data Points and network points at the same time returning status from network points to Data Points, or it may return values from network points to Data Points.

• The standard linking method involves simple creating links between the input and output slots; a standard link transfers a value between the connected slots. Standard linking may be applied between all four containers of the nano EDGE ENGINE device structure.

The **Reference link is unique for the nano EDGE ENGINE solution**, and it is a recommended method to be used in application building as **it offers an advantage of transferring the status information between components**.

Worth to Notice:

By default, not all slots of a particular component are always visible in the Wire Sheet view. The hidden slots are not displayed in the component default view. A hidden slot becomes visible once it is an end slot to a link. The link to hidden slot may be created using the linking dialog window.

Links in the iC Tool are created in two ways:

- using the Link Mark and Link From options from the context menu: the Link Mark option selects the source component, and the Link From option selects the target component. The context menu with the Link Mark and Link From options may be opened in the Workspace Tree, Wire Sheet, and Property Sheet;
- **graphically**: drawing a line from the source component to the target component. The link may be created graphically in the Wire Sheet. In order to create link graphically, click on the source slot, and drag the line to the target slot. The iC Tool automatically highlights the fitting target slots. As the Wire Sheet displays limited number of slots in the component, drawing a line to the empty row opens a dialog window with the list of all slots to select the target slot.



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pplication X					
				 Binary 	/DataPoint
				Out	false [OK]
E.M.				_0 In16	false
T Maxi	mum4_1			1 a	
Status	ОК				أحيريهم
Out	1.00	[≥] Greater	DrEqual	1	
In A	1.00				
In B	null	Status	ок 🦯		
		Out	false		
		In A	1.00		
		In B	3.00		
🗕 🗐 Maxi	mum4_2				
Status	ОК				
Out	3.00				
In A	3.00				
In B	null				

Figure 30. Creating links graphically

A dialog window shows the selected output slot (in the left column) and input slots available to select (in the right column). The available input slots are highlighted in the right column. Selecting the input slot has to be confirmed by pressing Ok.

Creating a link, regardless of a method used, is directly saved to the controller.



Lir	hk	x
Link component slots of compatible data types		
CrosterOrEqual - Source	Disan/DataDoint - Target	
GreaterOrEqual - Source	BinaryDataPoint - Target	
Name	Name status	
status	reference	
inA	description enabled	٧
inB	mode	-
	out inactiveText	
	activeText	٧
	in16	
	object	
	objectid	
	expose	
	address	
	addressFormat	
	inputPriority	
	expose	
	registerType	
	Cancel	

Figure 31. A linking dialog window

Removing Links

A link in the Wire Sheet view can be removed after selecting it and pressing Delete key or choosing a Delete link(s) option from the context menu. If necessary, the remaining links will be automatically redrawn to use the space remaining after the removed one.

3.4.6 Components and Links Characteristics

Every component in the Wire Sheet view has a following look and behavior:

- · Components have headers with icons and components' names.
- Under the component's header, every row represents a single slot with a name, value, and unit.
- Slots hidden by default are not displayed.
- Component may be extended left and right between 5 and 31 grid sections. This allows the component to be adjusted optimally, so all the slots names and their values can be fully visible.

- Component can be moved on the Wire Sheet into any place by clicking and holding a component's header or a middle part of any slot. Releasing the component defines its new location, after which links between this and other components are redrawn.
- Moving of component can be cancelled by pressing an Esc button on the keyboard (before releasing it in the new location).
- Component can also be moved by pressing an Alt key and clicking any part of component. This allows to grab and drag the component also behind the place, where link assigning begins.
- Selected (clicked) component is marked with an orange frame, and is treated by the iC Tool as an object chosen by the user, contrary to the component surrounded by a green frame, which is treated by the iC Tool as a reference (auxiliary) object, not selected.
- A context menu available at right-click provides functions, which can be performed on a component regardless of the view it is displayed in.

Every link in the Wire Sheet view has a following look and behavior:

- Links between components reflect the connections between specific slots of connected components.
- Link guarantees sending the value of source component slot to a target component slot.
- Only one input link can be defined for an input (left) slot.
- Many output links may come out of one output (right) slot.
- Links connecting components from different Wire Sheets are graphically represented as short segments coming in/out of slots ended with a full circle.
- A context menu available under right-click allows to remove a selected link.
- The user has no influence on a link route, i.e. the way it will be drawn, since the process is done automatically.

3.5 **Property Sheet**

A Property Sheet is a tabular view listing all of the selected component's slots, its inferior components, and their slots. The Property Sheet provides information about slots' names, their current values, units, and ranges .

The Property Sheet view allows to select only one component at a time to perform basic functions such as copying, duplicating, and removing.

Each component in the Property Sheet view is displayed in an expandable tree structure. Slots, which values can be edited, are highlighted with a lighter background.



Application1 ×			
192.168.1.52:88 - Application1			
Name	Value	Limits	
► - E Application1			
Status	ок		
Enabled			
Scan Period	200 ms	[100 - 10000]	
Scan Time	1 ms		
→ 🕸 Equipment			
► 🚯 AnalogDataPoint			
 BinaryDataPoint 			
▶ È GreaterOrEqual			
 AnalogDataPoint1 			
→ [r] Counter			
→ [] Counter1			
▶ 💽 Maximum4			
► 💽 Maximum5			
		Cancel	Save
Equipment Manager Wire Sheet Property Sheet			

Figure 32. Property Sheet view

The Property Sheet view shows three columns:

- name of component;
- value;
- limits.

Worth to Notice

The Limits column shows the range of values available for component. If the range of values is unlimited, the field is empty.

3.5.1 Creating Links

The only way of creating a link in the Property Sheet view is using the context menu with the Link Mark and Link From options.

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Equipment ×			
192.168.1.52:88 - Equipment			
Name	Value		
- · Ĝ Fquipment			
► 🚯 AnalogDataPoint			
الله (المعام) BinaryDataPoint			
▶ [≥] GreaterOrEqual			
Counter			
→ Fri 🗎 Add →			
, r ⊕ Views →			
, rs (b) Actions ►			
Сору			
Copy Slots Values			
〇 Duplicate 〇 Delete			
8 Link Mark			
Add extension			
7 Remove extension			
[]] Rename			
🐞 Show Help			
		Cancel Save	
Wire Sheet Property Sheet			

Figure 33. Link Mark option

Equ	Equipment ×			+			
	192.168.1.52:88 - Equipment						
N				Value			
-	🔅 Eq	uipment					
		AnalogDataPoint					
•		BinaryDataPoint					
		e Add	•				
	<u>۲</u> (•				
		Actions	•				
		Сору					
	▶ 🔄	Copy Slots Values					
		Duplicate					
		Delete					
		& Link Mark					
		& Link From 'Counter'	_				
		 Add extension Remove extension 					
		[]] Rename					
		-ŵ́- Show Help					
-						Cancel	Save
Wi	re Sheet	Property Sheet					

Figure 34. Link From option

There is no possibility of removing a link in the Property Sheet view. To remove a link use the Wire Sheet or Object Properties view.

3.5.2 Adding and Removing Components in the Property Sheet

Adding Components

In order to add a new component to the Property Sheet view, drag it from the Device Libraries/Kits window straight to the Property Sheet tab. As the Property Sheet tab can only be opened for a selected component (displaying a plain Property Sheet tab is not possible), the dragged component will always be added as an inferior of the selected component. If the dragged component is dropped in an unoccupied field in the Property Sheet view, it will be added to the main component of this view.

Special Adding of Data Points and Folders in nano EDGE ENGINE Devices

The Workspace Tree window, the Wire Sheet and Property Sheet views offer a special way of adding Data Points and folders (the Folder and Equipment components) to the Application, simply from the context menu. In order to add components this way, right-click in an empty space of the Wire Sheet grid or Property Sheet and choose the Add option from the context menu. In the Workspace Tree special adding of Data Points and folders is available in the context menu of the Application component.

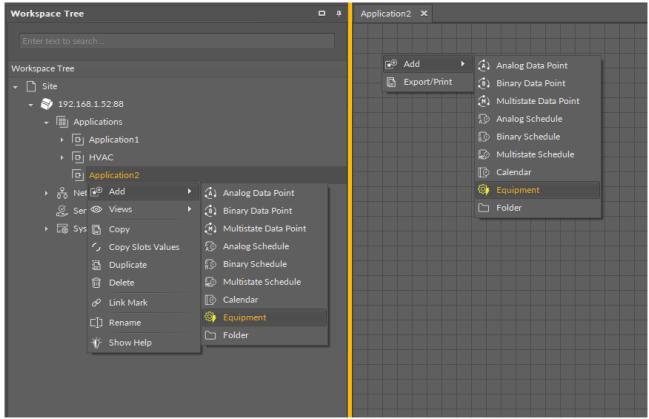


Figure 35. Adding Data Points/folders from the context menu



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Workspace Tree	Application1 ×
	© Equipment
Workspace Tree	Add Analog Data Point
↓ Cite ↓	
	Copy
→ 📾 Applications	Copy Slots Values 😥 Analog Schedule
► ⊡ HVAC	🛱 Duplicate 🕼 Binary Schedule
Application2	🗑 Delete 🔛 Multistate Schedule
✓ ⊡ Application1	🖉 Link Mark 🔯 Calendar
► 🕸 Equipment	Add extension Equipment
▶ 윦 Networ 🐨 Add 🔹 🕨 🏟 Analog Data Point	C Remove extension Folder
炎 Service 👁 Views 🔹 👌 Binary Data Point	[] Rename
🕨 🐻 System 📮 Copy 😧 Multistate Data Point	-\jj⊱ Show Help
😚 192.168.1. 🇘 Copy Slots Values 🛛 😥 Analog Schedule	
🛱 Duplicate 😥 Binary Schedule	
前 Delete 😺 Multistate Schedule	
🔗 Link Mark 🛛 🔯 Calendar	
✓ Add extension	
Remove extension	
[]] Rename	
-∰- Show Help	

Figure 36. Adding Data Points to folders from the context menu

Removing Components

A component selected in the Property Sheet tab can be deleted with a Delete key or a Delete option in the context menu.



4 Settings

4.1 Software Settings

The iC Tool allows to adjust individual settings for a better fit of the working environment to the user's needs. Such settings include, among others, the language interface, number of remembered or recently opened files of the Workspace Tree, and Console settings. The settings are available in the main menu File-> Settings.

Software settings 🗙	+
Parameter Name	Currently Set Value
Language	English (United Kingdom)
Software language	
Recent open files number	10
How many recently opened items will be saved	
Console log level	All logs
Software console log level	
Developer mode	On
Features for developers	
Save console logs	On
Indicates if console logs will be saved to file	
Maximum size of console log file in MB [1-5]	
Maximum size of console log file in MB [1-5]	
Create new log file if max size exceeded	Overwrite
Indicates if new console log file should be created or overwritte	n if old file maximum size was exceeded
Path to the log directory	.\log
Directory where log files will be stored	
Check updates on startup	On
Sets automatic update check during software startup	
Check unsaved apps in devices on closing	On
Shows dialog with possibility to save unsaved applications in de	evices when closing iSMA Tool
iFnet devices time between subscription poll requests in millisec	500
Allows to manage iFnet poll requests frequency [500 - 10000]	



The meaning of particular settings is explained under each setting line, see the figure above. Parameters to set in the Software settings include:

- · language;
- number of recently opened files;
- · Console log level;
- turning on/off developer mode;
- saving logs to a file;
- size of Console log file;
- action upon exceeding maximum log file size;
- · path to the log directory;
- checking updates on startup;
- checking unsaved apps on closing;
- iFnet communication timeout;

- time of iFnet request waiting;
- time between subscription poll requests;
- frequency of iFnet requests.

4.1.1 Language Settings

A default language of the iC Tool is UK English.

The iC Tool allows to change the language in the Software settings view. The language change affects a graphic interface of the iC Tool. After the language is changed, the program needs to be restarted.

If the language is not on the supported languages list, please contact iSMA CONTROLLI Support Team to discuss the options (contact information is available in the About view, opened from the main menu Help -> About).



5 Single Device Functions

The iC Tool offers many functions for handling of components such as copying, duplication, removing, linking, performing actions, etc.

The functionalities described in this section are global, they apply in the following views: the Wire Sheet, Property Sheet, and Workspace Tree window. Individual operation of global functions, separately for each standard view, is described in the Standard Views section.

5.1 Component

A component is the smallest logical and functional unit that requires entering specific data to perform properly.

The component may be, for example, an arithmetic function of adding two numbers, therefore, it requires information about the numbers to be added. These data may be provided, for example, by other components able to read physical universal inputs of a controller, and transfer numeric data to be added.

In various iC Tool views the component is presented differently, showing various information, as depicted on the figures below. In the Wire Sheet view the component is shown as a rectangle with a limited amount of data displayed, and in the Property Sheet view it is a table which lists all component's slots. Some of the slots in the table may be edited directly. More about the Property Sheet view and the Wire Sheet view may be found in the Standard Views section.

Binary	DataPoint	Counter	
Out	true [OK]	Status	ОК
In16	true	Out	1
		In In	true
		Reset	null

Figure 38. Components view in the Wire Sheet



	192.168.1.52:88 - FCU2	
	Value	
- 🕸 FCU2		
+ 🚯 AnalogDataPoint		
👻 🖲 BinaryDataPoint		
-o- Status	ок	
-•- Reference		
Description		
Enabled		
-⊶ Mode		
-o- Out	false [OK]	
Inactive Text		
Active Text		
-•- In16	false	
-⊶- Object	Value	
-•- Object Id		
-∞- Expose		
-•- Address		
-•- Address Format	Decimal	
-•- Input Priority		
-⊷- Expose		
-∞- Register Type	Coil	
ا الحال + الحال + F		

Figure 39. Component's view in the Property Sheet

The component is the main element of application created in a device. Therefore the iC Tool guarantees a standardized way of issuing commands to components. Regardless of whether the component is shown in the Wire Sheet view, Property Sheet view, or Workspace Tree window, operations are performed on it in the same way.

5.1.1 Adding New Component

New components can be added in three windows: the Workspace Tree, Wire Sheet, and Property Sheet. New component is created by:

- duplicating the existing component (using Copy or Duplicate function);
- dragging a new component directly from the Device Libraries/Kits window.

The name of the new component is given automatically; however, it can be changed manually by the user. It is possible to bulk add components of the same type by indicating a number of components to add along with a naming pattern in the dialog box (see more in **Renaming Components**). If several components of different types are added at the same time, the iC Tool will generate unique names to all the components added automatically.



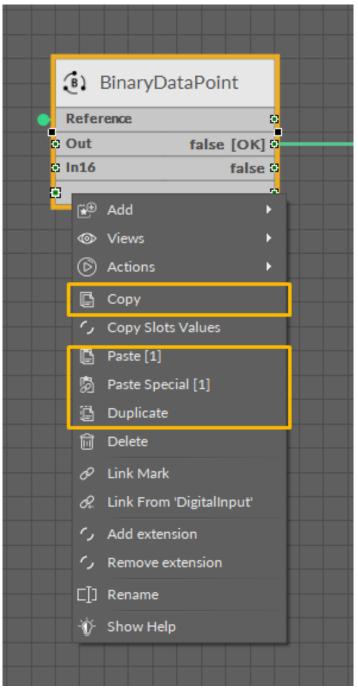


Figure 40. Adding new components - copying/duplicating

Workspace Tree		
Enter text to search		
Workspace Tree		
👻 🗋 Site		
✓		
← IIII Applications		
Application3		
⊁ ⊡ н∨ас		
멸 Application1		
멸 Application2		
ਮ ਨੂੰ Networks		
🖉 Services		
► 🐻 System		
Device Libraries	•	ф.
Device Libraries Enter text to search	•	ф.
Enter text to search	•	д
Enter text to search Equipment Text	•	а -
Enter text to search Equipment Text Core	•	р Р
Enter text to search Text ✓ ಔ Core & Network		, ,
Enter text to search Text 문quipment 도 문 문 Core 운 Network 값) AnalogDataPoint	•	_ ₽
Enter text to search Text ▼ Core & Network AnalogDataPoint □ Application		, ,
Enter text to search Text Equipment Core Sro Network AnalogDataPoint Application Di BinaryDataPoint		A Â
Enter text to search		₽
Enter text to search		₽ Î
Enter text to search		₽ Î
Enter text to search Text Equipment Core		₽ Î
Enter text to search		Ŧ
Enter text to search Text Equipment Core		₽ Î

Figure 41. Adding new components - dragging

Special Adding of Data Points and Folders in nano EDGE ENGINE Devices

The Workspace Tree window, the Wire Sheet and Property Sheet views offer a special way of adding Data Points and folders (the Folder and Equipment components) to the Application, simply from the context menu. In order to add components this way, right-click in an empty space of the Wire Sheet grid or Property Sheet and choose the Add



C ISMACONTROLLI

option from the context menu. In the Workspace Tree special adding of Data Points and folders is available in the context menu of the Application component.

Workspace Tree	•	р	Арр	olicat	tion2	×	
Enter text to search							
Workspace Tree					⊕ Add	ort/Print	 Analog Data Point Binary Data Point
 ↓ Site ↓ ♀ 192.168.1.52:88 							Multistate Data Point Analog Schedule
→ 聞 Applications → 匝 Application1 → 匝 HVAC							Annalog Schedule Binary Schedule Multistate Schedule
P Application2							🕐 Calendar
Ser Image: Ser	 Analog Data Point Binary Data Point Multistate Data Point Analog Schedule Binary Schedule Multistate Schedule Calendar Equipment Folder 						Equipment Folder Folder
-Ŷ́r Show Help Fia	ure 42, Adding Data Points/	J (folde	rs fro	mth		text mer	

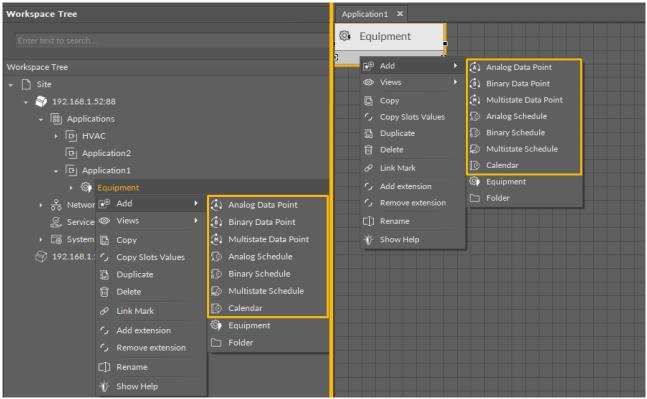


Figure 43. Adding Data Points to folders from the context menu

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5.1.2 Removing Components and Links

Removing Components

Deleting components allows removal of the selected components along with all their inferior components. Deleted components are instantly removed from the application in the device, which provides full synchronization in views and windows: the Property Sheet, Wire Sheet, and Workspace Tree.

Removal is possible after selecting one or more components and pressing a Delete key on the keyboard, with the exception of removing components from the Workspace Tree.

Components' removal from the Workspace Tree with the Delete key has been blocked to prevent removing the main tree elements, such as the main containers or the whole application by mistake. Removing components in the Workspace Tree is possible using the context menu but the removal requires confirming it in a pop-up window.

The above limitations do not include the Property Sheet and Wire Sheet views, where using the Delete key removes selected components instantly.

Removing Links

Removing links is performed automatically after removing the component, which a specific link leads to. It regards both input and output links. There is no need to remove links if a component is removed. However, there are situations when only the link needs to be deleted, without removing the component.

In order to remove the link only, it needs to be selected in the Wire Sheet view and then deleted by the Delete key on the keyboard or from the context menu by choosing a Delete link(s) option.

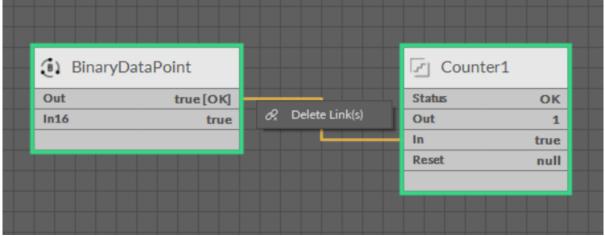


Figure 44. Context menu of a link

5.1.3 Components' Hierarchy

Components may be organized into a hierarchy tree. The component, which has other components below, it is called a superior, and the elements below it–inferior. Hierarchy allows to organize components logically, making some components dependent on others.

In the iC Tool, hierarchy is presented in the Workspace Tree window and on the Property Sheet view as a tree, showing superior elements together with their inferior components placed underneath.



Importantly, the components' hierarchy on the Wire Sheet view is limited to one generation. After opening a superior component, the Wire Sheet view shows a schematic with all the inferior components distributed in the view. The figure below shows an opened superior component, LocalIO, with its inferior components, in the Property Sheet view and in the Wire Sheet view.

Networks 🗙						
192.168.1.52:88 - Networks						
Name	Value	Limits				
← 중 Networks						
🗸 🗸 🐼 Local IO						
-•- Status	ок					
-•- Enabled	true					
-•- Digital Inputs	4 (DI1,DI2,DI3,DI4)					
Digital Outputs	5 (DO1,DO2,DO3,DO4,DO5)					
Universal Inputs	4 (UI1,UI2,UI3,UI4)					
Analog Outputs	3 (AO1,AO2,AO3)					
Triac Outputs	2 (TO1,TO2)					
Fast Poll Frequency	1000 ms	[50 - +max]				
Normal Poll Frequency	000h:00m:05s	[1 - +max]				
Slow Poll Frequency	000h:00m:30s	[1 - +max]				
 AnalogOutput 						
+ 🔞 DigitalInput						
 DigitalInputCounter 						
🕨 🔞 DigitalOutput						
+ 🄄 DipSwitch						
+ 👘 TriacOutput						
► 🤹 UniversalInput						
+ 🗇 BACnet						
► 🗇 Modbus						
	Cai	ncel Save				
Networks Manager Wire Sheet Property Sheet						

Figure 45. Components' hierarchy in the Property Sheet



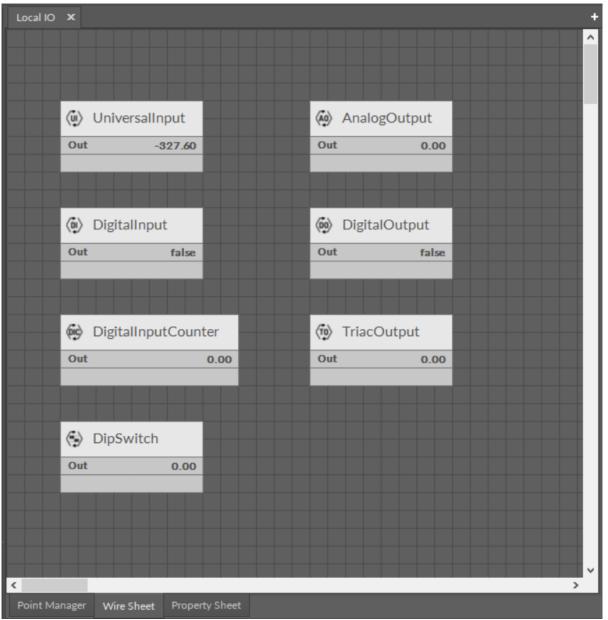


Figure 46. Component's hierarchy in the Wire Sheet (LocallO being the superior component, the inputs and outputs components-inferior)

5.1.4 Copying, Pasting, and Duplication

Copying

Copying in the iC Tool uses a standard Windows clipboard. Copying always includes all inferior/children components of the selected component.

Copying in the iC Tool requires to identify components to be copied by selecting them. When a Copy option or Ctrl+C combination is used, the elements are saved to the Windows clipboard. This allows the Paste option to be used in any moment in the future until the next element is copied, even after the components, which were copied, were deleted because the iC Tool automatically recreates the copied structure by recreating the needed components remembered in the clipboard.

Copying includes all the links created between the copied components. This means that while pasting the links between these components will be recreated. The situation is different for external links (links to components placed under a different parent/superior



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component). A basic Paste function does not support the recreation of external links, this needs the Paste Special function described in the following point.

Worth to Notice:

The iC Tool allows copying only of components; copying and pasting of links alone is impossible. Information about all component's links is stored in the component itself. It means that if a component is copied and pasted, and there is a possibility to recreate its links from a logical point of view, the iC Tool will do it automatically, adding new links between components.

Copying Between Devices

Copying between two controllers is available for nano EDGE ENGINE and Sedona (AAC20) controllers. Before copying components between two controllers, make sure that a target controller (where components will be pasted to) has the same libraries/kits installed as a source controller. Otherwise, a notice window pops up, informing that copying and pasting between two controllers is not feasible.

This function is available from the iC Tool 1.5 version and is independent from a firmware version of the controllers.

Pasting

Copied components may be pasted into a chosen place in the Wire Sheet or Property Sheet views or in the Workspace Tree window, by indicating the pasting place and pressing Ctrl+V, or using the Paste option from the context menu.

Pasting copied components creates new components along with their inferior components and slot settings effective at the moment of copying. The pasted slot values are sourced from the copied component.

Pasting function can be used many times because pasting does not erase the clipboard. The clipboard is wiped after device disconnection.

When pasting a single component, the system will ask for a new component's name (with a highlighted name suggestion and support for bulk naming patterns, see **Renaming Components**) and number of copies to paste, and for a multi-component operation the iC Tool will use a mechanism ensuring that the names will be unique.



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Application	x					
						í liter í
<u>™</u>	aximum4_1					
Status	ОК					
Out	1.00					
In A	1.00					
In B	null	Great	terOrEqual			
		Status	ОК			
		Out	false			
EL M	aximum4_2	In A	1.00			
	aximum+_2	In B	3.00			
Status	ОК					
Out	3.00	J				
In A	3.00	- 🗐 Maximu	m4.3			
In B	null					
		Status	Fault			
		• Out	null			
		In A	null			
		In B	null	Greate	erOrEqual1	
				Status	Fault	
				Out	null 🗖	
		- 🗐 Maximu	m4.4	In A	null	
				In B	null	
		Status	Fault			
		 Out 	null -			
		In A	null			
		In B	null			
						>

Figure 47. Copied and pasted components

Special Pasting

An expanded version of the Paste function is called Paste Special (available in the context menu); its aim is to recreate external links for copied components.

External links will be recreated only if all the below requirements are met:

- using the Paste Special, not the Paste command from the context menu;
- components copied to the clipboard have external input links;
- an external component, which an external input link is recreated for, still exists.

Application X						
— 🗐 Maximu	1m4_1					
Status	ОК					
Out	1.00					
In A	1.00					
In B	null					
		≧_ Greater	DrEqual			
		Status	ОК			
		Out	false			
	um 4 - 2	In A	1.00			
Maximu	1m4_2	In B	3.00			
Status	ОК					
Out	3.00					
In A	3.00					
In B	null	Maximu	m4_3			
		Status	ОК			
		Out	1.00	-		
		In A	1.00			
		In B	null			
				[≥_ GreaterO	rEqual1	
				Status	ОК	
				Out	false 🛛	
				In A	1.00	
		🗕 🔄 Maximu	m4_4	In B	3.00	
		Status	ок		0.00	
		Out	3.00			
		In A	3.00			
		In B	null			
			nun			
			cial pasted compor			>

Figure 48. Special pasted component

Duplication

A Duplication method is used for a quick replication of a selected component along with its values. The slot values for the duplicated component are rewritten from the source component.

Additionally, the duplication does not disturb what was copied by using Copy and Paste functions, i.e., it does not overwrite what is contained in the clipboard.

Duplication can be performed by key combination Ctrl+D or from the context menu function.



Applic	cation1 ×						+
							^
	🗐 Maximu	m 4 1					
	Status	ОК					
	Out	1.00	☐ 🔄 Greater	OrEqual			
	In A	1.00					
	In B	null	In A	1.00			
			In B	3.00			
			Out	false			
	 Maximu	m 4 2					
	Status	ОК					
	Out	3.00		Im 4 3			
	In A	3.00		111_ -			
	In B	null	Status	ОК			
			Out	1.00	[≥] GreaterC)rEqual1	
			In A	1.00	I Oreatere	requart	
			In B	null	In A	1.00	
					In B	3.00	
					Out	false	
			— 🗐 Maximu	Im 4.4			
				,,,,_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
			Status	ОК			
			Out	3.00			
			In A	3.00			
			In B	null			
			L				
							٧
<						>	

Figure 49. Duplicated component

5.1.5 Linking Components

A link is a way of exchanging data between components. It connects components between which the data are transferred. The link identifies, which parameter is taken into account on both sides of the connection. This allows to show the data flow direction, i.e., where a specific parameter is read and where it is saved.

The Wire Sheet view shows the link as a line connecting two components. The Workspace Tree window and the Property Sheet view do not show information about existing links at all.

Views designed to check links for a specific component are the Wire Sheet view and the Links tab in the Object Properties window.

Linking in the iC Tool may be performed in two ways:

- Reference linking (available only for nano EDGE ENGINE devices, described in details below) and
- standard linking method, which involves simple creating links between the input and output slots; a standard link will transfer a value between the connected slots.

The Reference linking method is unique for the nano EDGE ENGINE devices. Is it designed to link Data Points with network points, and it offers much more advantage than the standard linking method.

The **Reference link** is a special compound link designed to connect Data Points with network points. The Reference link is created between special Reference slots and transfers values along with the component's status. Alternatively, it may transfer values between Data Points and network points at the same time returning status from network points to Data Points, or it may return values from network points to Data Points. As network points are situated in the Networks container and Data Points are situated in the Applications container, Reference links are created using the Link Mark and Link From options from the context menu, and they are created between the tabs (or, for example, between the Application tab and the network points expanded in the Workspace Tree window). Either way the Reference link between tabs is displayed in the Wire Sheet as a bubble connected to the component's Reference slot.

Workspace Tree A	Equipment X
Enter text to search	🚯 AnalogDataPoint
	3 Out 0.00 [OK] 3
Workspace Tree	1 In16 0.00 3
👻 🗋 Site	
→ 192.168.1.52:88	E® Add ►
→ 闘 Applications	⊚ Views ►
— → ⊡ Application1	
	🕒 Сору
(Å) AnalogDataPoint	Copy Slots Values
- ▶ ⊡ HVAC	🛱 Duplicate
 [I] Application2	Delete
 [] Application3	Ø Link Mark
	🖉 Link From 'UniversalInput'
+	✓ Add extension
~ ⊎∕ AnalogOutput</td <td>Remove extension</td>	Remove extension
(iii) UniversalInput	
ji @iviews ►	[]] Rename
🐨 📮 Copy	🚯 Show Help
(i) ← Copy Slots Values	
 ⟨₀⟩ □ Duplicate 	
(ay) ag Dapinate (a) m Delete	
→ 🗇 BAC 🖉 Link Mark	
Add extension	
Services , Remove extension	
▶ 🐻 System []] Rename	
∛Ŭ∕- Show Help	
Eizen 60. Lieb March Lie	

Figure 50. Link Mark-Link From options

The basic and exceptional feature of the Reference links is the fact that they are made to **transfer the value along with the component's status**. This feature gives a major advantage and translates to substantially enhanced functionality of linking. The fact of transferring the Status along with component's value is exceptionally important for the functionality of Data Points. Data Points are central elements in the nano EDGE ENGINE applications, and they represent values in applications on the Wire Sheet. Therefore,

ismacontrolli

displaying network point's status makes the Data Point much more informative, and allows to display this important information directly in the Wire Sheet.

Data Point and the Input-type Network Point Links

If the Data Point is linked with the input-type network point, the Reference link transfers the network point's value and status to the Data Point (if the Data Point has a priorities array extension added, there is also the option to set the Input Priority slot in the network point, which defines the input priority in the Data Point receiving the value from the network point). In this variant, the Reference link is unidirectional, and provides the information about the change of value and the network point's status.

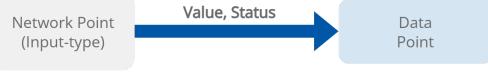


Figure 51. Data Point and the input-type network point links

If the Data Point is linked with the output-type network point (or network points), it offers even more advantages.

Data Point and the Output-type Network Point Links

First of all, in such case the Reference link behaves bidirectionally. It transfers the value from the Data Point to the network point, and in turn it informs whether the value has been correctly received by the network point by sending back the network point's status. This hugely advantageous feature allows to instantly identify that at least one of the linked network points has gone into the fault status.



Application	x		Object Properties		•
			AnalogOutput [Library.IO]		
			Set Main Links		
	() AnalogDataPoint		Name	Value	
•	Reference	#16	▼ COMPONENT		
	Out -327.60		Status	ок	
	In16 -3	27.60	Reference		
			Description		
			Input Priority	None	
			Polling Mode	Normal	
			Enabled	true	
			Out	-327.60	
			Units	mV	
			Scale	1.00	
			Offset	0.00	
			Address		
			Туре	0-10V	
<					
	Figure 52. Output-ty	/pe network point (st	atus OK) referenced to the	Data Point	

Figure 52. Output-type network point (status OK) referenced to the Data Point



Application	x	Object Properties	•
		AnalogOutput [Library.IO]	
		Set Main Links	
	(i) AnalogDataPoint	Name	Value
	Reference #16 Out -327.60 [Error]	Status	Fault
	In16 -327.60	Reference	
		Description	
		Input Priority	None
		Polling Mode	Normal
		Enabled	true
		Out	null
		Units	mV
		Scale	1.00
		Offset	0.00
		Address	0
		Туре	0-10V
<	Figure 52 Output two notwork point in the Fault status		

Figure 53. Output-type network point in the Fault status returning an Error status to the referenced Data Point

 Another innovative feature of the Reference linking is that the Reference link is able not only to return status from the network point but also to return its value. The network point's slot, Input Priority, is designed to identify the Data Point's priority, which the network point will transfer its value back to. For example, if the network point's Input Priority slot is set to In16, it will transfer its value back to the Data Point's 16th priority slot. In turn, if this value is the highest priority for the Data Point, it can distribute it to all network points linked with the Reference link. This way, if there are more output-type network points linked with the Data Point, and one of them changes its value and sends it back to the Data Point, thanks to the bidirectional Reference link, the Data Point can synchronize values in all linked network points.

Note: The difference between the two possible options for linking Data Points with output-type network points is derived from the network point's **Input Priority slot**. In the first scenario, the network point does not have the Input Priority set to any value, therefore, it cannot return a value back to the Data Point. In the second option, the

network point has the Input Priority slot set and it reacts to the change of value–if the network point's value is changed, it is automatically sent back to the Data Point by the Reference link, and is updated on the defined input priority.

Priorities Array Extension

Setting the network point's Input Priority slot is effective providing that the Data Point has the priorities array extension added. The Data Point is available in its basic version with one input slot (In16), however, it can be expanded by another 15 writable input slots with the priorities array extension (available at the right-click on the Data Point). If the Data Point has 16 writable slots, setting the Input Priority slot in the network point defines the Data Point's input receiving the value from the output-type network point over the Reference link. If the Data Point remains in its basic version, setting the Input Priority slot in the network point has no actual effect, and the value is sent to the 16th input priority in the Data Point.

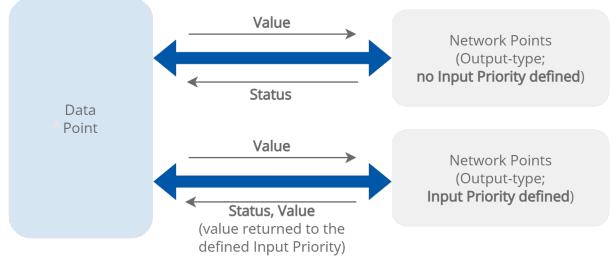


Figure 54. The Reference links between the Data Point and output-type network points

Application ×						4
	AnalogOutput [Library.IO]		AnalogOutput [Library.IO]		AnalogOutput [Library.IO]	2
(AnalogDataPoint						Value
Reference #16					- COMPONENT	
						ок
In16 118475584.00	Reference		Reference		Reference	
Second						
						None
			Polling Mode		Polling Mode	Normal
						true
						10000.00
						mV 🔶
						1.00
	Offset					0.00
						3
						0-10V
<		Value scaled to the output	t's type distributed f	rom the data point to 3 referen	ced analog outputs	

Figure 55. Values distributed from the Data Point to the referenced output-type network points

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Application ×			Object Properties 4
	AnalogOutput [Library.IO]	AnalogOutput1 [Library.IO]	AnalogOutput2 [Library.IO]
	Set	Set	Set
AnalogDataPoint	Main Links Name	Main Links Name Step 4. The value from the A	Main Links DP's highest Value
Reference #15 Out 7.00 #In15 [OK] In16 1184755,000	Statu:	COMPONENT Status Status	d AOs
	Reference	Reference	Reference Description
	Input Priority In15	Description	Input Priority None
	Polling Mode Normal	Polling Mode Normal	Polling Mode Normal
	Enabled true	Enabled 🤟 true	Enabled 🔶 true
Step 3. New value	Out 7.00	Out 7.00	Out 7.00
transferred to ADP's In15	Units A mV	Units mV	Units mV
	Scale	Scale 1.00	Scale 1.00
	Offset Step 2. Change of AO's Out slot	Offset 0.00	Offset 0.00
	Addre value to 7	Address 2	Address 3
	Type 0-10V	Type 0-10V	Type 0-10V
4			

Figure 56. Value sent back to the specified input priority in the Data Point and distributed to remaining referenced output-type network points

Creating Links

The iC Tool allows to link only the fitting slots, making creation of a faulty link impossibleonce the source slot is selected, only the fitting target slots are highlighted.



l l	Link ×
Link component slots of compatible data types	
UniversalInput - Source	AnalogDataPoint - Target
Name	Name
status	status
reference	reference
description	description
inputPriority	enabled
pollingMode	out
enabled	units
out	in16
units	object
scale	objectid
offset	expose
address	in1
type	in2
filterTime	in3
resolution	in4
	in5
	in6
	in7
	in8 🗸
	Cancel
	Caller

Figure 57. Reference linking dialog window

Links in the iC Tool are created in two ways:

- Using the Link Mark and Link From options from the context menu: the Link Mark option selects the source component, and the Link From option selects the target component. The context menu with the Link Mark and Link From options may be opened in the Workspace Tree, Wire Sheet, and Property Sheet.
- **Graphically**: drawing a line from the source component to the target component. The link may be created graphically in the Wire Sheet. In order to create link graphically, click on the source slot, and drag the line to the target slot. The iC Tool automatically highlights the fitting target slots. As the Wire Sheet displays limited number of slots in the component, drawing a line to the empty row opens a dialog window with the list of all slots to select the target slot.

pplication ×					
				A a	
				(1) Binar	yDataPoint
				Out	false [OK]
🚽 🔤 Maxi	mum4 1			<mark>0 In16</mark>	false
				,	
Status	ОК			1	
Out	1.00	[≥] Greater	OrEqual	1	
In A	1.00			/	
In B	null	Status	ок 🖊		
		Out In A	false		
			1.00 3.00		
			3.00		
— 🗐 Maxi	mum4_2				
Status	ОК				
Out	3.00				
In A	3.00				
In B	null				
					>

Figure 58. Creating links graphically

5.2 Actions

Actions are the most commonly used functions performed on a specific component, such as setting a new value or resetting a counter.

Available actions depend on the component type. It is possible to access them as follows:

• Pressing the Actions option on the context menu of a component;

Workspace Tree	ņ
Workspace Tree	
→ 🗋 Site	
→ 💱 192.168.1.52:88	
→ B B Applications	
+ ⊡ HVAC	
[] Application2	
← ⊡ Application1	
← logipment	
 AnalogDataPoint 	
BinaryDataPoint	
Padd ►	
רָדַן ⊚ Views ►	
Image: Figure 1 Image: Section 5 Image: Section 5	
ि 🖸 Copy 🗘 Settd	
国 く Copy Slots Values く SetAddress	
Ketworks B Duplicate C EmergencyOverrideActive	
Services Delete	
 System & Link Mark EmergencyAuto 	
S 192.168.1.53:1 C Add extension C OverrideActive	
C Remove extension C OverrideInactive	
CI] Rename	
الله کې	

Figure 59. Accessing actions from the context menu

• Pressing the actions button available in the Object Properties window after selecting the required component.

Object Properties	5			4	Þ
BinaryDat [Library.Co					
Set	SetId	SetAddress	EmergencyOver	rideActive	
EmergencyOverride	elnactive	EmergencyAuto	OverrideActive	OverrideInactive	
OverrideAuto					
Main Links					
Name		Value			
✓ Component					
Status		ок			
Reference					
Description					
Enabled					
Mode		Value			
Out		false #In16 [Ok	4		
Inactive Text		false			
Active Text					
In16		false			
	cnet Bina	ry Point			
Object		Value			
Object Id					
Expose					
✓ Extension: Bir	nary Prior	ities			

Figure 60. Accessing actions in the Object Properties window

If the action requires entering parameters in the component, for example, setting values, the iC Tool will ask for values on a separate pop-up window.

5.3 Renaming Components

A Rename option selected on the component's context menu allows changing its name. The Rename pattern defines how the new name for components will be generated. It can include some constant literals with special placeholders embedded.

Workspace Tree		
👻 🗋 Site		
	88	
→ 闘 Application	IS	
► िा HVAC		
[단] Applica	ation2	
← 匠 Applica	ation1	
- ∛©∳ Εqι		
	AnalogDataPoint	
	BinaryDataPoint	
_	i∰ Add	*
	I views	*
	Actions	>
	🕒 Сору	
	Copy Slots Values	
। स्टे Networks	Duplicate	
🖉 Services	前 Delete	
► 🕞 System	🖉 Link Mark	
☞ 192.168.1.53:1	Add extension	
	✓ Remove extension	
	[]] Rename	
	-̀©́- Show Help	

Figure 61. Renaming components

5.4 Reordering Components (Only for Sedona-based Devices)

While working in the iC Tool, the order of components under a parent component is automatically set based on the ID number. The user sees components in the order they were added to the application and there is no need to change the order to ensure proper work of the controller.

Building a text interface for the LCD display controller is an exception. In this case the order of components allowing to show text information on the LCD display is important. The order of components is the basis of the look (order) of information shown on LCD display.

In the iC Tool it is possible to define the order of components within a parent the following way:

In the Workspace Tree or Property Sheet view, or the Driver view (each view where the components are shown) select a component (parent) with children (other components), which will have their order changed. On the figure below the component (parent) is Local_DI.

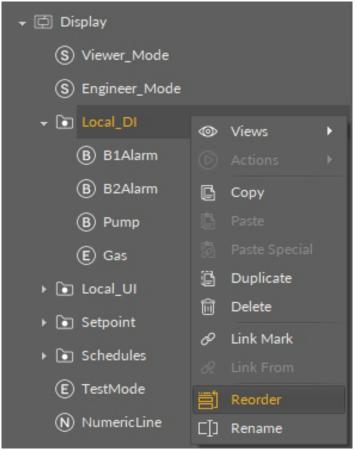


Figure 62. Reordering components from a context menu

Choose a Reorder option from the context menu, which results in opening a pop-up window allowing the order to be changed. On the figure below the Pump component is being reordered. It is moved by drag&drop to the beginning of the list.



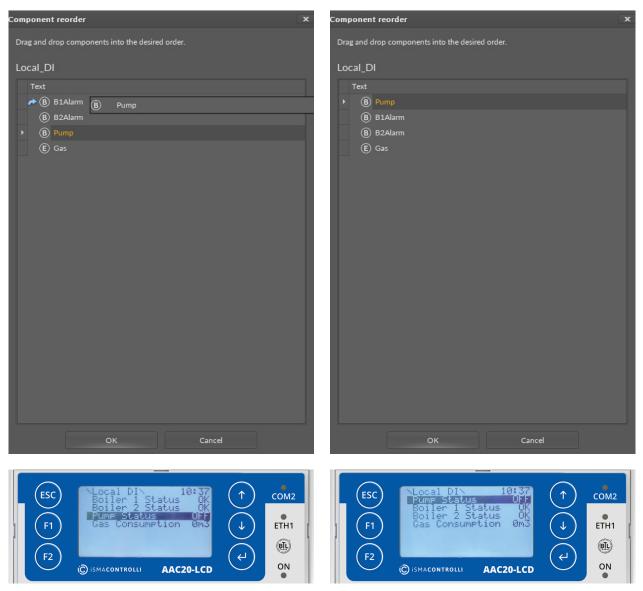


Table 2. Reordering components effective on the AAC20 LCD display

Warning!

In case of using the Reorder function on a childless component, the same Reorder function will be used for the parent of the selected component. This allows using the Reorder function by selecting one of the components which will be reordered (provided it has no children).

When the components order changes are done, they need to be confirmed in a pop-up window by clicking an OK button. New order of the components is instantly sent to the controller, which is also illustrated with the order change in the Workspace Tree and other views showing components.

5.5 Context Menu

A basic way of initiating global functions is using a context menu opened on the components of interest.

The context menu is displayed after selecting a component or link and right-clicking it.

The context menu content depends on the type of object, which has been selected. The menu's content will be different for one component or link, different after selecting many components or many links, and different when components and links are selected together at the same time.

Only active options are displayed in the menu, for example, if no component or values have been copied, the Paste option will not be displayed.

The options available in the context menu for a component are the following:

- Add: allows to add a component (Analog Data Point, Binary Data Point, Equipment, or Folder) in the Applications container (option inactive in other containers);
- Views: allows to display component's data in one of the defined standard views (Wire Sheet, Property Sheet), or in other views if they are available for a particular component;
- Actions: shows a list of actions that may be evoked for the given component (such as Override or Set actions);
- **Copy:** (shortcut Ctrl+C) remembers and copies a selected component along with all its properties, settings, and links information;
- Copy Slots Values: copies all slots values from a selected component (without links) (active only for the nano EDGE ENGINE devices);
- **Paste:** (shortcut Ctrl+V) pastes a previously remembered component into a specific place and possibly recreates internal links;
- **Paste Special:** same as the Paste option, plus recreating of incoming external links, if possible;
- **Paste Slots Values:** pastes previously copied slots values to a component of the same type as the source component, for example, slots are copied from the Loop component and pasted into another Loop component (active only for the nano EDGE ENGINE devices);
- Duplicate: (shortcut Ctrl+D) duplicates the selected components in the same location;
- Delete: (shortcut Del) removes the selected components;
- Link Mark: allows to define the component from which a link will be led;
- Link From: allows to define the component to which a link will be led;
- Add extension: allows to add an available extension to a component (active only for nano EDGE ENGINE devices);
- **Remove extension:** removes a component's extension (active only for nano EDGE ENGINE devices);
- **Reorder:** allows to reorder components in the Workspace Tree (active only for Sedona devices);
- Rename: allows to change a component's name;
- Show Help: opens a help online web page for a selected component (active only for nano EDGE ENGINE devices).

The figure below shows the context menu, which appears after right-clicking a single component. Options Paste and Paste Special are inactive because a Copy option has not been used. Similarly, Link From option is inactive because the source component for a link has not been defined by a Link Mark option.



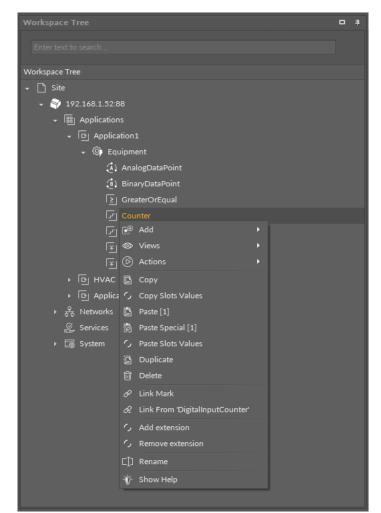


Figure 63. Context menu of a single component

For links, the context menu appears after right-clicking a link. Apart from removing it, no other operation can be performed on a link.

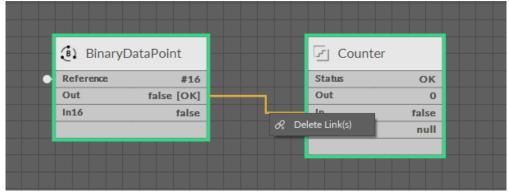


Figure 64. Context menu of a link

After selecting many components or mixed objects (component with link) most of the options are inactive because the iC Tool cannot perform operations on many objects simultaneously. Options available in this case will be Copy, Copy Slots Values, Duplicate, and Delete, which will be performed on all selected objects.

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(i) BinaryDataPoint	Counter
Reference s	Status OK
© Out false [OK] ©	Out 4
c In16 false c	In false
Add →	Reset null
🔓 Сору	
Copy Slots Values	
Paste [1]	
🖏 Paste Special [1]	
🛱 Duplicate	
🕅 Delete	
& Link Mark	
ℋ Link From 'DigitalInput'	
C Add extension	
C Remove extension	
[]] Rename	
-∭ Show Help	
Figure 65. Context menu of multiple	components

Figure 65. Context menu of multiple components

6 Navigation and Windows

6.1 iC Tool Windows

A structure of the iC Tool is based on widows with varying functionalities, which altogether allows for user-friendly programming of devices. The basic structure of windows is shown on the figure below.

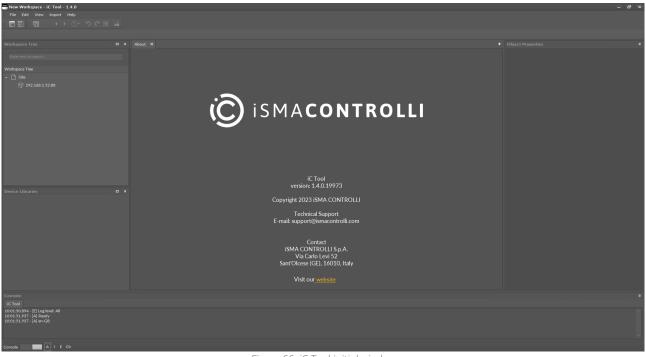


Figure 66. iC Tool initial window

The above look presents an initial set of iC Tool widnows. Next opening and updates of the program will remember the window settings changed by the user in accordance with his preferences.

In the default settings of the iC Tool, the upper left side of the screen is occupied by a Workspace Tree window. Below is a Device Libraries/Kits window showing current libraries/kits of a connected device. Central part of the screen is occupied by a Main screen, a space where the application's views are shown on tabs, which is discussed further. After the iC Tool is opened, the Main screen shows program information shown on the figure above. On the right side of the Main screen there is an Object Properties window. A Console window is by default minimized. It is accessible as an expandable tab in the bottom left corner of the iC Tool.

Additionally, besides the mentioned windows, the iC Tool screen shows a menu and a toolbar, a window with component path, and a capacity identifier.

The window with an component path is by default set below the main menu and toolbar. It can be moved to the bottom, or to the left or right margin by changing the path text to the vertical one.

The suggested window position in the iC Tool can be modified freely by dragging, resizing, and fixing views relative to each other.



6.1.1 Start Screen for nano EDGE ENGINE Devices

About X Info X	+
WULTITHREADING APPLICATIO for an efficient resources manages responding lighting applications come temperature control appl WEADER PROVIDE READY FOR BMS integration thanks to Data Points automatically exposed	gement from fast s to less demanding
Device Name: RAC18-IP	I/O: AO: 3 DO: 5 TO: 2 UI: 4 DI: 4
Status: Running	Interfaces: Serial: 1 Ethernet: 1
Current Time: 2022.04.05 13:13:14	Uptime: 00:41:30
CPU Load: 8%	Available Datapoints: 149

Figure 67. iC Tool start screen

Once the iC Tool connects with a nano EDGE ENGINE device, a start screen is displayed. It provides basic information about:

- device name;
- |/();
- status;
- interfaces;
- current time;
- uptime;
- CPU load;
- available Data Points.

No specific start screen is displayed when connecting to a Sedona based device.

6.2 Windows Adjustment

The iC Tool allows a completely free setting of the views and windows. Free distribution allows specific windows to be visible non-stop or hide automatically. These settings apply to the windows such as the Workspace Tree, Device Libraries/Kits, or Object Properties. It is possible to move the window outside of the iC Tool software to the other connected screen–the only exception here is the Main screen window, which cannot be moved to the other connected screen.



To move any window into another part of the screen, it needs to be grabbed by the header and dragged into a new location. The figure below shows moving of the Device Libraries window. While moving the window, special controls appear to facilitate proper placing of the window in relation to the remaining windows in the view.

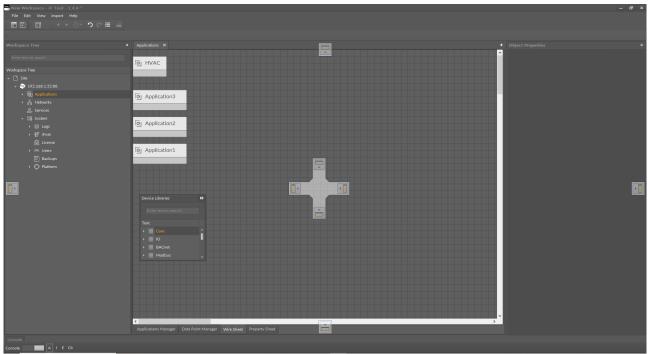


Figure 68. Windows adjustment controls

As a result of changing the windows position, it is possible to adjust them according to individual needs. On the figure below, the Workspace Tree window has been moved above the Main screen, and the Device Libraries window has changed its position from the left side to the right.

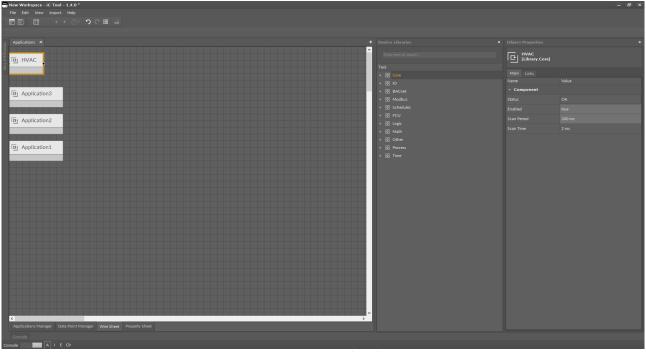


Figure 69. Rearranged windows



The iC Tool offers a quick extension of the Main screen to the whole area thanks to automatic minimizing of the remaining windows. To temporarily enlarge the Main screen, press the Hide panels icon (third one from the right) on the toolbar under the main menu, as it is depicted on the figures below showing the iC Tool before and after the enlargement of Main screen. In order to restore the full view of all windows, either press the icon again or press the next Restore previous panels set icon.

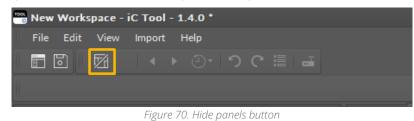


Figure 71. Temporarily enlarged main screen

👸 New Worksp	pace - iC Tool - 1.4.0 *
File Edit	View Import Help
	III III 🔹 🕨 🕑 👘 🥲 🖬

Figure 72. Restore previous panels set button

6.3 Console and Logs

The Console is a window where the iC Tool informs the user about the application status and its operations. By default, the Console window is minimized. It is accessible as an expandable tab in the bottom left corner of the iC Tool.



Image:	- 8
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B Core B Apple Color	
B Core D Application	
B Core D Application	
t 28 Core De Appleation	
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B Core D Apple March	
Di Application	
Applications Manager Data Point Manager Wire Sheet Property Sheet	

Figure 73. Accessing console in the bottom left corner of the view

While performing user's tasks or processes such as object removal or establishing connection with a controller, the Console window shows the logs of what is being performed at the moment.

The basic concept in the iC Tool is that the Console shows all detailed messages, while only some of them are additionally displayed as a pop-up window.

Console
iC Tool
12:40:45.103 - [A] All: Docking panels was updated to the newest version
12:40:45.103 - [E] Log level: All
12:40:48.178 - [A] Ready
12:40:48.178 - [A] en-GB
12:41:50.438 - [I] Connecting device 192.168.1.52:88 connected (2.2482267 s)
12:45:13.348 - [I] Important: Are you sure you want to remove this device?
12:45:13.348 - [I] Disconnecting device 192.168.1.52:88 disconnected
12:45:13.371 - [E] Cannot disconnect device Object reference not set to an instance of an object.
12:46:13.870 - [I] Connecting device 192.168.1.52:88 connected (2.1400700 s)

Figure 74. Console view

The Console window contents are automatically saved in the log file to store the information for a longer period of time. It is therefore possible to open the log file for a later analysis using any text editor. The log files are by default saved in the log folder. Both the name of the folder for saving logs and its location may be changed by defining a path in the Settings (see the description further in this section).

The iC Tool allows to define the size of a single log file, as well as the course of conduct after exceeding the maximum log file size. The file size may be from 1 MB to 5 MB (by default it is 3 MB), and there are two possible courses of conduct after exceeding the maximum log file size:

- · creating a new log file and keeping previous files;
- complete wiping of the actual log file and start recording again.

The above settings can be modified in the Software settings in the main menu File -> Settings.

Software settings 🗙				
	Parameter Name	Currently Se	t Value	
	Language	English (United Kingdom)		
	Software language			
	Recent open files number	10		
	How many recently opened items will be saved			
	Console log level	All logs		
	Software console log level			
	Developer mode		Off	
	Features for developers			
	Save console logs		On	
	Indicates if console logs will be saved to file			
	Maximum size of console log file in MB [1-5]			
	Maximum size of console log file in MB [1-5]			
	Create new log file if max size exceeded		Overwrite	
	Indicates if new console log file should be created or overwritten if old file maximum size was exceeded			
	Path to the log directory	.\log		
	Directory where log files will be stored			
	Check updates on startup		On	
	Sets automatic update check during software startup			
	Check unsaved apps in devices on closing		On	
	Shows dialog with possibility to save unsaved applications in devices when closing iSMA Tool			
	iFnet devices time between subscription poll requests in milliseconds	500		
	Allows to manage iFnet poll requests frequency [500 - 10000]			

Figure 75. Available Console and logs settings

All settings applicable to logs and the Console window are the following:

- **Console log level:** a filter defining a kind of logs to be displayed in the Console window (the listed options provide the same result as given by the letter filter, D, A, I, and E, available at the bottom of the Console window);
- **Developer mode:** allows hiding/showing of the D filter–Debug button in the Console window;
- Save console logs: turns on/off recording of the log to a file saved on a hard drive;
- · Maximum size of console logs file: defines the maximum size of the log file;
- Create new log file if max size exceeded: a switch defining how the system acts after exceeding the maximum log file size;
- Path to the log directory: allows defining of the log file saving location.

6.3.1 iC Tool Log Viewer

The iC Tool allows to view its log file saved on the hard drive. To see the iC Tool logs, go to the main menu, click the View option, and then the Log Viewer option.



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Figure 76. Accessing the Log Viewer

The Log Viewer opens in the Main screen. Once the listed log file is double-clicked, it is opened in a default .txt program.

Log	Modification Date		Creation Date		
iCToolLogFile.txt	25/03/2022 13:09:27		25/03/2022 12:23	:01	
		_			
🧾 iCToolLogFile — Notatnik				- 🗆	×
Plik Edycja Format Widok Pomo	ос				
25.03.2022 12:23:01.304 -					^
25.03.2022 12:23:05.460 -		workspace	change		
25.03.2022 12:23:05.468 -					- 15
25.03.2022 12:23:08.852 -		ded			
25.03.2022 12:23:09.507 - 25.03.2022 12:23:09.509 -					
25.03.2022 12:23:10.074 -		es for ic	Tool		
25.03.2022 12:32:37.921 -				cations.	
Save changes before quit?					
25.03.2022 12:33:27.683 -	[A] All: Docking panels	was update	d to the newest	t version	
25.03.2022 12:33:27.732 -					
25.03.2022 12:33:29.241 -		workspace	change		
25.03.2022 12:33:29.242 -					
25.03.2022 12:33:30.420 -		ded			
25.03.2022 12:33:30.739 -	2 3				
25.03.2022 12:33:30.740 - 25.03.2022 12:35:23.085 -		ion			
25.03.2022 12:35:23.141 -			:88		
25.03.2022 12:35:25.650 -					
25.03.2022 12:35:26.721 -			1		~
	Lin 1, kol 1	100%	Windows (CRLF)	UTF-8	
			. ,		

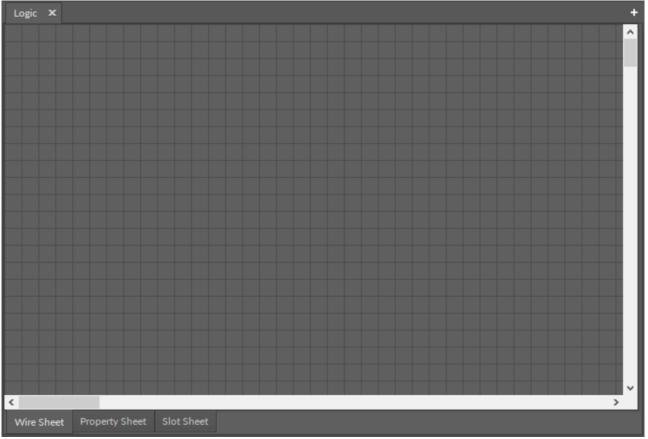
Figure 77. iC Tool logs file

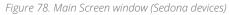
6.4 Main Screen

The main workspace (Main Screen), where the application is created, is the middle, biggest window of the iC Tool. Here, the functional views are available in tabs: the Wire Sheet, Property Sheet, and Slot Sheet (only for Sedona devices).

Navigating between many views in the Main Screen is performed by selecting a proper tab placed at the bottom of the window.









	^
C Equipment Manager Wire Sheet Property Sheet	>

Figure 79. Main Screen window (nano EDGE ENGINE devices)

To show the component data in the Main screen it is necessary to:

- Double-click a component of interest, which opens in the Main Screen; once the user opens and saves a view for a component, it is remembered, and next time the component is opened in the Main Screen last-remembered view.
- Open the context menu of a component, hover over the Views option, and choose a required view from the menu. For most components in nano EDGE ENGINE devices, there are two views available: the Wire Sheet and the Property Sheet; for Sedona devices there are three available views: the Wire Sheet, Property Sheet, and Slot Sheet.

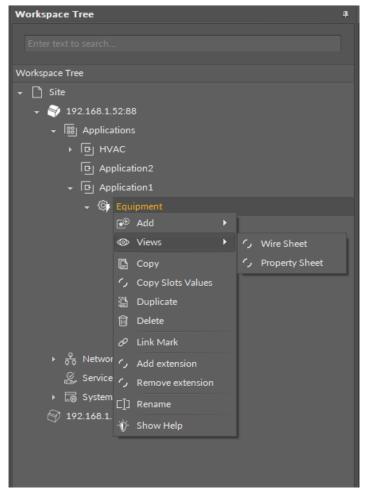


Figure 80. Context menu views options (for the nano EDGE ENGINE device)

6.4.1 Switching Between Tabs

Once the view is opened in the Main screen, switching between views is possible by selecting a proper tab in the bottom part of the window. The change of view is automatically remembered as a view dedicated for a particular component type.

In case one component is opened, choosing another component to edit (using methods described above) replaces all views with data saved earlier for the newly opened component. The default view is the one, which was used recently, or is set by default for the type of component opened.

In order to avoid replacing the data in the tabs, there is a concept of a workspace environment–a new tab, allowing to work on a few components independently, without switching the data in the tabs. To open another, independent tab, use key combination–Ctrl+T, or press an icon +, available in the right corner of the tabs bar in the upper part of the Main Screen window.

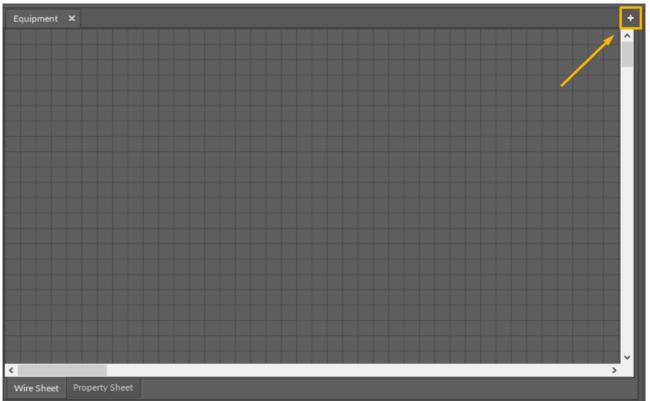


Figure 81. Opening an independent tab

6.5 Object Properties

The Object Properties window shows specific information about a selected element: a device, component, or link. It allows a quick preview and editing of a selected element's data without the need for switching, or closing, the current view in the iC Tool. The object can be selected in any view and the Object Properties window will show its detailed information.

The view and contents of the Object Properties window may differ depending on the selected element. The look of Object Properties window is described in this section, depending on the type of the object selected.

The Object Properties window, as any other window in the iC Tool, may be freely moved around the screen and mounted in other windows, which allows to adjust the window to the user's preferences. It is also possible to place the Object Properties window on another connected screen if the user is working on multiple computer monitors.





Figure 82. nano EDGE ENGINE device in the Object Properties window

6.5.1 Links Tab in Object Properties

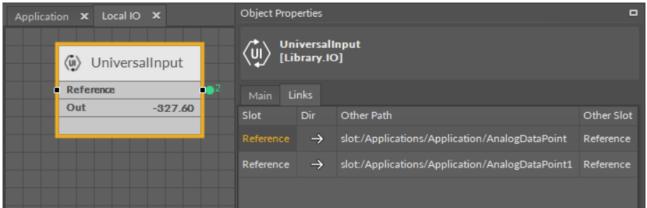
A Links Tab view is a view showing a list of all links incoming and outgoing of the selected component in the Object Properties view. The link's full location path is displayed in the Links tab, including the name of the target slot.

This view is a dynamic one, and it is updated constantly by downloading data directly from the device.

The figure below shows the component selected in the Wire Sheet view. The Object Properties window has instantly shown all its links in the Links tab.



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Each link in the Link tab has the context menu available with the following options:

- **Go to link:** go to the Wire Sheet tab of the parent of the target component;
- Go to component: go to the Property Sheet tab of the target component;
- · Delete link: remove a chosen link.

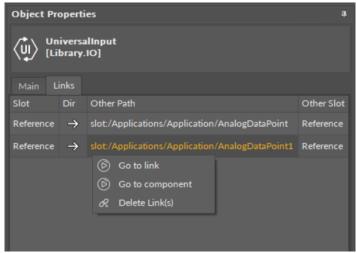


Figure 84. Context menu in the Links tab

6.5.2 Object Properties in Developer Mode

The Object Properties window may provide advanced data such as a component ID, version of a component's library, and other technical data useful to an advanced user. These data are available in the Info tab, which appears in the Object Properties window after switching on the Developer Mode in the iC Tool settings. To switch on the Developer Mode, go to the main menu File > Settings; the Developer Mode is switched on by toggling in the Settings window.



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Software settings 🗙	+
Parameter Name	Currently Set Value
Language	English (United Kingdom)
Software language	
Recent open files number	10
How many recently opened items will be saved	
Console log level	All logs
Software console log level	
Developer mode	On
Features for developers	
Save console logs	On
Indicates if console logs will be saved to file	
Maximum size of console log file in MB [1-5]	
Maximum size of console log file in MB [1-5]	
Create new log file if max size exceeded	Overwrite
Indicates if new console log file should be created or overwritte	n if old file maximum size was exceeded
Path to the log directory	.\log
Directory where log files will be stored	
Check updates on startup	On
Sets automatic update check during software startup	
Check unsaved apps in devices on closing	On
Shows dialog with possibility to save unsaved applications in de	evices when closing iSMA Tool
iFnet devices time between subscription poll requests in millisec	500
Allows to manage iFnet poll requests frequency [500 - 10000]	

Figure 85. Turning on the Developer Mode



Object Properties	ą	
Counter [[Library.Time]		
Reset Main Links Info		
Attribute	Value	
ID		
Subscription masks	Tree (6), Links (6), Config (2), Runtime (2)	
Listener 1	DeviceTreeViewDX [Tree, Links]	
Listener 2	DriversView [Tree, Config, Runtime, Links]	
Listener 3	YFileWireSheetView [Tree, Links]	
Listener 4	PropertySheetView [Tree, Links]	
Listener 5	PropertySheetLiteView [Tree, Config, Runtime,	
Listener 6]skniL , ee rT[
meta	16385	
status		
out	0	
in	null	
reset	null	
initValue	0	
increment	1	
direction	0	
Reset	Action	

Figure 86. Info tab in the Object Properties window

6.5.3 Component in Object Properties

After selecting a component, the Object Properties window shows four sections:

- section with a slot list (the Main tab);
- section with a list of outgoing or incoming links to the selected component (the Links tab);
- section with a list of configuration data of the selected component (the Info tab)–only available in the Developer mode;
- section with Action buttons (blue buttons above tabs).

Object Properties	4
Counter [Library.Time]	
Reset	
Main Links	
Name	Value
Status	ок
Out	0
In	null
Reset	null
Init Value	0
Increment	1
Direction	Up

Figure 87. Component's view in the Object Properties window

In the upper bar of the window, it shows the name and type of element, which data is displayed.

• Main tab: allows reading and editing of the selected component's slots. If the user changes the value of a slot in the Object Properties window, new value is immediately saved in the controller. The Object Properties window works in the auto save mode.

Worth to Notice:

This section is also available to components in libraries (selected in the Device Libraries/Kits window), and allows to check the slots offered by a particular component even before using it in an application.

- Links tab: informs about all incoming and outgoing links with a full location path of target components and the names of target slots. For each link, it is possible to choose the following options from the context menu:
 - Go to link: transfers to the Wire Sheet view of a superior of a target component;
 - Go to component: transfers to the Property Sheet view of a target component;
 - Delete link: removes a chosen link.

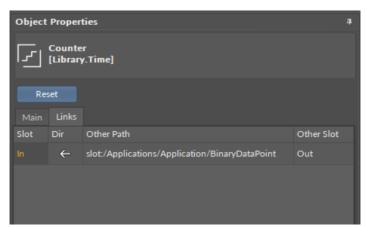


Figure 88. The Links tab view in the Object Properties window

• Info tab: (available only in the Developer Mode) shows the identification and configuration data of the selected component;

Object Properties Counter [Library.Time]	a
Reset Main Links Info	
Attribute	Value
ID	57
Subscription masks	Tree (4), Links (4), Config (1), Runtime (1)
Listener 1	DeviceTreeViewDX [Tree, Links]
Listener 2	YFileWireSheetView [Tree, Links]
Listener 3	[skniL ,eerT]
Listener 4	PropertySheetLiteView [Tree, Config, Runtime, Links]
meta	336084993
status	
out	
persistentOutput	
	true
reset	null
initValue	
increment	
direction	
Reset	Action

Figure 89. Info tab view in the Object Properties window

• Actions section: buttons available in the bar above tabs, allowing a simple execution of actions on selected component. These are the same actions which are listed in the component's context menu under the Actions option.

Workspace Tree	□ #	Object Properties	-
Enter text to search		BinaryDataPoint [Library.Core]	
Workspace Tree			
🛨 🗋 Site		Set SetId	SetAddress EmergencyOverrideActive
		EmergencyOverrideInactive Em	nergencyAuto OverrideActive OverrideInactive
← III Applications		OverrideAuto	
► 📴 Application1			
► 🗗 HVAC		Main Links Name	Value
← 🔄 Application2			value
🚽 🎯 Equipment		✓ Component	1
🚯 AnalogDataPoint		Status	ок
(i) BinaryDataPoint		Reference	null
♦ 🖧 Networks 👻 Add		Description	
🖉 Services 👁 Views 🕨		Enabled	true
 System Actions 	く, Set	Mode	Value
🕒 Сору	🗘 Setid		
Copy Slots Values	✓ SetAddress	Out	false #In16 [OK]
🕒 Duplicate	C EmergencyOverrideActive	Inactive Text	false
m Delete	C EmergencyOverrideInactive	Active Text	true
🔗 Link Mark	C EmergencyAuto	In16	false
ク Add extension	 OverrideActive 	✓ Extension: Bacnet Binary	Point
C Remove extension	 ✓ OverrideInactive 		
[]] Rename	🗘 OverrideAuto	Object	Value
- -∦∱ Show Help		Object Id	2
		Expose	true
		 Extension: Binary Prioriti 	es -

Figure 90. Actions section in the Object Properties window

Many Components in Object Properties

The iC Tool offers the possibility to simultaneously display common properties of many selected components.

Each time the user selects more than one component, the Object Properties window changes its header to show the number of simultaneously selected components.



Figure 91. Object Properties header for two selected components

Common Slots

While working with many components simultaneously, the Object Properties window changes its work mode to show only the slots common for all selected components. The value of the slot shown in this mixed view is only displayed if all selected components have exactly the same value for this slot; otherwise, the value field is empty.

Regardless of whether the shown slot displays a value or not, if it is an editable slot, entering a new value overwrites it in all selected components. If this process is not successful, the Console will show an appropriate information.

Object Properties	•
Selected components: 2 [Library.Time.Counter]	
Reset	
Name	Value
🔶 Status	ОК
-⊶ Out	0
⊸– In	null
-⊶ Reset	null
Init Value	0
Increment	1
Direction	Up

Figure 92. Common slots of same type components

	•
Selected components: 2 [Mixed types]	
Name	Value

Figure 93. Common slots of different type components

Using this multiselect function for an editable slot enables entering a new value (e.g., In B), which will be sent to all components at once. Setting the same values for various components simultaneously allows setting common setpoints or configurations for many components at once, enabling to activate network variables, etc.

Common Actions

The case of common actions is similar to setting a new value for common slots. Assuming the selected components share the same actions, then the buttons of these actions appear in the Object Properties window. Pressing the action button will execute the action in all selected components.

Object Properties	•			
B Selected components: 2 [Library.Core.BinaryDataPoint]				
Set SetId S	etAddress			
EmergencyOverrideActive EmergencyOverrideInactive				
EmergencyAuto OverrideActive OverrideInactive OverrideAuto				
Name	Value			
Status	ОК			
Reference	1			
Description				
→– Enabled	true			
⊸- Out	false			
Inactive Text	false			
Active Text	true			
- → - In16	false			
⊸- Object	Value			
- Object Id				
-•- Expose	true			
-•- Address				
Address Format	Decimal			
Input Priority	In16			
-•- Expose	true			
-•- Register	Coil			
- - In1	null			
- - - In2	null			
-•- In3	null			
- ∽ - In4	null			
- ∽ - In5	null			
⊸– Inó	null			
-⊶ In7	null			

Figure 94. Common actions of same type components

6.5.4 Device in Object Properties

nano EDGE ENGINE Devices

After selecting a nano EDGE ENGINE device in the Workspace Tree window, the Object Properties window presents useful data about a device:

- picture of a device;
- model of a device;
- IP address of a device;
- iFnet port number;
- · Data Points available within the license limit;

- last connected;
- ping;
- · serial number of a device;
- OS version;
- MAC address.

Information contained in the Object Properties window is available even after disconnecting the device (in offline mode). No information about the device, presented in the Object Properties window, is editable.

The Object Properties window includes also a button to open the Software Manager.



Figure 95. Selected nano EDGE ENGINE device in the Object Properties window

Sedona Devices

After selecting a Sedona device in the Workspace Tree window, the Object Properties window presents useful data about a device:

- picture of a device;
- · license status of a device;
- last connected;
- quality of a connection;

- installed application name;
- serial number of a device;
- firmware version;
- model of a device;
- IP address of a device;
- port number;
- MAC address.

Information contained in the Object Properties window is available even after disconnecting the device (in offline mode). No information about the device, presented in the Object Properties window, is editable.

The Object Properties window includes also buttons to open the Application Manager, Kit Manager, and Licence Manager.



Figure 96. Selected Sedona device in the Object Properties window



6.6 Device Libraries and Device Kits

6.6.1 Device Libraries

The Device Libraries is a window listing all libraries available after connecting the iC Tool to a device driven by the nano EDGE ENGINE. This window always shows the libraries available in the device connected at the moment. It means that, if there are many devices used in a project, the window contents will be automatically adjusted at the moment of switching from one device to another.

Device Libraries	•	ņ
Enter text to search		
Text		
BB Core		
▶ BB IO		
▶ 器 BACnet		
► 器 Modbus		
▶ 器 Schedules		
▶ 器 FCU		
► 88 Logic		
► 88 Math		
▶ 器 Other		
► 🔠 Process		
▶ 器 Time		

Figure 97. Device Libraries window

The libraries are presented as the main elements of a tree structure in the Device Libraries window, and can be expanded to see their components. Each component is presented with its icon and name. The icons visible before the component name define it clearly and help to quickly identify the type of component. An icon associated with a particular component is also shown in other views, including the Wire Sheet, Property Sheet, and the path of an editable component.

It is possible to select and move more than one component simultaneously in the Device Libraries by using a Ctrl or Shift key.

Using any library from the Device Libraries window, means adding a not configured component with default parameters. In order to add a component similar to already existing one with pre-configured parameters to the project, it is necessary to use copying or duplicating function on the existing component.

The components dragged directly from the Device Libraries to the Wire Sheet view (this view is explained in detail in the Wire Sheet section) are placed in the location they were dropped. If the components were dropped on a view other than the Wire Sheet view, their physical location (shown on the Wire Sheet view) will be in the upper left cornerpoint (0,0).

While dragging many components to any view, the iC Tool will arrange them in a cascading manner, so they will not overlap.

The components in the Device Libraries window cannot be edited and their location cannot be changed.

Searching the Device Libraries

In order to easily find a specific component among a vast number of components available for a particular device, it is possible to use a filter available at the top of the window. For this purpose, it is necessary to enter the name or part of the name of the required component into the filter field, and the matching components list will be shown dynamically in the Device Libraries window. The example below shows a list of components matched with a word 'analog'.

Device Libraries	0 A
analog	
Text	
→ III Core	
AnalogDataPoint	
 AnalogOutput 	
→ III BACnet	
() AnalogCustomPoint	
 ▲ AnalogPoint 	
← III Modbus	
 ▲ AnalogPoint 	
🛨 🔡 Schedules	
😥 <mark>Analog</mark> Schedule	
→ B FCU	
→ 🔡 Other	
있 ⁶ Analog2String	
AnalogConstant	
AnalogNode	

Figure 98. Search results in the Device Libraries window

6.6.2 Device Kits

The Device Kits is a window with a list of kits available after connecting the iC Tool to a device powered by Sedona. This window always shows the kits available in the device connected at the moment. It means that, if there are many devices used in a project, the window contents will be automatically adjusted at the moment of switching from one device to another.



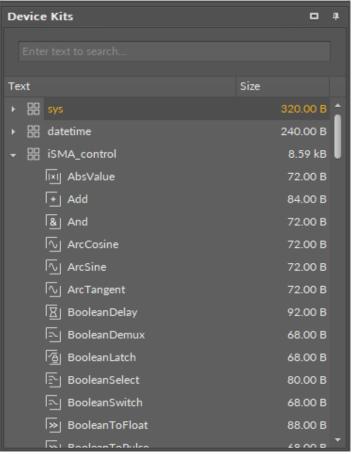


Figure 99. Device Kits window

The kits are presented as the main elements of a tree structure in the Device Kits window, and can be expanded to see their components. Each component is presented with its icon, name, and memory it occupies. The icons visible before the component name define it clearly and help to quickly identify the type of component. An icon associated with a particular component is also shown in other views, including the Wire Sheet, Property Sheet, and the path of an editable component. Besides the icons associated to components permanently, there are two special ones, as shown below.



Figure 100. special icons

The first icon is a default icon for every component without a defined individual icon. The second icon is a warning icon shown for each component, for which the iC Tool cannot find a defined individual icon. Such situations may occur while adding custom kits. It requires checking if the path for component icon is correct and if it has been copied to the iC Tool icons folder.

Searching the Device Kits

To use a component, it needs to be found and then moved to a required place by drag and drop method, e.g., to the Workspace Tree window.

In order to easily find a specific component among a vast number of components available for a particular controller, it is possible to use a filter available at the top of the



window. For this purpose, it is necessary to enter the name or part of the name of the required component into the filter field, and the matching components list will be shown in the Device Kits window. The example below shows a list of components matched with a word Boolean.

Device Kits	D 4
boolean	
Text	Size
	8.59 kB
園 <mark>Boolean</mark> Delay	92.00 B
ि BooleanDemux	68.00 B
[] <mark>Boolean</mark> Latch	68.00 B
[조] <mark>Boolean</mark> Select	80.00 B
ဩ <mark>Boolean</mark> Switch	68.00 B
≫j <mark>Boolean</mark> ToFloat	88.00 B
l≫j <mark>Boolean</mark> ToPulse	68.00 B
≫j FloatTo <mark>Boolean</mark>	92.00 B
🛨 🔡 iSMA_controlApi	4.04 kB
BooleanScheduleWeekly	936.00 B
	1.57 kB
B NVBooleanWritable	100.00 B

Figure 101. Search results in the Device Kits

It is possible to select and move more than one component simultaneously by using a Ctrl or Shift key.

Using any kit from the Device Kits window means adding a not configured component with default parameters. In order to add a component similar to already existing one with pre-configured parameters to the project, it is necessary to use copying or duplicating function on the existing component.

The components dragged to the Wire Sheet view (this view is explained in detail in Wire Sheet) are placed in the location they were dropped. If the components were dropped on a view other than the Wire Sheet view, their physical location (shown on the Wire Sheet view) will be in the upper left corner–point (0,0).

While dragging many components to any view, the iC Tool will arrange them in a cascading manner, so they will not overlap.

The components in the Device Kits window cannot be edited and their location cannot be changed.

6.7 Workspace Tree

A Workspace Tree, also known as a project tree, is a window designed to work with devices. Thanks to a hierarchical structure of the tree, it is easy to switch between the

devices and their components. It is also a place to add/remove the devices and to manage components.

The Workspace Tree is designed to navigate the projects and devices defined for them. For each project, it is possible to define any number of folders and any number of devices inside them. It is recommended that the structure of folders, subfolders, and devices corresponds to their physical placement and/or logical subordination of devices on an object. It makes finding a particular device among a vast quantity of devices fast and easy. The structure of folders, subfolders, and projects, mentioned above, allows to properly locate a specific device in the Workspace Tree. The hierarchical structure inside the device is loaded directly from the device and consists of components.

The Workspace Tree is saved in an .itw file in a specified location [home\Workspaces]. The user can save the Workspace Tree under a defined name in a specific location. The .itw (Workspace) file stores the whole structure of the Workspace Tree including devices names and their addresses. This allows to save many projects in one .itw file, or otherwise, each individual project in a separate .itw file.

A file with the .itw extension is an .xml file, and contains sensitive data, such as device IP addresses and their passwords if the user issued a command to remember them. Due to an obvious threat of exposing such data, the iC Tool codes sensitive data automatically, preventing their exposure to third parties.

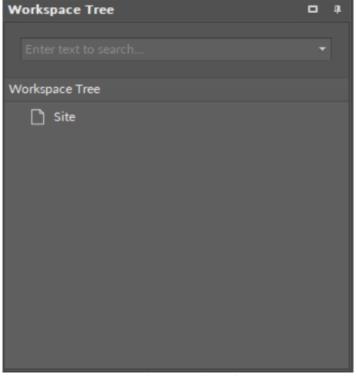


Figure 102. Initial project in the Workspace Tree



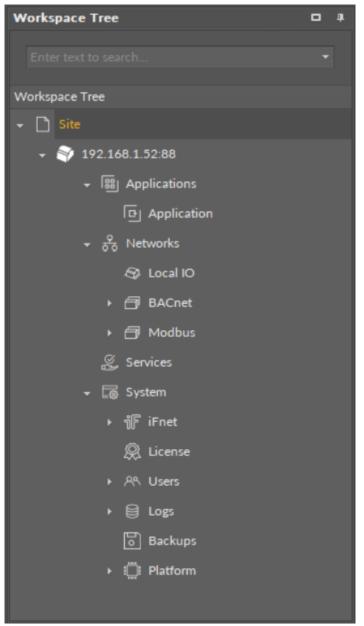


Figure 103. Workspace Tree structure in the nanoEdgeEngine device

6.7.1 Editing of the Workspace Tree Elements

For folders, subfolders, and the main element–project, opening the context menu provides the following options:



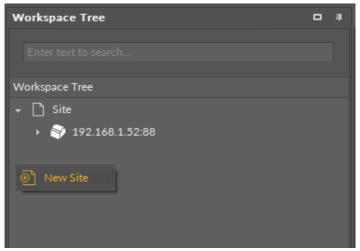


Figure 104. Adding new site in the Workspace Tree

 New Site: creating a new project independent of the others (right-click on empty space in the Workspace Tree);

Works	pace Tree	ф.
Worksp	ace Tree	
۵	Site ① Add Folder ② Add Device ② Remove □ Rename	

Figure 105. Workspace Tree editing options

- · Add Folder: adding a folder under the selected folder;
- · Add Device: opening a device adding window for the selected folder;
- · Remove: removing the selected element: device, folder, or project from the tree;
- Rename: renaming the site.

WARNING!

Removing a superior folder or project removes all subfolders and items that were structured under it, upon confirmation of operation. In the situation shown on the figure, removing the project will result in removing the device from the project, but the device contents will not be deleted.

The iC Tool software supports UTF8 symbols in most of the places in the project. It is therefore possible to use native letters to lay out the project in a convenient way:



() 172.100.1.120.1070	
→ 🗋 Site B - зданиес	
→ C Antres	

Figure 106. Use of native letters example

Any name can be given to a project, folder, or even device. For this purpose select and click an object, which then becomes editable, or select an object and press the F2 key.

Тір

Use an F2 key to rename an object.

The device components, which can be used to program the application, are shown on the Workspace Tree, under a device. If a selected element of the tree has other elements under it, i.e., inferior elements, issuing a command to a the superior component impacts all the subject elements as well, due to a hierarchical structure of the tree. This involves the Delete function–deleting the superior element deletes all the inferior elements.

It is possible to select many elements at once by using a Ctrl or a Shift key the same way as in the Windows Explorer (selecting elements with a Ctrl key pressed allows to select elements one by one, not in a consecutive manner; selecting elements with a Shift key pressed allows to select consecutive elements).

WARNING!

To save any modifications in the Workspace Tree hierarchy or to save its naming (not applicable to device tree), the Workspace Tree needs to be saved using a Save or a Save as option available in a File menu or corresponding button on the toolbar.



6.7.2 Connected Device View

After connecting with the device, a subtree appears in the Workspace Tree listing all components available in the device's structure (depending on whether a connected device is based on the nano EDGE ENGINE or Sedona).

Every change made in components, such as editing a component's name, its superior component, or other parameters in the component, is saved in the device. This guarantees that, after reloading the data from the device, data (components) are displayed in the same way and they are synchronized among other users working at the same time on the same device.

Operations, which can be performed on components such as copying, adding, or removing new components, defining connections between components, are described in the further part of this manual.



Immediately after connecting with the device, both the Main screen and Device Libraries/ Kits window remain unchanged. It is the opening of any component from the device tree that results in showing a specific view in the Main screen and filling the Device Libraries/ Kits window with the proper device libraries/kits.

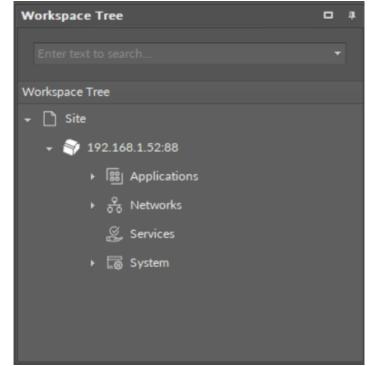


Figure 108. Connected device view in the Workspace Tree window of the nano EDGE ENGINE controller

6.7.3 Adding and Connecting Device

Adding Device

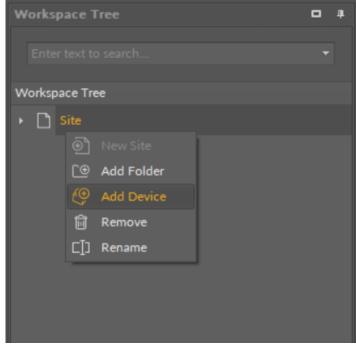


Figure 109. Adding the device

To connect the device, it needs to be added to the Workspace Tree: right-click anywhere in the Workspace Tree window, and add a new project from the context menu (in case the required project is already added, omit this step). Then, right-click on the project, and select the Add Device option from the context menu, which opens a dialog window allowing to configure basic connection data:

- Type: displays the type of the device to be connected;
- Host: allows to set a device's IP address;
- **Port:** shows a device's port number (port is automatically selected according to the type of the device: 88 for nano EDGE ENGINE devices, 1876 for Sedona devices).

Connect X						
Device type and address						
Туре:						
nano EDGE ENGINE 🗾						
Sedona nano EDGE ENGINE						
192.168.1.123						
Port:						
88						
OK Cancel						

Figure 110. Connection dialog window with drop-down list for selecting a type of the device

Worth to Notice:

Each device has a default IP address 192.168.1.123, which may be later changed in the Platform component for nano EDGE ENGINE devices or the plat component for Sedona devices.

Worth to Notice:

Upon adding, each device shows its default port number:

- 88 for nano EDGE ENGINE devices;
- 1876 for Sedona devices.

Connecting Device

After entering a proper IP address and pressing Enter or OK, a login window appears to enter the username and password.

Authentication	x
Credentials for: nano EDGE ENGINE device "192.168.1.123:88" at 192.168.1.123:88	
Usemame:	
Password:	
✓ Remember these credentials	
OK Cancel	

Figure 111. Authentication dialog window

WARNING!

Saving credentials is dangerous from a security standpoint. Please avoid storing production system passwords.

If the username and password, needed to connect with the device, are to be remembered, select the Remember these credentials option. The entered data are then saved in the .itw file, which stores the whole structure of the Workspace Tree in a way that prevents access to sensitive data by third parties.

After confirming the entered authorization data by pressing Enter or OK button, the iC Tool begins the process of connecting and reading the components tree for the device. After a correct connection with the device, its application tree loads automatically in the Workspace Tree. If the device is selected in the Workspace Tree view, the Object Properties Window shows its picture and the most important parameters, such as IP address, serial number, or operating system version number. These parameters are available in this window even after disconnecting the device, which allows offline checking of, e.g., device IP number or its operating system version.





Figure 112. The Object Properties window for a connected nano EDGE ENGINE device

Connecting an Added Device

If the iC Tool is opened, and all the devices are already added to the project, in order to connect the device, right-click it, and select the Connect option from the context menu.

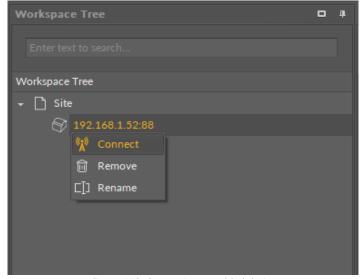


Figure 113. Connecting an added device



Then the Authorization window pops up, either with saved credentials, or ready to fill them in.

6.7.4 Disconnecting Device

To disconnect the device, select it on the Workspace Tree and choose a Disconnect option from the context menu, then accept.

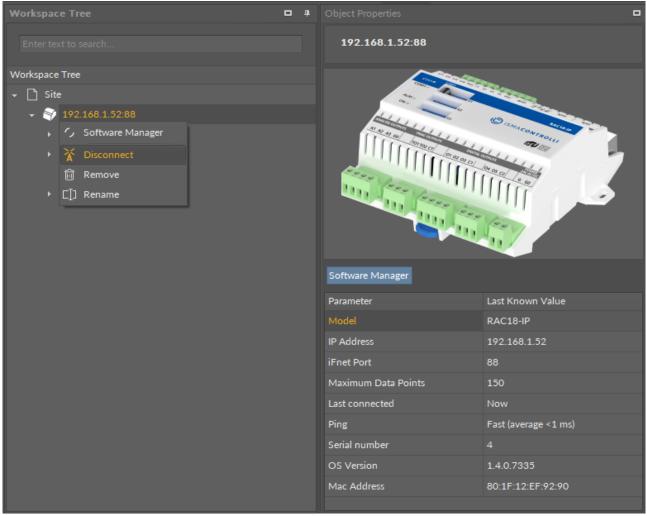


Figure 114. Disconnect option in the context menu of a nano EDGE ENGINE device

After disconnecting the device its icon's view changes; it is impossible to expand its contents and the figure is grayed out (see the figure below). Double-clicking on the device again begins the reconnection process.

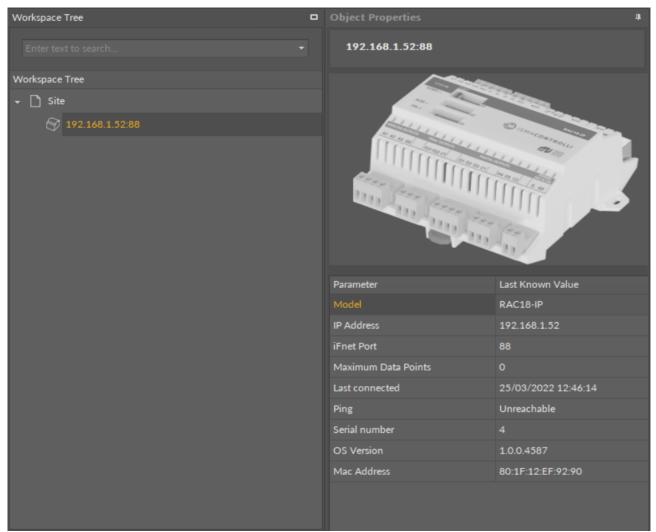


Figure 115. Disconnected device view

If the device gets disconnected by mistake, while working with it, the program will detect it automatically and inform the user showing a "Device disconnected" text in the upper part of the view and folding the device tree on Workspace Tree.

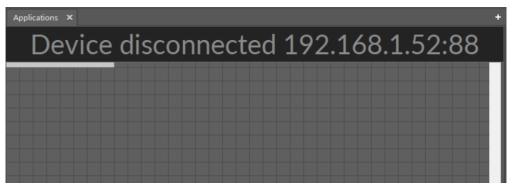


Figure 116. Disconnected device notification

6.7.5 Adding and Removing Components in the Workspace Tree

Adding Components

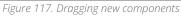
In order to add a new component in the Workspace Tree window, it is necessary to find a specific component in the Device Libraries/Kits window, and drag it to a proper place in the Workspace Tree. Adding components is performed by a drag and drop method. For



nano EDGE ENGINE devices, it is possible to place inferior components only in the proper container or service component–the iC tool automatically blocks it, for example, to place an Application component in the Networks container, or the Device component in the iFnet service component.

For Sedona based devices there is no such limitation.

Workspace Tree	•	ņ
Enter text to search		
Workspace Tree		
→ 🗋 Site		
✓		
← 闘 Applications		
Application3		
→ 📴 HVAC		
B Application1		
B Application2		
► ^Q / ₆₀ Networks		
🖉 Services		
► 🐻 System		
	_	_
Device Libraries	•	Ф
Enter text to search		
Equipment		
→ El Core		
en conc en conc e		П
AnalogDataPoint		I
		I
(i) BinaryDataPoint		I
Equipment		н
C Folder		1
lipPort		U
MultistateDataPoint		
▶ ⊞ BACnet		





After dropping a single component in the specific place in the Workspace Tree, a dialog window appears, allowing to name a newly created component. After confirmation of the name, the component is added to the device, and the tree is refreshed.

Add Components			x
Bulk add components			
Pattern		Quantity	
[N]			
Preview			
Old Name	New Name	Message	
AnalogDataPoint	AnalogDataPoint		
	OK Canc	el	

Figure 118. Naming component dialog window

Many components can be dragged at once. After dropping them on the Workspace Tree, their names will be automatically defined as the component's default name, without the user's participation.

A second method of adding a component is copying and pasting or duplicating components already existing in the Workspace Tree. In order to do it, select a component in the Workspace Tree window, Property Sheet, or Wire Sheet view, and copy it using a keyboard shortcut Ctrl+C or the context menu using a Copy option. Afterwards, it is essential to choose the component in the Workspace Tree, under which the copied component is pasted with a Ctrl+V operation or the context using a Paste option.

The details of copying/pasting operation as well as duplication are described in the Single Device Functions section.

Special Adding of Data Points, Schedules, and Folders in nano EDGE ENGINE Devices

The Workspace Tree window, the Wire Sheet and Property Sheet views offer a special way of adding Data Points, schedules, and folders (the Folder and Equipment components) to the Application, simply from the context menu. In order to add components this way, right-click in an empty space of the Wire Sheet grid or Property Sheet and choose the Add option from the context menu. In the Workspace Tree, special adding of Data Points, schedules, and folders is available in the context menu of the Application component. This way of adding Data Points, schedules, and folders to the Application allows to add a multiple Data Points or folders.

iC Tool User Manual

Workspace Tree	Application1 ×			
Enter text to search	🔅 Equipment			
Workspace Tree	Image: Construction of the second			
[편] Application2 → 편] Application1 → இ→ Equipment	Delete Image: Mark Image: Delete Image: Delete			
 Networ Networ Add Analog Data Point Service Views Binary Data Point Binary Data Point Multistate Data Point Multistate Data Point Non System Copy Copy Slots Values Analog Schedule Duplicate Binary Schedule Binary Schedule Link Mark Calendar Add extension 	C[] Rename int ∰ Show Help			
 ✓ Remove extension □ Folder □ I Rename ☆ Show Help 				

Figure 119. Special adding of Data Points and folders from the context menu



Removing Components

1	Work	spac	e Ti	ree							
	Workspace Tree										
	→ 🗋 Site										
		7	192	2.168.1	.52:8						
			8	Applic	ation						
				<u>Б</u> н\	/AC						
				🗗 Ap	plica	tion2					
				🗗 Ap	plica	tion1	L				
				- 🔅	Equ	uipme	ent				
					٩	Anal	logDataPoi				
					٩	ĕ ⊕	Add		Þ		
							Views		Þ		
					[ير]	Ø	Actions		۲		
					[ير]	G	Сору				
					ا⊾	ر ′	Copy Slots Values				
					ا⊾	Ē	Duplicate				
			र्दु	Netwo	rks	Û	Delete				
			8	Service	es	Ø	Link Mark				
				System		ر،	Add exter	ision			
		T	192	2.168.1	.53:1	Ċ,	Remove e	xtension			
							Rename				
							Show Hel	n			
						v		P			

Figure 120. Removing component

A component may be removed from the Workspace Tree window level only by selecting it and choosing a Delete option from the context menu. Removal by pressing Delete key on the keyboard is blocked for this window.



7 Naming and Definitions

A proper understanding of the terms used hereafter will allow the iC Tool user to adopt the described issues in a more proficient way.

7.1 Common Definitions

- iC Tool: the name of a computer program this documentation applies to;
- **component**: a single element of an application. The component is either a function block with a pre-defined task (algorithm), which requires specific parameters and logical connections with other components to work and exchange data properly, or a container (folder to segregate other components);
- link: a logical connection between components: such connection allows two components to send data between each other. The graphical representation of a link in the Wire Sheet view is a line connecting components;
- slot: an element of the component which defines the parameter along with its name, value, unit, and range. Slots are not visible in all views in order to avoid overwhelming the user with too much information. The views dedicated to work with the slots are: the Property Sheet and Wire Sheet, and the Slot Sheet for Sedona based devices;
- selection: a user's action of choosing any component or link by clicking it. The chosen object becomes highlighted graphically. In the Wire Sheet view, the component's selection is illustrated by surrounding a component with an orange frame, and a link's selection is illustrated by changing its color to orange. The selected element is an object to which the commands such as copying, deleting, or moving will relate;
- marking: a state relating to the component or link connected with the selected object. Marking means that a specific component or link is in correlation with a selected component/link. In the Wire Sheet view, a green color is used to mark a component or link, which allows the user to easily notice which components/links will be affected by the action taken on the selected object, e.g., after deleting a selected component/link the marked object will lose its correlation;
- Workspace Tree window: one of the basic windows provided by the iC Tool. The window shows the connected devices along with their components. Additionally, the devices may be assigned hierarchically to folders, and folders to projects;
- Main Screen window: a main workspace of the iC Tool, where the views of editable components are displayed on tabs;
- **Object Properties window:** a window showing information regarding a selected element allowing to preview and change some of the selected element's parameters without closing the current view;
- **Console**: a window where the messages regarding the operation of the iC Tool program are displayed.

7.1.1 Component Views

A component shows its properties on views assigned to it. The list below shows two basic views, which present data about the same component in different ways, making the work with components easier. Some components have also individual views (apart from the standard ones), which are not included in the list below (see the nano EDGE ENGINE Specific Views or the Sedona Specific Views).

• Wire Sheet: a view showing programming relations between the components in a graphical way. The view shows logical relations between the linked components. This

view makes building an application logic easier, because the connections between the components are easy to enter and analyze. It is the view most commonly used on the application programming stage;

• **Property Sheet**: a tabular form of showing parameters–component's slots. The user can see not only the slot value, but also its units and range. The view allows to change the slot value if it has the change value rights. The Property Sheet is often used at the start-up stage, when the settings of many parameters (slots) in components need to be appointed.

7.2 nano EDGE ENGINE Devices

- **library:** a set of components with similar functionalities or working in the same area, e.g., components handling device's inputs and outputs. In the iC Tool, the libraries and their components are shown in a Device Libraries window;
- **Reference link:** a special compound link designed to connect Data Points with network points. The Reference link is created between special Reference slots and transfers values along with the component's status; Alternatively, it may transfer values between Data Points and network points at the same time returning status from network points to Data Points, or it may return values from network points to Data Points;
- Device Libraries window: one of the basic windows provided by the iC Tool. It is a palette of nano EDGE ENGINE libraries along with components assigned to them. The content of the Device Libraries is dynamically adjusted to the content installed in the device's SD card.

7.3 Sedona Devices

- **kit**: a set of components with similar functionalities or working in the same area, e.g., components handling controller's inputs and outputs. In the iC Tool, the kits and their components are shown in a Device Kits window;
- **Device Kits**: one of the basic windows provided by the iC Tool. It is a palette of Sedona kits along with components assigned to them. The content of the Device Kits is dynamically adjusted to the type of connected device;
- Slot Sheet: a component view showing all slots, including the hidden ones. In a tabular form, it allows to read the name, type, and parameters (Facets) of the slot.



8 iC Tool with nano EDGE ENGINE Devices

The iC Tool up to 1.1 version works only with the devices driven by the nano EDGE ENGINE software. From 1.2 version, it also supports devices based on the Sedona Framework.

For nano EDGE ENGINE devices, the iC Tool offers special views that are tailored for the nano EDGE ENGINE functionalities.

8.1 Software Manager

The Software Manager is a tool allowing the management of the device operating system and its libraries. The Software Manager allows installing, uninstalling, and changing versions of the OS and libraries.

The Software Manager lists all elements (OS, libraries) that are available locally in the iC Tool to be installed on the device. The list of elements, visible in the Software Manager table, corresponds with a physical content of the nano EDGE ENGINE folder in the main iC Tool's location: \home\nanoEdgeEngine. Proper placing of the user's own libraries in this location allows to add them to the Software Manager.

						Upgrade All Update Device
On D	evice	Name	Latest Local	Installed	Selected	Status
	\checkmark					
	\checkmark					
	\checkmark					
	\checkmark					
	\checkmark					
	\checkmark					
	\checkmark					
	\checkmark					
	\checkmark					
	\checkmark					
	\checkmark					
	\checkmark					
	\checkmark					

Figure 121. Software Manager view

Warning!

Every time the OS or libraries are edited in the device, it requires a restart of the device.

8.1.1 Opening the Software Manager

Once the iC Tool connects to the device, the Software Manager view is available from the Objects Properties window (blue button) or from the context menu of the device.





Software Manager

Parameter	Last Known Value
Model	RAC18-IP
IP Address	192.168.1.52
iFnet Port	88
Maximum Data Points	150
Last connected	Now
Ping	Fast (average <1 ms)
Serial number	
OS Version	1.0.0.4587
Mac Address	80:1F:12:EF:92:90

Figure 122. Software Manager button

Works	pac	e Tr	ree
			search
Worksp	pace	Tree	•
- 🗅	Site	е	
	.	192	.168.1.52:88
			Software Manager
		X	Disconnect
		Ô	Remove
		C]J	Rename

Figure 123. Software Manager in the device's context menu



8.1.2 Using the Software Manager

The Software Manager view lists the OS and libraries available locally in the iC Tool. The view highlights each row (OS or libraries) according to its status:

- green: the element is up to date, and requires no action;
- orange: the element is out of date, and can be updated;
- blue: the action is about to be taken on the element.

				Upg	grade All Update Devi
On Device	Name	Latest Local	Installed	Selected	Status
\checkmark					
✓					

Figure 124. Updating

The Software Manager table contains the following columns:

- On Device: indicates, whether a given element is already installed on the device.
- Name: shows the name of the element.
- Latest Local: shows the latest version available locally to be installed on the device.
- Installed: shows the version of the element installed on the device.
- Selected: opens a dropdown list with all versions available locally for a selected element.
- **Status:** indicates, which action is to be performed on the element, once a specific version has been selected in the Action column.
 - Available information: Latest, Out of Date, Upgrade, Downgrade, Install, Uninstall, none (the selected version is the same as the one installed on the device).

In order to upgrade or downgrade the selected element, choose the desired version of the element in the Selected column, and press the Update Device option (highlighted in blue in the right upper corner of the Software Manager). This option executes all actions indicated in the Status column.

Software Man	ager X					+
					Up	ograde All Update Device
On Device		Name	Latest Local	Installed	Selected	Status
6	√					
5	√					
5	√					
5	√					
5	√					
	√					
5	√					
5	√					
	√					
	√					
6	√					
Ø.	√				1.2.8280.24217	
6	√				1.2.8280.24217	Install
					1.1.8245.21904 1.0.8097.16683	
					_	

Figure 125. Selecting a library's version

Unless the user intends to manually select the versions to be installed, there is also the option to automatically select all newest versions for all out of date elements using the Upgrade All button.

Worth to Notice:

Depending if the the version indicated in the Selected column is higher or lower than the version already installed on the device, the Status column shows either the Upgrade or Downgrade option.

Regardless of the fact, whether the user intends to add or remove the library, available in the Software Manager, each operation requires performing three steps:

- check the box in the On Device column to install the library, or uncheck it to uninstall the library;
- provided the library is to be installed on the device, check its preferred version in the Selected column-by default, the newest version available locally is indicated to be installed;
- once selection of all libraries to be installed or uninstalled on the device is complete, hit the Update Device command.

Warning!

The OS cannot be removed from the device; it is preinstalled on the device's SD card, and the only operations, which can be performed on this element, are upgrading or downgrading it.



Warning!

If the OS is upgraded from the 1.0/1.1 versions to 1.2 version, the Applications libraries (FCU, Logic, Math, Process, Time, and Other) are not loaded. It is required to install them manually.

Software Manager 🗙	•				+
				Upg	rade All Update Device
On Device	Name	Latest Local	Installed	Selected	Status
\checkmark					
	Library.Math	1.2.8280.24170	1.2.8280.24170		Uninstall
	Library.Other	1.2.8304.26985	1.2.8304.26985		Uninstall
\checkmark					
т 🗸					

Figure 126. Adding or removing libraries

8.2 Data Point Manager

The Data Point Manager is a special view that allows to manage the Data Points available within the **nano EDGE ENGINE** license.

Applications 🗙								+
			192.168.1.5	2:88 - Applic	ations			
Equipment		Description	Out	Enabled	Expose On Bacnet	Bacnet Object Id	Expose On Modb	Modbus Address
🕨 🚯 Lamp1	LightIntensity		0.00 [OK]		false			14
Lamp2	Occupancy		false [OK]		false			
(i) FCU1	TempControl		false [OK]				false	
(A) FCU2	SpaceTemp		0.00 [OK]				false	
(Å)	OutsideAirTemp		0.00 [OK]					
								Export
Applications Manager	Data Point Manager	Wire Sheet Proper	ty Sheet					
	- Data i onite Mariager	The sheet Troper		Data Point Mo				

Figure 127. Data Point Manager

The Data Point Manager lists all the Data Points used in applications saved on the device. The view shows the following fields:

- · Equipment, which the Data Point belongs to;
- name of the Data Point;
- description;
- value on the Out slot;
- · enabled or disabled status;
- exposed on BACnet status;
- BACnet object Id;
- · exposed on Modbus status;
- Modbus address.

The Data Point Manager view is not editable; however, once a specific Data Point is clicked in the Manager view, it is displayed in the Object Properties window, where it can be freely edited. Also, the view allows for multiediting of compatible Data Points-if compatible Data Points are selected in the Data Point Manager, their common slots are available for multiedition in the Object Properties window.

8.2.1 Opening the Data Point Manager

The Data Point Manager view is accessible from two locations:

- in the context menu of the Applications container;
- in the context menu of the RAC18-IP (Device for BACnet) component;
- in the context menu of the RAC18-IP (Device for Modbus) component.

Workspace Tree	ф.
Workspace Tree	
→ 🗋 Site	
► B Applications	
🔮 🕒 Copy 🗘 Data Point Manager	
ト 👼 🂪 Copy Slots Values 🎧 Wire Sheet	
😚 192 🖺 Duplicate 🍊 Property Sheet	
ាំ Delete	
🖉 Link Mark	
A Link From 'Counter'	
Add extension	
Cy Remove extension	
[] Rename	
က်ံု Show Help	
Figure 128, Accessing the Data Point Manager from the Applications container context menu	



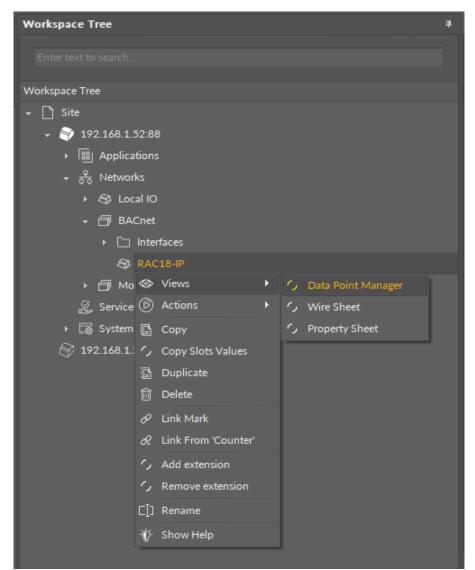


Figure 129. Accessing the Data Point Manager from the context menu of RAC18-IP (LocalDevice) component in the Networks container

The Data Point Manager view is also automatically opened if either the Applications container or the RAC18-IP (Device for BACnet or Modbus) component is double-clicked in the Workspace Tree window.

The view adjusts its contents if opened for the BACnet or Modbus RAC18-IP Device showing information specific to the network:

RAC18-IP ×						
		192.10	58.1.52:88 - RA	C18-IP		
Equipment	Name	Description	Out	Enabled	Expose On Bacnet	Bacnet Object Id
> 🕢 Lamp1	LightIntensity		0.00 [OK]		false	
(i) Lamp2	Occupancy		false [OK]		false	
(i) FCU1	TempControl		false [OK]			
(A) FCU2	SpaceTemp		0.00 [OK]			
3	OutsideAirTemp		0.00 [OK]			
						Export
Data Point Manager Wire	e Sheet Property Sheet					
	Figure 1	30. Data Point Ma	nager for the RA	18-IP BACnet Lo	calDevice	

AC18-IP ×						
		192.	168.1.52:88 - RA	C18-IP		
Equipment	Name	Description	Out	Enabled	Expose On Modbus	Modbus Address
🚯 Lamp1	LightIntensity		0.00 [OK]			14
(i) Lamp2	Occupancy		false [OK]			
(i) FCU1	TempControl		false [OK]		false	
(Å) FCU2	SpaceTemp		0.00 [OK]		false	
(i)	OutsideAirTemp		0.00 [OK]			
						Export
ata Point Manager 🛛 W	ire Sheet Property Sheet					
	Figure 1	31. Data Point N	Aanager for the RA	C18-IP Modbus Lo	calDevice	

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DMP247en | 1st Issue rev. 5.0 | 07/2024

Licensing

The license for the new generation of iSMA CONTROLLI controllers driven by the **nano EDGE ENGINE** is constructed against the number of Data Points: each device based on the **nano EDGE ENGINE** is granted a specified number of license points (Data Points in this case), which can be used within applications. Therefore, the licensing system is only of quantitative, not functional, character–only the real number of Data Points in applications is taken into account, regardless of how many communication protocols are used to expose them, or how many network points are controlled. With the **nano EDGE ENGINE**-generation devices it is possible to create as big an application (or applications) as the number of licensed Data Points. No elements in the Networks, Services, or System containers are subject to license limitations, other than Data Points in the Applications container.

Note: In order to check the number of license points, please refer to the License in the device.

8.3 Log Viewer

The nano Edge Engine Log Viewer provides logs for diagnosing and analyzing the work of the device driven by the nano Edge Engine.

Logs are categorized by their source of occurrence:

- OS.Firmware;
- OS.SDK;
- Library.BACnet;
- Library.Core;
- Library.IO;
- Library.Modbus;
- · Library.Schedules;
- OS.Core;
- OS.iFnet;
- OS.Storage.

The logs levels are defined in the Logs component. The Log Viewer is the default view of the Logs component.

8.3.1 Opening the Log Viewer

The Log Viewer is accessible by double-clicking the Logs component in the System container in the Workspace Tree window. Alternatively, it can be opened from the context menu of the Logs component, in the Views option.

Upon opening the Log Viewer shows the logs from the current log file, and updates it while running.



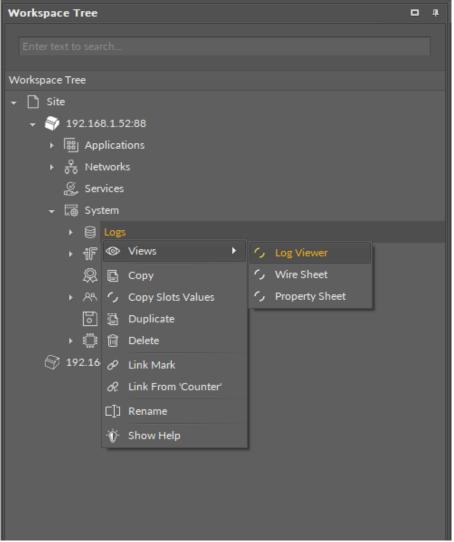


Figure 132. Accessing Log Viewer

8.3.2 Using the Log Viewer

Filtering

Once the Log Viewer is opened, it displays logs according to the configuration of the Logs component. The logs are categorized, and can be filtered by dates. The filtering option is available in the bottom left corner of the window.

Filtering can be time consuming, depending on the selected filtering option, however, it does not have any impact on the work of the iC Tool.

Logs X +
192.168.1.52:88 - Logs
 2022 01.13 09:411:51.76 [Library.Core] [Important] 4006bus: Modbus: Modbus:
Recent Logs Export
Log Viewer Wire Sheet Property Sheet

Figure 133. Filtering

Exporting

The contents of the Log Viewer can be exported to a chosen location on the hard drive. The Export options is available in the bottom right corner of the window. The logs file is exported as a .txt file, which name includes the date and hour of the export.

Logs ×
192.168.1.52:88 - Logs
2022.01.13 09:4113.176 [Library.Core] [Important] <modbus-modbus 09:4113.180="" 2022.01.13="" <locald="" [important]="" [library.core]="" initialized="" starting="">default 2022.01.13 09:4113.180 [Library.Core] [Error] <analgoutput: 09:4113.181="" 09:4113.183="" 09:4113.184="" 09:4113.189="" 09:4113.190="" 09:4113.191="" 09:4113.192="" 09:4113.292="" 09:4113.592="" 2022.01.13="" <analogoutput-analogoutput="" <analogoutput-malogoutput="" <analogoutput-triacoutput="" <digitalinput-digitalinput="" <digitalinputcounter="" [d5:="" [error]="" [important]="" [library.core]="" bacnet="" be="" configured.="" correctly="" digitaloutput="" firmware]="" leo="" musl="" must="" s<="" start="" th="" thread="" twice=""></analgoutput:></modbus-modbus>
Recent Logs
Log Viewer Wire Sheet Property Sheet

Figure 134. Exporting

8.4 Network Manager

8.4.1 BACnet

The Network Manager view is available for the BACnet component. It lists all BACnet networks configured on the device's ports. The Network Manager view shows the statuses, ports (which the network is configured on), and enabled or disabled states of the the network. Once the network, listed in the Network Manager, is double-clicked, the respective Network component is opened.

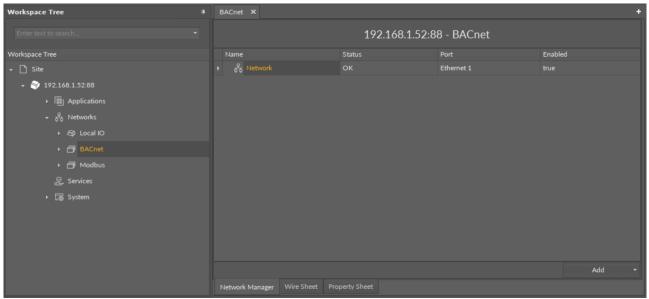


Figure 135. Network Manager for BACnet

Opening Network Manager

The Network Manager view is accessible from the context menu of the BACnet component. It is also automatically opened if the BACnet component is double-clicked in the Workspace Tree window.

Workspace Tree	ņ
Workspace Tree	
👻 🗋 Site	
▶ Applications	
► 🕾 Local IO	
► 🗗 BACnet	
Image: Provide state stat	
🖉 Ser 🕒 Copy 🗘 Wire Sheet	
Sys C Copy Slots Values Property Sheet	
😚 192.16 🛱 Duplicate	
Delete	
🖉 Link Mark	
2 Link From 'Counter'	
[] Rename	
-i∯- Show Help	

Figure 136. Opening the Network Manager



Adding BACnet Networks

The networks may be added to the Network Manager twofold: dragging and dropping the Network component to the BACnet component from the Core library (in the Device Libraries window), or using a special Add function in the Network Manager view available in the bottom right corner.

B	BACnet ×								
	192.168.1.52:88 - BACnet								
	Name		Status		Port		Enabled		
►	중 Network		ок		Ethernet 1				
								Add	-
١	Network Manager	Wire Sheet	Property Sheet				1	Network	

Figure 137. Add button

Using this Add button opens the dialog window, which allows to adjust the quantity of networks to be added.



Add Components		x
Bulk add components		
Pattern		Quantity
[N]		2 🗘
Preview		
Old Name	New Name	Message
Network1	Network1	
Network2	Network2	
	OK Canc	el

Figure 138. Dialog window

Multiediting of Common Slots

The Network Manager view allows multiediting of common slots in components of the same type, for example, to enable all one-type components at once. Multiediting is available in the Object Properties window, upon selecting one-type components in the Network Manager with Ctrl or Shift keys.

8.4.2 Modbus

The Network Manager view is available for the Modbus component. It lists all Modbus networks configured on the device's ports. The Network Manager view shows the statuses, ports (which the network is configured on), and enabled or disabled states of the the network. Once the network, listed in the Network Manager, is double-clicked, the respective Network component is opened.

Workspace Tree #	Modbus X			+
Enter text to search		192.168.1.123:88 - Modbus		
Workspace Tree				Enabled
← 🗋 Site	▶ 융 Network		SerialPort	true
𝜍 192.168.1.52:88				
- 💱 192.168.1.123:88				
▶ 闘 Applications				
÷ ਨੂੰ Networks				
► 🚭 Local IO				
► 🗇 BACnet				
🗸 🗇 Modbus				
► 🗀 Interfaces				
SP RAC18-IP				
⊁ ਨੂੰ Network				
炎 Services				
► 🗔 System				Add 🔫
	Network Manager Wire Sheet Prop	perty Sheet		

Figure 139. Network Manager view

Opening Network Manager

The Network Manager view is accessible from the context menu of the Modbus component. It is also automatically opened if the Modbus component is double-clicked in the Workspace Tree window.

Workspace Tree				•	Ą
Workspace Tree					
👻 🗋 Site					
÷ 💱 192.168.1.	52:88				
► 圖 Applica	ations				
$_{ au}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{_{ au}}_{ au}$ Netwo	rks				
+ ⊗ Lo	al IO				
▶ 🗇 ВА	Cnet				
- 🗇 Ma	odbus				
, @	Views)	 	Network Manager		
C	Сору	ر ۲	Wire Sheet		
	Copy Slots Values	<i>с</i> ,	Property Sheet		
🖉 Ser 🛱	Duplicate				
► 👼 Sys 🛍					
🐨 192.16 Ø	Link Mark				
d.	Link From 'Counter'				
C]] Rename				
-ŵ	Show Help				

Figure 140. Opening the Network Manager



Adding Modbus Networks

The networks may be added to the Network Manager twofold: dragging and dropping the Network component to the Modbus component from the Core library (in the Device Libraries window), or using a special Add function in the Network Manager view available in the bottom right corner.

Modbus 🗙			+		
	192.168.1.52:88 - Modbus				
Name	Status	Port	Enabled		
♦ ಈ Network	ок	Serial 1			
			Add		
Network Manager Wire Sheet Prop	erty Sheet		Network		

Figure 141. Adding the Modbus network

Using this Add button opens the dialog window, which allows to adjust the quantity of networks to be added.



Add	Components		C	x
	Bulk add components			
	Pattern		Quantity	
	[N]		• 2 ‡	
	Preview			J
	Old Name	New Name	Message	
	Network1	Network1		
	Network2	Network2		
		OK Canc	el	
				11.

Figure 142. Dialog window

Multiediting of Common Slots

The Network Manager view allows multiediting of common slots in components of the same type, for example, to enable all one-type components at once. Multiediting is available in the Object Properties window, upon selecting one-type components in the Network Manager with Ctrl or Shift keys.

8.5 Device Manager

8.5.1 BACnet

The Device Manager view is available for the BACnet Network component. It lists all devices added to the configured BACnet network. The Device Manager view shows the statuses, BACnet device names and IDs, and enabled or disabled states of the devices in the network. Once the device listed in the Device Manager is double clicked, the respective Device component is opened.

Workspace Tree 4	Network × +				
Enter text to search		192.168.1.52:88 - Network			
Workspace Tree					Enabled
→ 🗋 Site	Oevice	Down			
✓					
▶ 闘 Applications					
÷ ਨੂੰ Networks					
+ 🚭 Local IO					
← 🗇 BACnet					
+ 🗀 Interfaces					
RAC18-IP					
וויאס איז					
+ 🗇 Modbus					
🎉 Services					
► 🐻 System					
					Add 🝷
	Device Manager Wire She				

Figure 143. Device Manager

Opening Device Manager

The Device Manager view is accessible from the context menu of the Network component. It is also automatically opened if the Network component is double-clicked in the Workspace Tree window.



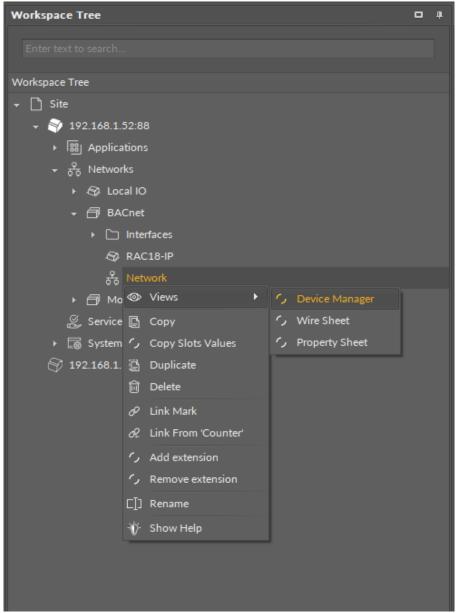


Figure 144. Opening the Device Manager

Adding BACnet Devices

The devices may be added to the BACnet network twofold: dragging and dropping the Device component to the Network component from the BACnet library (in the Device Libraries window), or using a special Add function in the Device Manager view available in the bottom right corner.

Network X				+			
	192.168.1.52:88 - Network						
Name	Status	Device Name	Device ID	Enabled			
Device	Down		1	true			
🚱 Device1				false			
				Add 🔫			
Device Manager Wire Sheet	Property Sheet			Device			

Figure 145. Add button in the Device Manager

Using this Add button opens the dialog window, which allows to adjust the quantity of devices to be added.



Add	Components		×	
	Bulk add components			;
	Pattern [N]		Quantity	
	Preview			
	Old Name	New Name	Message	
	Device2	Device2		
	Device3	Device3		
	Device4	Device4		
		OK Cance	el	1.

Figure 146. Dialog window

Multiediting of Common Slots

The Device Manager view allows multiediting of common slots in components of the same type, for example, to enable all one-type components at once. Multiediting is available in the Object Properties window, upon selecting one-type components in the Device Manager with Ctrl or Shift keys.

8.5.2 Modbus

The Device Manager view is available for the Modbus Network component. It lists all devices added to the configured Modbus network. The Device Manager view shows the statuses, device addresses, and enabled or disabled states of the devices in the network. Once the device, listed in the Device Manager, is double clicked, the respective Device component is opened.

Workspace Tree	Network X			
Enter text to search		192.168.1.123:88 - Network		
Workspace Tree		Status	Device Address	
- ➡ 🗋 Site	• 😚 Device	Down		
192.168.1.52:88				
▶ 闘 Applications				
ਦ 😤 Networks				
+ 🖓 Local IO				
► 🗇 BACnet				
👻 🗇 Modbus				
► 🗀 Interfaces				
🕸 RAC18-IP				
► 😤 Network				
🖉 Services				
► 🐻 System				Add
	Device Manager			

Figure 147. Device Manager view

Opening Device Manager

The Device Manager view is accessible from the context menu of the Network component. It is also automatically opened if the Network component is double-clicked in the Workspace Tree window.



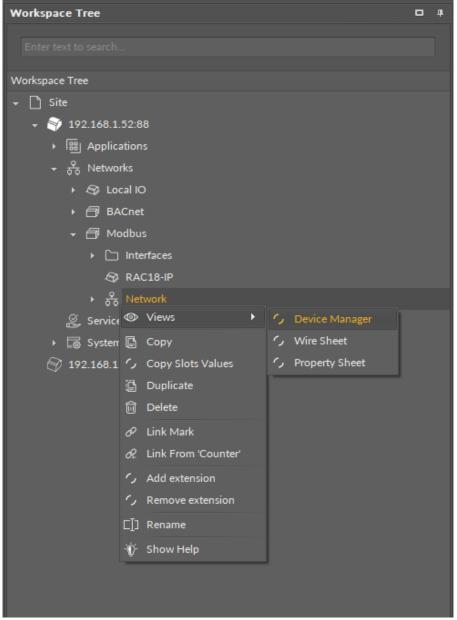


Figure 148. Opening the Device Manager

Adding Modbus Devices

The devices may be added to the Modbus network twofold: dragging and dropping the Device component to the Network component from the Modbus library (in the Device Libraries window), or using a special Add function in the Device Manager view available in the bottom right corner.

Network X				+
	192.16	58.1.52:88 - Network		
Name	Status	Device Address	Enabled	
► 🔗 Device	Down	1		
			Add	-
Device Manager Wire	Sheet Property Sheet		Device	
	Figure	2 149 Adding Modbus devices		

Figure 149. Adding Modbus devices

Using this Add button opens the dialog window, which allows to adjust the quantity of devices to be added.

Add Components		[x
Bulk add components			
Pattern [N] Preview		Quantity]
Old Name	New Name	Message	
Device1	Device1		
Device2	Device2		
Device3	Device3		
Device4	Device4		
	OK Cance	4	1.

Figure 150. Dialog window

Multiediting of Common Slots

The Device Manager view allows multiediting of common slots in components of the same type, for example, to enable all one-type components at once. Multiediting is available in the Object Properties window, upon selecting one-type components in the Device Manager with Ctrl or Shift keys.

8.6 Point Manager

8.6.1 LocalIO

The LocalIO Point Manager view is available for the LocalIO component. It lists all I/O points added to the LocalIO component, and shows their:

- Out slot value;
- unit (for analog values);
- status;
- number;
- enabled or disabled state.

Local IO) x					
		192.1	68.1.52:88 -	Local IO		
Name		Out	Unit	Status	Number	Enabled
• <10	AnalogOutput	0.00	m∨	ок		true
(i)	DigitalInput	false		ок		true
(ic)	DigitalInputCounter	0.00		ок		true
$\langle \hat{\omega} \rangle$	DigitalOutput	false		ок		true
٩	DipSwitch	0.00		ок	S1	true
(ip)	TriacOutput	0.00		ок		true
(ij)	UniversalInput	-327.60	°C	ок		true
						Add 🔫
Point M	lanager Wire Sheet Property	Sheet				

Figure 151. Point Manager view

8.6.2 Opening Point Manager

The Point Manager view is accessible from the context menu of the LocalIO component. It is also automatically opened if the LocalIO component is double-clicked in the Workspace Tree window.



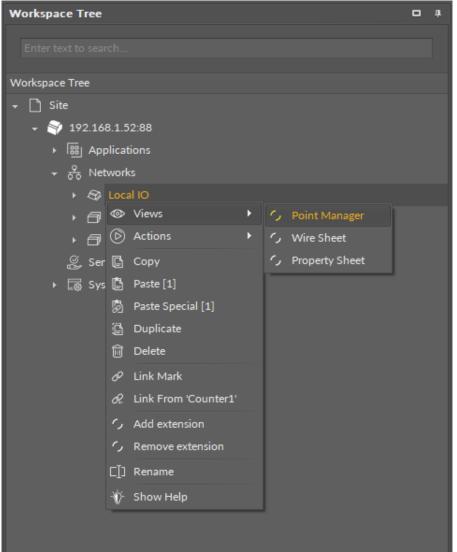


Figure 152. Opening the Point Manager view

8.6.3 Adding I/O Points

The I/O points may be added twofold: dragging and dropping the I/O points to the LocalIO component from the IO library (in the Device Libraries window), or using a special Add function in the LocalIO Point Manager view available in the bottom right corner. The Add function allows to add any of the I/O points available in the IO library.



Local IO) x					+
		192.1	68.1.52:88 -	Local IO		
Name		Out	Unit	Status	Number	Enabled
<u>۸۵</u>	AnalogOutput	0.00	m∨	ок		true
Ŵ	UniversalInput	-327.60	°C	ок		true
(i) (i)	DigitalInputCounter	0.00		ок		true
٩	DipSwitch	0.00		ок	S1	true
t	TriacOutput	0.00		ок		true
(i)	DigitalInput	false		ок		true
@	DigitalOutput	false		ок		true
						AnalogOutput
						DigitalInput
						DigitalInputCounter
						DigitalOutput
						UniversalInput
						TriacOutput
						DipSwitch
Point M	lanager Wire Sheet Propert	y Sheet				

Figure 153. Add button in the Point Manager

Using this Add button opens the dialog window, which allows to adjust the quantity of I/O points to be added.

	Add Components	(x
Bulk add components			
Pattern [N] Preview		Quantity	
Old Name	New Name	Message	
AnalogOutput1	AnalogOutput1		
AnalogOutput2	AnalogOutput2		
AnalogOutput3	AnalogOutput3		
	OK Cance		1.

Figure 154. Adjusting quantity of added IO points

8.6.4 Multiediting of Common Slots

The Point Manager view allows multiediting of common slots in components of the same type, for example, to enable all one-type components at once. Multiediting is available in the Object Properties window, upon selecting one-type components in the Point Manager with Ctrl or Shift keys.

8.6.5 BACnet

The Point Manager view is available for each device added to the BACnet network. It lists all BACnet points added to the Device component, and shows their Out slot value, status, object name and ID, polling mode, and enabled or disabled state.

Workspace Tree	ф.	Device 🗙							+
Enter text to search			192.168.1.52:88 - Device						
Workspace Tree				Out	Status	Object Name	Object ID	Polling Mode	Enabled
→ ☐ Site		Analogi		null	Down			Normal	
		⟨₿⟩ BinaryP		null	Down			Normal	
► 闘 Applications									
≁ 🖧 Networks									
► 🕾 Local IO									
👻 🗇 BACnet									
► 🗀 Interfaces									
► 🚭 RAC18-IP									
ע 🖧 Network									
> 😚 Device									
► 🗇 Modbus									
🖉 Services									
► 📑 System									
									Add 🔻
		Point Manager							

Figure 155. Point Manager

Opening the Point Manager

The Point Manager view is accessible from the context menu of the Device component. It is also automatically opened if the Device component is double-clicked in the Workspace Tree window.



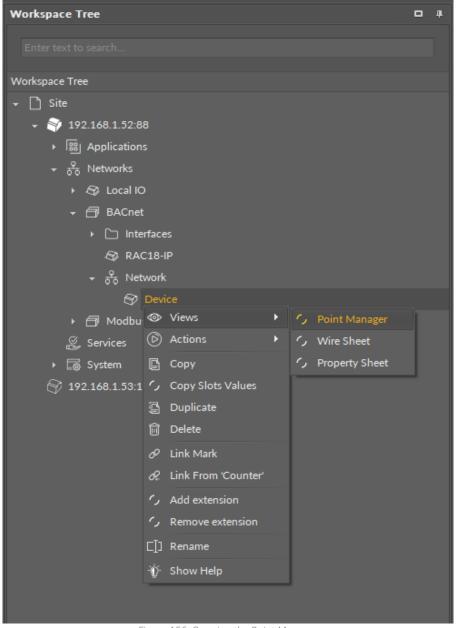


Figure 156. Opening the Point Manager

Adding BACnet Points

The BACnet points may be added to the device twofold: dragging and dropping the BACnet points to the Device component from the BACnet library (in the Device Libraries window), or using a special Add function in the Point Manager view available in the bottom right corner. The Add function allows to add any of the BACnet points available in the BACnet library.

Device X						+			
192.168.1.52:88 - Device									
Name	Out	Status	Object Name	Object ID	Polling Mode	Enabled			
					—				
						AnalogPoint			
						BinaryPoint			
						MultistatePoint			
						AnalogCustomPoint			
						BinaryCustomPoint			
						StringCustomPoint			
Point Manager Wire Sh	neet Property Sheet								
		Eic	oure 157. Add hutton						

Figure 157. Add button

Using this Add button opens the dialog window, which allows to adjust the quantity of BACnet Points to be added.

		Add Components	X	
I	Bulk add components			
	Pattern		Quantity	
	[N]		3 🗘	
	Preview			
	Old Name	New Name	Message	
	AnalogPoint	AnalogPoint		
	AnalogPoint1	AnalogPoint1		
	AnalogPoint2	AnalogPoint2		
		OK Cance	I	
				11.

Figure 158. Dialog window

Multiediting of Common Slots

The Point Manager view allows multiediting of common slots in components of the same type, for example, to enable all one-type components at once. Multiediting is available in the Object Properties window, upon selecting one-type components in the Point Manager with Ctrl or Shift keys.

8.6.6 Modbus

The Point Manager view is available for each device added to the Modbus network. It lists all Modbus Points added to the Device component, and shows their Out slot value, status, address, polling mode, and enabled or disabled state.



Workspace Tree 4	Device 🗙						
Enter text to search	192.168.1.123:88 - Device						
Workspace Tree					Address	Polling Mode	Enabled
👻 🗋 Site	🚯 Analog		null	Down		Normal	
192.168.1.52:88	 BinaryF		null				
	⟨ŝ∕ StringP		null	Down		Normal	
▶ 闘 Applications							
~ β° Networks							
+ 🚭 Local IO							
> 🗇 BACnet							
→ 🗇 Modbus							
Interfaces							
-⊗ RAC18-IP							
+ 융 Network							
+ 😚 Device							
炎 Services							
► 🐻 System							Add -
	Point Manager						

Figure 159. Point Manager

Opening Point Manager

The Point Manager view is accessible from the context menu of the Device component. It is also automatically opened if the Device component is double-clicked in the Workspace Tree window.



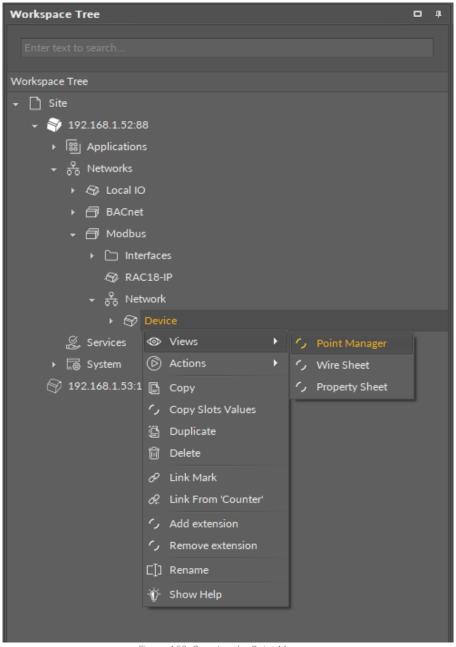


Figure 160. Opening the Point Manager

Adding Modbus Points

The Modbus points may be added to the device twofold: dragging and dropping the Modbus points to the Device component from the Modbus library (in the Device Libraries window), or using a special Add function in the Point Manager view available in the bottom right corner. The Add function allows to add any of the Modbus points available in the Modbus library.

De	evice	x					+	
	192.168.1.52:88 - Device							
	Name		Out	Status	Address	Polling Mode	Enabled	
Þ	$\langle \mathbf{\hat{k}} \rangle$	AnalogPoint	null	Down	1	Normal	true	
	(i)	BinaryPoint	null	Down	2	Normal	true	
	(ŝ)	StringPoint	null	Down		Normal	true	
	(FS)	MultistatePoint	null	Down		Normal	true	
							AnalogDoint	
							AnalogPoint BinaryPoint	
							BinaryPoint MultistatePoint	
							StringPoint	
Po	oint M	anager Wire Sheet P	roperty Sheet					

Figure 161. Add button

Using this Add button opens the dialog window, which allows to adjust the quantity of Modbus Points to be added.

Pattern		Quantity	
[N]		r 8	* *
- .			
Preview			
Old Name	New Name	Message	
BinaryPoint1	BinaryPoint1		
BinaryPoint2	BinaryPoint2		
BinaryPoint3	BinaryPoint3		
BinaryPoint4	BinaryPoint4		
BinaryPoint5	BinaryPoint5		
BinaryPoint6	BinaryPoint6		
BinaryPoint7	BinaryPoint7		
BinaryPoint8	BinaryPoint8		

Figure 162. Dialog window

Multiediting of Common Slots

The Point Manager view allows multiediting of common slots in components of the same type, for example, to enable all one-type components at once. Multiediting is available in the Object Properties window, upon selecting one-type components in the Point Manager with Ctrl or Shift keys.

8.7 Equipment Manager

The Equipment Manager is a special view that allows to manage the Equipment components, Data Points, and Folder components added to a specific Application component.



HVAC × +					
	192.168.1	.52:88 - HVAC			
Name	Out	Status	Enabled		
► 🔅 FCU1					
FCU2					
(A) OutsideAirTemp	0.00	ок	true		
				Add 🔫	
Equipment Manager Wire Shee	et Property Sheet				

Figure 163. Equipment Manager

The Equipment Manager lists all Equipment components and Data Points used in the specific Application component. The view shows the following fields:

- name of the Data Point;
- value on the Out slot;
- Data Point's status;
- enabled or disabled status.

The Equipment Manager view is not editable; however, it allows to add, remove, duplicate, and rename Equipment components, Data Points (withing the Equipment components and directly in the Application component), and Folder components, which help organize components in the application.

Once a specific Data Point is clicked in the Equipment Manager view, it is displayed in the Object Properties window, where it can be freely edited. Also, the view allows for multiediting of compatible Data Points-if compatible Data Points are selected in the Application Manager, their common slots are available for multiedition in the Object Properties window.



HVAC	: x			+				
	192.168.1.52:88 - HVAC							
Nan	ne	Out	Status	Enabled				
	Ŝ∲ FCU1							
	Ŝ∳ FCU2							
	(a) OutsideAirTemp	17.40	ок	true				
				AnalogDataPoint BinaryDataPoint				
				MultistateDataPoint				
				Equipment				
				Folder				
				AnalogSchedule				
				BinarySchedule				
				Calendar				

Figure 164. Options in the Equipment Manager

8.7.1 Opening the Equipment Manager

The Equipment Manager view is accessible in the context menu of the Application component.

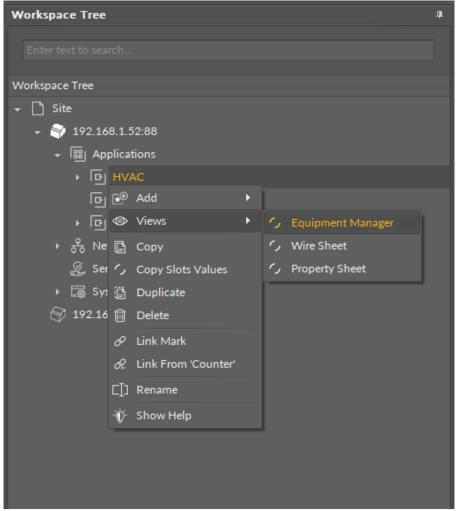


Figure 165. Accessing the Application Manager from the Applications container context menu

The Equipment Manager view is also automatically opened if either the Application component is double-clicked in the Workspace Tree window.

8.8 Applications Manager

The Applications Manager is a special view that allows to manage the Application components added to the Applications container.



Applications X				+				
	192.168.1.52:88 - Applications							
Name	Status	Scan Period	Scan Time	Enabled				
Application	ок	200		true				
[편] Application1	ок	200		true				
며 Application2	ок	200		true				
[편] Application3	ок	200		true				
				Add 🝷				
Applications Manager Data	Point Manager Wire She	et Property Sheet						

Figure 166. Applications Manager

The Applications Manager lists all the Application components used on the device. The view shows the following fields:

- name of the application;
- status;
- scan period;
- scan time;
- enabled or disabled status.

In the Applications Manager, it is possible to add, remove, copy, or duplicate Application components.

Applications ×								
192.168.1.52:88 - Applications								
Name	Status	Scan Period	Scan Time	Enabled				
lej нvac	ок	200						
며 Application2	ок	200						
Application1	ок	200						
ĭe® Add →								
Copy Copy Slots Values								
🛱 Duplicate								
🗍 Delete								
🔗 Link Mark								
& Link From 'Counter'								
[]] Rename								
- 🌾 Show Help								
				Add 🔹				
Applications Manager Data Point Ma	nager Wire Sheet F	Property Sheet						

Figure 167. Options in the Applications Manager

Applications ×					+
		192.168.1	L.52:88 - Applicatio	ns	
Name	Status	S	can Period	Scan Time	Enabled
머 Application	ок	20	00		true
P Application1	ок	20	00		true
면 Application2	ок	20	00		true
Application3	ок	20	00		true
					Add 🔫
Applications Manager	Data Point Manager	Wire Sheet Prop	erty Sheet		Application
		Figure 169 On	tions in the Applications W	lanagar	

Figure 168. Options in the Applications Manager

8.8.1 Opening the Applications Manager

The Applications Manager view is accessible in the context menu of the Applications container.

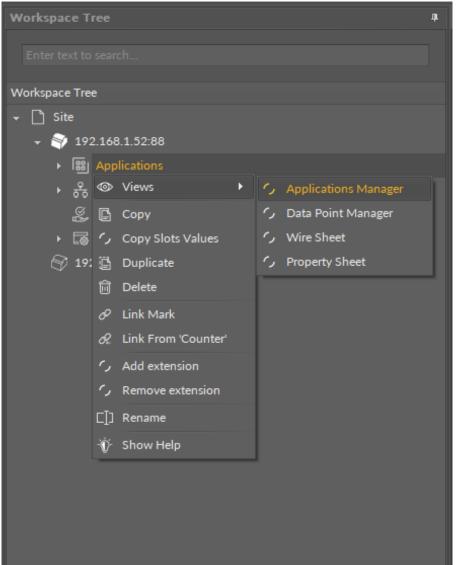


Figure 169. Accessing the Applications Manager from the Applications container context menu

The Applications Manager view is also automatically opened if the Applications container is double-clicked in the Workspace Tree window.

8.9 Backup Manager

The Backup Manager allows to perform and restore backups. The view is available in the Backups component in the System container.



Backups ×							
	192.168.1.52:88 - Backups						
	Local Backups						
Backup Name	Т	Timestamp	Device N	/lodel			
		 On Device Backups					
Backup Name		Timestamp		Model			
		Backup					
Backup Manager Wire	Sheet Property Sheet						

Figure 170. The Backup Manager view

The following options are available in the Backup Manager:

• **Backup:** creates a backup and saves it on the device; each next backup overwrites the last backup unless saved locally with the Download Backup option;

Backups 🗙		+				
192.168.1.52:88 - Backups						
	Local Backups					
Backup Name	Timestamp	Device Model				
	Done	x				
	Done	×				
Backup Name	Perform backup operation completed	successfully.				
Backup Manager Wire Sheet Property S	neet					



• **Download Backup:** downloads a backup to the PC and saves it under a selected name in the iSMA Tool's default backup folder (home\backup\nano EDGE ENGINE); after downloading, the backup is displayed in the Local Backups section;

Bad	:kups 🗙							+
	192.168.1.52:88 - Backups							
			I	.ocal Backups				
В	ackup Name		Timestam	p		Devid	e Model	
Þ	backup_4_20220111_13	2338	11/01/20	22 13:19		RAC	18-IP	
	🐻 hvac_1.0_mj		08/10/20	21 13:59		RAC	18-IP	
			On	Device Backups				
В	ackup Name		Timestam	p		Devid	e Model	
Þ	Backup_4		11/01/20	22 13:19		RAC	18-IP	
				Backup				
Ba	ckup Manager Wire Sheet	Property Sheet						

Figure 172. Backups downloaded locally

While downloading a backup, it is possible to set its individual name:

Backups 🗙					+		
192.168.1.52:88 - Backups							
		Local Backup	x				
Backup Name		Timestamp		Device Model			
backup_4_20220111_1	132338	11/01/2022 13:19		RAC18-IP			
hvac_1.0_mj		08/10/2021 13:59		RAC18-IP			
Г							
	Set backup nam	e		×			
		ctory name		_			
Backup Name	backup_	4_20220111_132613		lel			
▶ 🐻 Backup_4							
			ок с	ancel			
L							
		Backu	p Download Ba	ackup Delete Backup	Restore		
Backup Manager Wire Sheet	Property Sheet						

Figure 173. Setting backup's individual name

- Delete Backup: removes a backup from a selected location (PC or device);
- **Restore:** restores a backup to the device from a selected location (PC or most current backup saved on the device).

Backups 🗙		+			
192.168.1.52:88 - Backups					
	Local Backups				
Backup Name	Timestamp	Device Model			
backup_4_20220111_132338	11/01/2022 13:19	RAC18-IP			
 hvac_1.0_mj 	08/10/2021 13:59	RAC18-IP			
	Restore X				
	Choose what has to be restored				
8	Applications				
	Networks				
	Services				
	System	Device Model			
Backup_4	IP Settings	RAC18-IP			
	OK Cancel				
	Backup Download B	ackup Delete Backup Restore			
Backup Manager Wire Sheet Property Sheet					

Figure 174. Restoring a backup

While restoring a backup, it is possible to selected whether the IP address is restored from the backup too, or lest as set on the device. By default, the option to restore IP address from a backup is unchecked.

Note: The only thing subject to selection in backup restoring is the IP address. The other items, including users and passwords are restored from the backup.



Backups 🗙					+
	192	.168.1.52:88 - Backu	ıps		
Name		Value		Limits	
🕨 👻 🐻 Backups					
Action		None			
			Ca	incel	Save
Backup Manager Wire Sheet	Property Sheet				

Figure 175. The Bakcups component's read-only Action slot

The Backups component has one read-only slot:

• Action: informs, which action is currently ongoing.

8.10 Calendar

The Calendar view is designed to set one time or repeatable special days in a year. The view is automatically opened upon double-clicking of the component.

ID2.168.1.52:88 - Calendar Image: Colspan=1 Now 1 ist August - 31 st August Image: Colspan=1 Image: Colspan=1 Now 1 ist August - 31 st August Image: Colspan=1 Image: Colspan=1 Now 1 ist August - 31 st August Image: Colspan=1 Image: Colspan=1 Now 1 ist August - 31 st August Image: Colspan=1 Image: Colspan=1 Now 1 ist August - 31 st August Image: Colspan=1 Image: Colspan=1 Now 1 ist August - 31 st August Image: Colspan=1 Image: Colspan=1 Now 1 ist August - 31 st August Image: Colspan=1 Image: Colspan=1 Now 1 ist August - 31 st August Image: Colspan=1 Image: Colspan=1 Now No	Calendar 🗙									+
Christmas in 3 months 23th of December 2023 ✓ August close-off Now 1st August - 31st August 1 Mo			192.168	.1.52:88 - Calen	dar					
Christnas In 3 months 23th of December M August close-off Now 1st August - 31st August Independence day In 3 months 11th of November M I V 3 4 5 6 V August close-off Now 11th of November 11 12 13 I 1 0 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 I V V N N N N 10 11 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 3 I V N N N N N N N 10	All Events 🔹					Διισιιε	- Octo	her		
August close-off How Tit August - 3.31. August independence day in 3 months 11th of November independence day in 3 months 112 independence day in 3 months 112 independence day in 3 months 112 independence day in 3 months 1<						Augus				
independence day in 3 months 11th of November independence day in 3 months 11th of November i	✓ August close-off		st August - 31st August							
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 28 29 30 31 1 2 23 28 29 30 31 1 2 3 34 5 6 7 8 9 10 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 28 29 30 31 1 2 3 14 5 6 7 8 9 10 18 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 7 8 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 7 8 12 3 4	Independence day	In 3 months 11	1th of November							
1 15 16 17 18 19 20										
1 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 1 2 3 1 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 3 1 10 </td <td></td> <th></th> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
1 1										
Image: Set in the set in										
Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su 12 29 30 31 1 2 3 14 15 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 20 20 21 20 20 21 20 20 20 21 20										
1 1							Septe	mber 20		
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 5 5 7 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 5 5 8 5 5 8 5 6 7 8 8										
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 1										
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 1 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 October 2023 Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su 25 26 27 28 29 30 1 October 2023 20 24 25 6 7 8 26 27 28 29 30 1 23 24 25 6 7 8 20 24 27 28 29 30 1 23 24 25 6 7 8										
25 26 27 28 29 30 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 October 2023 Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su 25 26 27 28 29 30 1 20 24 27 28 29 30 1 20 24 27 28 29 30 1 26 27 28 29 30 1 26 27 28 29 30 1 26 27 28 29 30 1 20 3 4 5 6 7 8										
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 October 2023 Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su 25 26 27 28 29 30 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8										
October 2023 Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su 25 26 27 28 29 30 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8										
						23 24				
						30 31				
Add Clear Intelevant				Add						
Calendar Wire Sheet Property Sheet	Calendar Wire Sheet Prop									

Figure 176. The Calendar view



To add an event in the calendar, use the Add button in the bottom right corner of the view; a pop-up window appears.

Add	event		x
	BACnet priority	Type Name	
	16 🔻	Date Pattern 🔻	
		Date Pattern Date Range Week And Day Weekday + ny Day + Any Month + Any Year +	
	(Create Cancel	

Figure 177. The Add event dialog window - Date Pattern parameters

In the Add event dialog window, it is possible to set the following parameters:

- BACnet priority: from 1 to 16;
- Type: type of the event;
 - Available options: Date Pattern, Date Range, Week and Day;
- Name: allows to set a name of the event, specific to the user's requirements.

The type of event defines the data entered for each type.

For Date Pattern:

- weekday;
- specific day of a month;
- specific month of a year;
- specific year.

Each of these parameters may be left to any (Any Day, Any Month, etc.).

For Date Range:

- Since/Until: allows to specify a beginning or end day of the event (unchecked sets the "future" value);
- specific day, month, and year of a calendar date;
- Repeat every year: if checked, disables the year field.

Add event		x
BACnet priority 16 ▼	Type Name Date Range 🔻	
Since Until		
	Create Cancel	

Figure 178. The Add event dialog window - Date Range parametrs

For Week and Day:

• specific weekday, week, and month of the event.

Add event			x
BACnet priority Typ 16 ▼ We	e N ek And Day ▼	lame	
Any Weekc	lay 🔻 Any Week	✓ Any Month ▼	
	Create	Cancel	

Figure 179. The Add event dialog window - Week and Day parameters

The Clear Irrelevant button removes all event that already took place.

Please note that the events in the Calendar cannot be assigned a specific value. Specific values for these events may be set in a relevant schedule component (AnalogSchedule/BinarySchedule) by sourcing the Calendar in the Special Events view. All events in the Calendar will be then assigned with identical values if active. To assign a different type of values, create multiple Calendar components with events of corresponding types.

8.11 Time

The Time view is available for the Time component in the System container. The view shows a current time (date and time, time zone, and UTC offset) in the device, and allows to change time values (in the Desired window). The view also allows for enabling the use of a daylight saving time and changing its settings.



Time X			+
	192.168.1.52:8	38 - Time	
Current Current Date and Time O9 January Current Time Zone Custom	2023 07:37:30 +	Daylight Saving Tim Use Daylight Sa Status	
Current UTC Offset 00:00:00		Offset Start First ▼	Sund 🕶 of Janu. 👻 at 02:00 🗘
Desired			Sund 🔻 of Janu 🔻 at 02:00 🗘
Desired Time Zone Desired UTC Offset			
Fill Desired from Current	Fill from Local Time		
Time Wire Sheet Property Sheet			

Figure 180. Time view

The Time view has the following fields:

Current window

- · Current Date and Time: shows a current date and time values in the device;
- Current Time Zone: shows a current time zone value in the device;
- · Current UTC Offset: shows a current UTC offset value in the device;

Desired window

- Desired Date and Time: allows to set date and time values to be changed in the device;
- Desired Time Zone: allows to set a time zone value to be changed in the device;
- **Desired UTC Offset:** allows to set a UTC offset value to be changed in the device;
- Fill Desired from Current: writes current values to the desired fields;
- Fill from Local Time: writes PC local date and time values to the desired fields;

Daylight Saving Time (DST) window

- Use Daylight Saving Time: enables or disables using a daylight saving time;
- Status: informs if a daylight saving time is used (active/inactive);
- Offset: allows to set an offset value for a daylight saving time;
- Start: allows to set beginning date and time values for using a daylight saving time;
- Stop: allows to set ending date and time values for using a daylight saving time.

8.12 Weekly Schedule

The Weekly Schedule view is designed to set schedules for the AnalogSchedule, BinarySchedule, and MultistateSchedule components. The view is automatically opened upon double-clicking of the component.



192.168.1.52:88 - AnalogSchedule							
		Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday		

Figure 181. The Weekly Schedule view

To set a schedule, first, set the required time interval. If the required time interval lasts for an hour or less, double-click on the required day and time, open the context menu, choose Add Event option, and enter the required value and time limit in the displayed dialog window. If the required time is longer than an hour, click and hold the click on the beginning of the required time interval and drag until the end of it. Open the context menu, choose Add Event option, and set the required value in the displayed dialog window.

In case no specific value is set for a given time interval, the default value is applied.

An event can be added by double-clicking on a schedule or in a context menu.

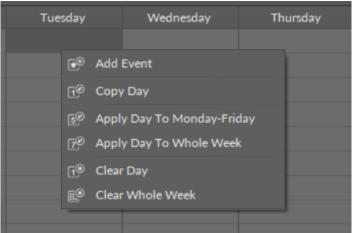


Figure 182. The context menu in the Weekly Schedule view

Value
Value
O
Start End
07:00 ‡ 08:00 ‡
OK Cancel
Cancer

Figure 183. Adding event in the AnalogSchedule component

The Event dialog window allows to enter basic data of an event, value and starting and ending time. Confirm with OK to set the event.

8.12.1 Context Menu for the Weekly Schedule View

The context menu of the Weekly Schedule view has the following options:

- · Add Event: opens the Event dialog window and allows to add a single event;
- · Copy Day: copies all events in a day the context menu is invoked for;
- Apply Day To Monday-Friday: copies all events in a day the context menu is invoked for, and pastes these events to Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday;
- Apply Day To Whole Week: copies all events in a day the context menu is invoked for, and pastes these events to all days in a week;

Note: If the Apply Day To Monday-Friday or Apply Day To Whole Week option is invoked on a day with no events, all events on other days will be erased.

- · Clear Day: removes all events scheduled for a day the context menu is invoked for;
- Clear Whole Week: removes all events in a whole week.

8.12.2 Context Menu for the Event

The context menu for a single event has the following options:

- Edit Event: opens the Event dialog window and allows to edit the selected event;
- · Delete Event: remove the selected event from the schedule.

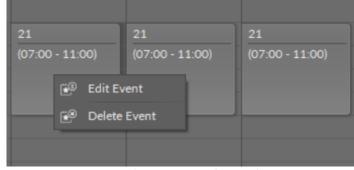


Figure 184. The context menu for a single event



Worth to Notice:

A single event can also be edited by a drag and drop method.

8.13 Special Events

The Special Events view is designed to set irregular events for the AnalogSchedule and BinarySchedule components. The view is automatically opened upon double-clicking of the component.

All Events -				
				07:00
		Add	Clear Irrelevant	
Weekly Schedule Special	Events Wire Sheet Pro			

Figure 185. The Special Events view

To add a special event, use the Add button in the bottom right corner of the view; the pop-up window appears.

In the Add event dialog window, it is possible to set the following parameters:

- BACnet priority: from 1 to 16;
- Type: type of the event;
 - Available options: Date Pattern, Date Range, Week and Day, Calendar;
- Name: allows to set a name of the event, specific to the user's requirements.

The type of event defines the data entered for each type.

Add event	
BACnet priority Type Name	
16 🔻 Date Pattern 👻	
Any Weekday 😽	
Any Day 👻 Any Month 👻 Any Year 👻	
Create Cancel	

Figure 186. The Add event dialog window - Date Pattern parameters

For Date Pattern:

- weekday;
- specific day of a month;
- specific month of a year;
- specific year.

Each of these parameters may be left to any (Any Day, Any Month, etc.).

Add event		x
BACnet priority 16 🔻	Type Name Date Range 👻	
Since Until		
Unui	Create Cancel	

Figure 187. The Add event dialog window - Date Range parameters

For Date Range:

- Since/Until: allows to specify a beginning or end day of the event (unchecked sets the "future" value);
- specific day, month, and year of a calendar date;
- Repeat every year: if checked, disables the year field.

For Week and Day:

• specific weekday, week, and month of the event.

Add ever	ıt					x
BAC prior	_	уре		Name		
16		Week And D	ay 🔻			
	Any We	ekday 👻	Any Week		Any Month	
		Create		Can	ncel	

Figure 188. The Add event dialog window - Week and Day parameters

For Calendar:

• source Calendar component.

Add	even	t			x
	BACr priori 16	ty	Type Calendar	Name	
			Calendar		
			Create	Cancel	

Figure 189. The Add event dialog window - Calendar parameters

Note: It is possible to set 24 exception event for 1 Calendar source component.

The Clear Irrelevant button removes all events that already took place.

8.13.1 Setting Values for Special Events

To set a value for special events created in the schedule, double click in the right column of the view to open the Event dialog window.

All Events -				
				07:00
	Value			
	Start	End		
	C	OK Cancel		
		Add	Clear Irrelevant	
Weekly Schedule Special Events Wire Sheet Pro	perty Sheet			

Figure 190. The Event dialog window

In the Event dialog window, set the value, start and end time of the event.



9 iC Tool with Sedona Devices

From the 1.2 version, the iC Tool supports devices based on the Sedona Framework.

9.1 Kit Manager

Kit manager is a special tool that allows to manage Sedona kits in the controller. Its most important functions are adding/removing kits and upgrading/downgrading their versions. The Kit Manager's view consists of two windows - the upper window displays a list of devices and commands to run selected actions, the lower window displays a list of kits, their versions, and actions to be performed.

Warning!

Every time kits are edited in the device, it requires a restart of the device.

Warning!

Working with the Kit Manager on the iSMA-B-FCU controller is blocked due to the construction and purpose of the controller.

9.1.1 Kits Installed in iC Tool

The Kit Manager may be opened in two ways-defining or without defining the device the Kit Manager will cooperate with-already at the start-up stage.

Opening the Kit Manager without defining the device it will work with, allows to check what kits are currently available (installed) in the iC Tool, which will be available to be added to the device in the next stage.

To open the Kit Manager with a list of kits available the in iC Tool it is necessary to go to the main menu -> View -> Device Managers -> Kit Manager.

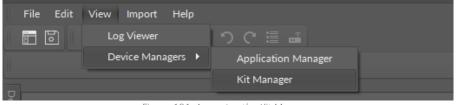


Figure 191. Accessing the Kit Manager

The appearing view consists of two sections: empty upper one for cooperating with devices and lower one with a kit list, see the figure below.



Kit Man	nager 🗙							+
Name			IP Address	Ту	pe	Commands		
On De		Name		Latest Local	Installed	Action	Status	
		basicSchedule		1.2.28				_ î
		control		1.2.28				
		datetime		1.2.28.105				
		datetimeStd		1.2.28				
		driver		1.2.28				
		func		1.2.28				
				1.2.28				
		inet		1.2.28.102				
		iSMA_AdvancedControl		1.2.28.101				
		iSMA_BACnet		1.2.28.114				
		iSMA_BACnetlpMaster		1.2.28.104				
		iSMA_BACnetMSTPMaster		1.2.28.107				
		iSMA_Building		1.2.28.110				
		iSMA_control		1.2.28.114				
		iSMA_controlApi		1.2.28.115				
		isma_dali		1.2.28.107				
		iSMA_datetime		1.2.28.1				
		isma_LCD		1.2.28.110				
		iSMA_localIO		1.2.28.106				
		iSMA MailService		1.2.28.103				

Figure 192. Kit Manager

The lower section shows an uneditable table where every row represents a kit installed in the iC Tool. The meaning of columns is as follows:

- On Device: informs whether the kit is currently installed on a chosen device. In this case the table shows only kits present in the iC Tool, so all the checkboxes in this column are empty;
- Name: shows a name of the kit;
- Latest Local: shows a number of the newest version of the kit installed locally in the iC Tool.

The list of kits visible in the table corresponds with a physical content of kits folder in the main iC Tool location: /home/kits. Proper placing of user's own kit in this location allows to add it to the Kit Manager.

To update kits in a device, the device to work with has to be exactly defined.

There are two methods to initiate the Kit Manager at the same time defining the device it will cooperate with. They are:

- initiating the Kit Manager from the context menu;
- initiating the Kit Manager from the Object Properties Window.

9.1.2 Adding Devices to Kit Manager

The function of adding the device to the Kit Manager, described below, may be used regardless of the method the Kit Manager has been initiated.

To add a single device or many devices at once to the Kit Manager, the required device needs to be dragged from the Workspace Tree into the upper part of the Kit Manager view, where the list of chosen devices is. There is also a possibility of dragging the whole subtree from the Workspace Tree with many devices at once. In this situation the iC Tool will filter the dragged objects and add only the devices to a view list. The figure below shows a view after dragging (adding) all the devices placed in the Site B–Shopping Centre subtree.

Workspace Tree	Kit Manage	r x						+
Enter text to search								
Enter text to search	♦ 🗹 ١٩						Update	
Workspace Tree								
👻 🗋 Site								
→ 192.168.1.53:1876								
▶ 😂 app								
			datetime					
			iSMA_Adv					
			ISMA_BAC					
			ISMA_BAC					
			ISMA_BAC					
			iSMA_Buil					
				trolApi				
			ISMA_DAL					
			iSMA date	time	1 2 28 1			

Figure 193. Devices added to the Kit Manager

After adding the devices to the Kit Manager, it is necessary to select one of the devices, which will be operated, by ticking a checkbox. Only when the device is defined, it will be possible to use the Kit Manager for this device.

Note: The Kit Manager allows to work with one device at a time. The device list in the upper part of the Kit Manager is used for an easy switching between devices.

9.1.3 Initiating Kit Manager from the Context Menu

Another method to add a single device to work with the Kit Manager is using the context menu, initiated on the device in the Workspace Tree window, see the figure below.

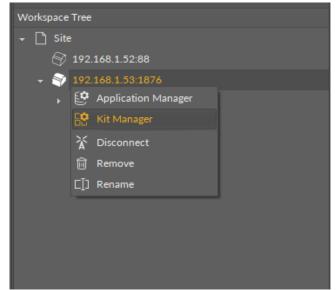


Figure 194. Initiating the Kit Manager from a context menu

After automatic opening of the Kit Manager, the device is added in the upper area of the view, as shown on the figure below.



Name	Firmware	IP Address	Туре	Commands
192.168.1.53:1876		192.168.1.53	Unknown	Connect Update Re
192.100.1.33.1070		172.100.1.33	OIKIOWI	Connect Opdate Re

Figure 195. Kit Manager opened for a device

If the device parameters shown in the table (such as on the figure above) are not specified, before working further with the device it needs to be connected using a Connect button. After a correct authorization and connection with the device, all the device parameters will be shown as on the figure below.

K	it Manager 🗙					+
		Firmware	IP Address	Туре	Commands	
Þ	V 192.168.1.53:1876	6.3	192.168.1.53	AAC20	Disconnect Update	Remove

Figure 196. Kit Manager for a connected device

It is now possible for the Kit Manager to work with this device.

9.1.4 Initiating Kit Manager from the Object Properties

Another convenient way of initiating the Kit Manager for a preselected device is using the button available in the Object Properties window.



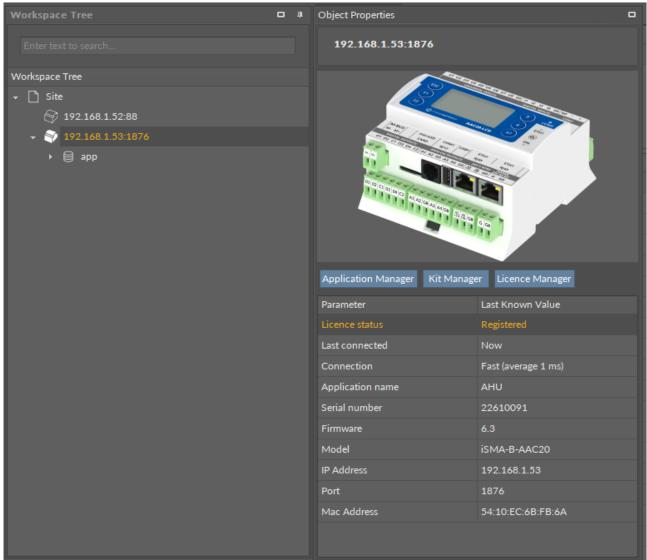


Figure 197. Initiating the Kit Manager in the Object Properties window

After selecting the device in the Workspace Tree, its data will be shown in the Object Properties window, as shown on the figure above. It is possible that data will partially be not available due to a lack of information about the device until connecting with this device. Regardless of whether the device is connected or offline, the Kit Manager can be started by pressing the Kit Manager button, which will open with a device chosen.

9.1.5 Adding External Kits

The iC Tool allows to expand the default kit base with external kits, for example, user's own kits. To add them, select the Import Framework Files option, available in the main menu under Import:

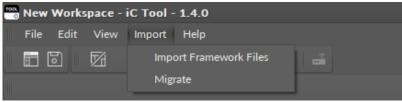


Figure 198. Import options

Once selected, a dialog window opens to specify the location of the imported files.



	Import Framework Files	x
Import kits and platform definitions for	Sedona or libraries and operating systems for nE2.	
Choose Sedona or nE2 compatible file:		
Click here in order to choose the file		
	OK Cancel	

Figure 199. Adding external kits

The iC Tool may import single files or compressed folders with .zip extension containing a single kit or whole packages containing kits, manifests, and .par files.

Note: The iC Tool can read the .zip files including other .zip files containing kits, manifests, and .par files, and can display a summary of how many files have been imported at the end of the process, in a window and in console, as shown on the figure below. If such package contains files, which are not kits, manifests, or .par files, they are skipped.

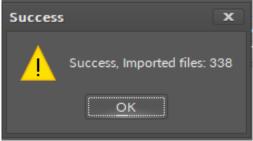


Figure 200. Successful upload

After a successful import the added kits are uploaded to the Kit Manager. The list of kits, which can be installed on the selected device, is displayed in the bottom part of the Kit Manager view It includes the kits, which were added manually. If the external kits do not appear on the list of available kits, it means they are not compatible with the selected device and cannot be uploaded. In this case, after deselecting the device, external kits will be displayed on the list in the lower part of the view, because in this mode the iC Tool shows all kits installed in it.

9.1.6 Using the Kit Manager

After choosing the device to work with, using methods described earlier, a table with a list of kits is shown in the bottom part of the Kit Manager. In the upper part of the table, the kits, which are currently installed in the device, are grouped, and in the lower part of the table there are filtered kits, fitting to a selected device, which are available to be loaded into the device. After deselecting the device, the filter will be turned off, and a whole list of locally available kits will be shown in the iC Tool, see the figure below.

Kit Ma	anager X								-
Nam	ie		Firmware	IP Address		Туре	Commands		
▶	/ 192.168.1.53:1	376	6.3	192.168.1.53		AAC20	Disconnect	Update	Remove
On E	Device	Name			 Latest Local	Installed	Action	Status	
	\checkmark				1.2.28.105	1.2.28.105	1.2.28.105		
• к	(it cannot be unins	talled because							
	\checkmark	inet			1.2.28.102	1.2.28.102	1.2.28.102		
	\checkmark	iSMA_contr	ol		1.2.28.114	1.2.28.113	1.2.28.113		
	(it cannot be unins	talled because							
	\checkmark	iSMA_contr	olApi		1.2.28.115	1.2.28.115	1.2.28.115		
	(it cannot be unins	talled because							
	\checkmark	iSMA_LCD			1.2.28.111	1.2.28.111	1.2.28.111		
	\checkmark	iSMA_Nativ	eLibs		1.2.28.101	1.2.28.101	1.2.28.101		
	\checkmark	iSMA_platA	AC20		1.2.28.111	1.2.28.111	1.2.28.111		
	(it cannot be unins	talled because							
	\checkmark				1.2.28.103	1.2.28.103	1.2.28.103		
		talled because							
	\checkmark				1.2.28.108	1.2.28.108	1.2.28.108		
		basicSchedu	ule		1.2.28				
		control			1.2.28				
		driver			1.2.28				
		func			1.2.28				
		hvac			1.2.28				

Figure 201. The Kit Manager

The columns in the above table are defined as follows:

- On Device: shows if a particular kit is already installed on the selected device;
- Name: the name of the kit;
- Latest Local: the number of the latest kit version installed locally in the iC Tool;
- Installed: the number of the kit version currently installed on the device;
- Action: the list of kits versions, which are available locally in the iC Tool and are ready to be installed on the device. A version number to be installed on the device is chosen from a drop-down menu (upgrade or downgrade process).
- Status: the column informs about an action that will be taken on the selected kit.

The user's role is limited to editing two columns: On Device and Action.

Operations on Kits

Below there are descriptions how to remove, replace, and add a kit to a device.

Adding Kits

In order to add the kit to the device, select its checkbox, and, if needed, define the version of added kit (by default, the newest version is selected). The Install command appears in the Status column, and the kit is added once the user confirms the Update command in the upper Device panel of the Kit Manager.



Kit Manager 🛛 🗙											
Name		Firmware		IP Address		Туре			Commands		
√ 192.168.1.5	:1876	6.3		192.168.1.53		AAC2	20		Disconnect	Update	Remove
On Device	Name				 Latest Local		Installed	Actio		Status	
\checkmark					1.2.28.103		1.2.28.103	1.2.2	8.103		
		e its components are used	l in the applica								
					1.2.28.108		1.2.28.108	1.2.2	8.108		
Kit cannot be un	basicSched	e its components are used	i in the applica		1.2.28						
	control	uie			1.2.28						
	driver				1.2.28						
					1.2.28						
	func										
					1.2.28						
		ancedControl			1.2.28.101						
 ✓ 	iSMA_BAC							1.2.2	8.114	Install	
		netlpMaster			1.2.28.104						
		netMSTPMaster			1.2.28.107						
	iSMA_Build	ding			1.2.28.110						
	isma_dali				1.2.28.107						

Figure 202. Adding a kit

Upgrading/Downgrading Kits

The kit installed on the device may be replaced by installing its newer or older version. Both upgrade and downgrade operations are done by choosing a proper number of the kit version in the Action column.



Kit	Manager 🗙								+
N	lame		Firmware	IP Address		Туре	Com	nands	
	192.168.1.53:1	376	6.3	192.168.1.53		AAC20	Disc	onnect Update	Remove
0)n Device	Name			 Latest Local	Installed	Action	Statu	
	\checkmark	datetime			1.2.28.105	1.2.28.105	1.2.28.105		-
	Kit cannot be unins	talled because							
	\checkmark	inet			1.2.28.102	1.2.28.102	1.2.28.102		
	\checkmark	iSMA_contr	ol		1.2.28.114	1.2.28.113	1.2.28.113		
	Kit cannot be unins	talled because							
	\checkmark	iSMA_contr	olApi		1.2.28.115	1.2.28.115	1.2.28.115		
		talled because							
	\checkmark	isma_lcd			1.2.28.111	1.2.28.110	1.2.28.111	-	
	\checkmark	iSMA_Nativ	eLibs		1.2.28.101	1.2.28.101	1.2.28.111	:	
	\checkmark	iSMA_platA	AC20		1.2.28.111	1.2.28.111	1.2.28.110		
		talled because					1.2.28.107		
	\checkmark				1.2.28.103	1.2.28.103	1.2.28.106 1.2.28.104		
	Kit cannot be unins	talled because					1.2.28.104	-	
	\checkmark				1.2.28.108	1.2.28.108	1.2.28.108		
		talled because							
		basicSchedu			1.2.28				
		control			1.2.28				
		driver			1.2.28				
		func			1.2.28				
		hvac			1.2.28				

Figure 203. Selecting a version to upgrade or downgrade in the Action column

Depending if the current kit is replaced with a newer or older one, the iC Tool will display the planned action in the Status column, Upgrade or Downgrade.



Kit Mana	ager X											+
Name			Firmware	IP Ad	dress		Туре			Commands		
• √	192.168.1.53:18	76	6.3	192.1	168.1.53		AAC	20		Disconnect	Update	Remove
On Dev	vice	Name				 Latest Local		Installed	Actio		Status	
	\checkmark	datetime				1.2.28.105		1.2.28.105	1.2.28	3.105		<u>^</u>
	cannot be uninst	alled because										
	\checkmark	inet				1.2.28.102		1.2.28.102	1.2.28	3.102		
	\checkmark	iSMA_contr	ol			1.2.28.114		1.2.28.113	1.2.28	3.113		
		alled because										
	\checkmark	iSMA_contr	olApi			1.2.28.115		1.2.28.115	1.2.28	3.115		l
	cannot be uninst	alled because										
	\checkmark	iSMA_LCD				1.2.28.111		1.2.28.110	1.2.28	3.111	Upgra	de
	\checkmark	iSMA_Nativ	eLibs			1.2.28.101		1.2.28.101	1.2.28	3.101		
	\checkmark		AC20							3.110	👻 Down	grade
	cannot be uninst	alled because										
	\checkmark					1.2.28.103		1.2.28.103	1.2.28	3.103		
		alled because	its components are used in th									
	\checkmark					1.2.28.108		1.2.28.108	1.2.28	3.108		
		basicSchedu	lle			1.2.28						
		control				1.2.28						
		driver				1.2.28						
		func				1.2.28						
		hvac				1.2.28						

Figure 204. Upgrade or downgrade options

Removing/Uninstalling Kits

If a user deselects the checkbox, the selected kit is chosen to be removed. The Uninstall command appears in the Status column, and the kit is removed once the user confirms the Update command in the upper Device panel of the Kit Manager.



(it Manager 🗙 Name		Firmware	IP Address		Туре	Commands		
√ 192.168.1.5	0.4074	6.3	192.168.1.53		AAC20	Disconnect	Update	Remove
On Device	Name			 Latest Local	Installed	Action	Status	
\checkmark	datetime			1.2.28.105	1.2.28.105	1.2.28.105		
	installed because		l in the application					
\checkmark	inet			1.2.28.102	1.2.28.102	1.2.28.102		
✓	iSMA_cont	rol		1.2.28.114	1.2.28.113	1.2.28.113		
Kit cannot be ur	installed because	e its components are use	l in the application					
\checkmark	iSMA_cont	rolApi		1.2.28.115	1.2.28.115	1.2.28.115		
			l in the application					
\checkmark	iSMA_LCD			1.2.28.111	1.2.28.110	1.2.28.110		
\checkmark	iSMA_local	Ю		1.2.28.106	1.2.28.106	1.2.28.106		
✓	iSMA_Nativ	veLibs		1.2.28.101	1.2.28.101	1.2.28.101		
	ecked because of	f the references with kits:	iSMA_localIO, sox					
\checkmark	iSMA_plat4	AC20		1.2.28.111	1.2.28.111	1.2.28.111		
Kit cannot be ur		e its components are use	l in the application					
	iSMA_weat	her		1.2.28.202	1.2.28.202		Uninsta	əll
\checkmark				1.2.28.103	1.2.28.103	1.2.28.103		
	installed because		l in the application					
\checkmark				1.2.28.108	1.2.28.108	1.2.28.108		
	installed because		l in the application					
Kit cannot be ur	basicSched	ule		1.2.28				

Figure 205. Removing kits

In order for the kit to be removed, the components used in the application shall be removed, or the kit needs to be left installed.

Completing Operations - Updating Kits

After defining the kits to be added, removed, or changed the Update command needs to be confirmed in the upper Device panel of the Kit Manager. The Update command is displayed in the Commands column.



Kit Manager 🛛 🗙									
Name	lame Firmware IP Ad		IP Address	IP Address Ty		Commands			
✓ 192.168.	1.53:1876	6.3	192.168.1.53		AAC20	Disconnect	Update Remov		
On Device	Name			Latest Local	Installed	Action	Status		
\checkmark	datetime			1.2.28.105	1.2.28.105	1.2.28.105			
Kit cannot be	e uninstalled because								
\checkmark	inet	inet			1.2.28.102	1.2.28.102			
\checkmark	iSMA_cont	iSMA_control			1.2.28.113	1.2.28.113			
Kit cannot be	uninstalled because								
\checkmark	iSMA_cont	iSMA_controlApi			1.2.28.115	1.2.28.115			
Kit cannot be	uninstalled because								
\checkmark	iSMA_LCD			1.2.28.111	1.2.28.110	1.2.28.111	Upgrade		
\checkmark	iSMA_local	iSMA_localIO		1.2.28.106	1.2.28.106	1.2.28.106			
\checkmark	iSMA_Nativ	iSMA_NativeLibs			1.2.28.101	1.2.28.101			
Cannot be ur	nchecked because of	f the references with kits: iS	MA_localIO, sox						
\checkmark	iSMA_platA	AAC20		1.2.28.111	1.2.28.111	1.2.28.110	Downgrade		
Kit cannot be	uninstalled because								
	iSMA_weat	ther		1.2.28.202	1.2.28.202		Uninstall		
\checkmark				1.2.28.103	1.2.28.103	1.2.28.103			
Kit cannot be uninstalled because its components are used in the application									
\checkmark				1.2.28.108	1.2.28.108	1.2.28.108			
Kit cannot be	uninstalled because								
				1.2.28		1.2.28			
\checkmark									

Figure 206. Updating kits

While updating the kits in the device, the iC Tool interface is blocked for the time.

Warning!

Finalizing the kits update requires restarting the device.

After restarting the device iC Tool reconnects with the device.

Note: The update process is monitored in detail in the Console window, which helps in analyzing the situation in case the update could not be completed.

9.2 Application Manager

The Application Manager is a tool that allows to manage applications of a specific device and the applications saved locally in the iC Tool.

The Application Manager allows to:

- manage applications saved locally in the iC Tool;
- load applications to the device;
- download applications from the device.

Warning!

Loading an application to the device overwrites the application already saved in the device.



Warning!

Each loading of application to the device requires restarting the device.

Application Manager may be initiated in two ways: without defining the device it will work with and with defining the device it will work with.

9.2.1 Applications Installed in iC Tool

Opening the Application Manager without defining the device it will work with, allows to check what applications are currently saved in the iC Tool, which will be available to load into the device at the next stage.

To initiate the Application Manager with a list of applications available in the iC Tool go to the main menu: View -> Device Managers -> Application Manager.

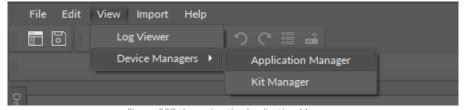


Figure 207. Accessing the Application Manager

The view which will appear is organized into two sections: upper, showing no connected devices, and lower with a list of available applications, see the figure below.

Appl	ication Manager 🛛 🗙							+
	Name Firmware		IP Address		Туре		Commands	
Na	me	Modification Date		Platform		Commai	nds	
	DefaultAAC20.sax	16/11/2020 12:20:52		AAC20		P	ut App	Delete
	DefaultFCU.sax	16/11/2020 12:20:52		FCU		P	ut App	Delete
		Γ	igure 208 Annli	cation Manag	or			

Figure 208. Application Manager

Lower section shows a table where every row represents an application saved in the iC Tool along with a respective .sax file. In the iC Tool structures the .sax file is placed in the / home/Applications folder. Copying a custom application (.sax file) to this location allows to add it to Application Manager.

The meaning of columns is as follows:

- Name: the name of application and associated .sax file. The user can edit the name by clicking the application name. Renaming the application automatically changes the name of the .sax. file.
- Modification Date: the date of the last modification of the. sax file.

- Platform: the type of the device, which the application was downloaded from.
- **Commands:** buttons allowing to send the application to a particular device (Put App button) and the Delete button removing local application along with the .sax file from the iC Tool.

Warning!

Using the Delete button removes not only an application from the Application Manager list, but also a physical .sax file from the hard drive.

To download or upload an application from/to the device, the device to work with needs to be specifically defined.

There are a few ways to initiate the Application Manager:

- initiating the Application Manager from the context menu;
- initiating the Application Manager from the Object Properties window.

The rules of initiating the iC Tool Managers, as well as choosing the device to work with, are discussed in detail in the Kit Manager section.

9.2.2 Using the Application Manager

After defining the device to work with, the upper part of Application Manager will look similarly to the figure below. In the upper part there is a list of devices, and only one device can by chosen at a time by selecting a checkbox.

Application Manager 🛛 🗙							+
Name	Firmware	IP Address		Туре	Commands		
192.168.1.53:1876				AAC20	Disconnect	Get App	Remove
Name	Modification Date		Platform		Commands		
DefaultAAC20.sax	18/09/2023 15:00:56		AAC20		Put App		Delete
			cation Manag				

Figure 209. Application Manager

The columns in the above table are defined as follows:

- On Device: shows if a particular kit is already installed on the selected device;
- Name: the name of the kit;
- Latest Local: the number of the latest kit version installed locally in the iC Tool;
- Installed: the number of the kit version currently installed on the device;

- Action: the list of kits versions, which are available locally in the iC Tool and are ready to be installed on the device. A version number to be installed on the device is chosen from a drop-down menu (upgrade or downgrade process).
- Status: the column informs about an action that will be taken on the selected kit.

The user's role is limited to editing two columns: On Device and Action.

Operations on Applications

Below there are descriptions how to remove, replace, and add a kit to a device.

Downloading Application from Device (Get App)

After connecting with a chosen device its application can be downloaded by pressing the Get App button, see the figure below.

Application Manager 🛛 🗙							+
Name	Firmware	IP Address		Туре	Commands		
192.168.1.53:1876				AAC20	Disconnect	Get App	Remove
Name	Modification Date		" Platform		Commands		
DefaultAAC20.sax	18/09/2023 15:00:56		AAC20		Put App	۵	Delete

Figure 210. Download application

After initiating the command, a starting process reads an application from the device and creates the .sax file (with a name consisting of the application name and the device's IP address). This process blocks the iC Tool for the time of its operation. The newly created file will be added to the list of available applications saved in the iC Tool, and the physical .sax file will be located in the iC Tool main folder (/home/Applications). The default name of the application file may be changed by editing the Name column.

Note: Downloading an application from the device does not stop or restart the device. Downloading does not disrupt the device's work in any way other than pausing its interface for the time of downloading.

Note: Application downloading process is monitored in detail in the Console window, which helps to analyze the situation, in case downloading the application could not be completed.

Uploading Application to Device (Put App)

Application uploading procedure needs to begin with defining the device to work with Application Manager by selecting a checkbox for a particular device in the upper part of the Manager view.

Next, one of the available applications in the lower part of the Manager needs to be selected by pressing the Put App button in the Commands column.

Warning!

Pressing the Put App button will overwrite the application already installed in the device and reset the device in the final phase of the process.

The figure below shows a situation before beginning of the application upload into the iSMA-B-AAC20 controller, where the user is asked for confirmation due to overwriting of the application currently installed in controller.

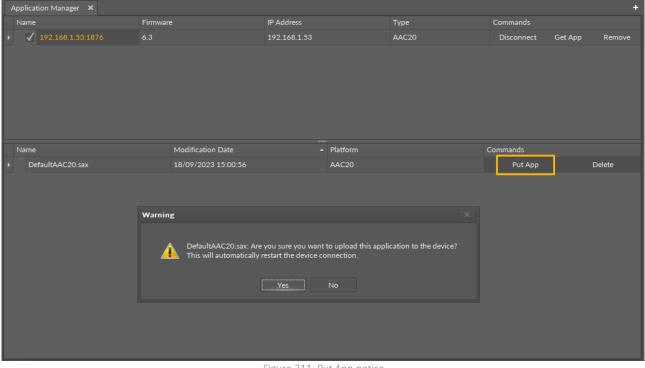


Figure 211. Put App notice

After approving the confirmation, a process blocking the iC Tool interface runs for a period of time, when the iC Tool uploads a chosen application and restarts and reconnects the device.

Note: Application uploading process is monitored in detail in the Console window, which helps to analyze the situation when application upload could not finish.

9.3 Services

This section outlines services available for Sedona-based devices.

9.3.1 Historical Data

The iC Tool allows to perform an analysis of historical trends by using two views, History Chart and History Table. The first view allows to work with a single trend or many trends

on a graph versus time. The second view is a table of registered samples of one of the processes.

Accessing both views is possible from the Workspace Tree at app -> service -> history -> db1. Under the db1 component, which is a historical database, there are historical variables registered in the iC Tool shown by components (see the figure below).

 ② time ▲ alarm ④ history ✓ db1 ✓ Setpoint ✓ T_Supply ✓ T_Return
 ✓ history ✓ db1 ✓ Setpoint ✓ T_Supply ✓ T_Return
→ 🗃 db1 ↓ ✓ Setpoint ↓ ✓ T_Supply ↓ ✓ T_Return
ليرا Setpoint ليرا T_Supply ليرا T_Return
لي T_Supply
T_Return
"√ Pump2_Out
مر OutsideTemp
<u>~</u> ∕ RecepSetpoint
<u>⊿∕</u> RecepTemp
<u>⊿∕</u> Pump1_Out
<u>⊿∕</u> Pumps
لً <u>√</u> his1
his2
— his3
Cosinus
random _

Figure 212. db1 component's tree

Opening any component under the db1 component will open the selected component in the main screen along with the History Chart and History Table.



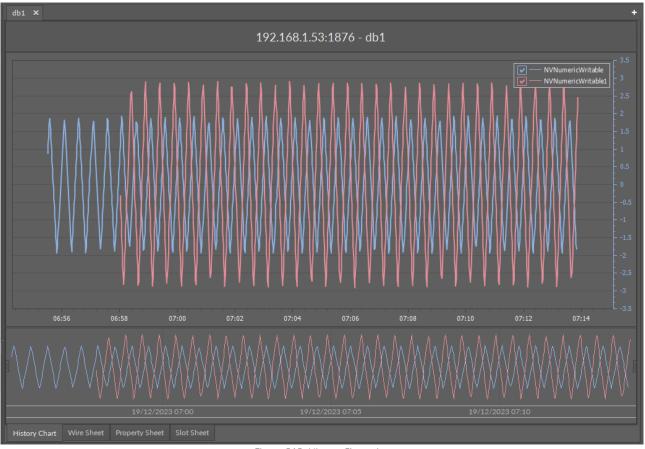


Figure 213. History Chart view

The second method of working with historical data is expanding the db1 component and dragging the component we are interested in from the Workspace Tree to an empty History Chart view. The figure below shows the empty History Chart view of the db1 component before selecting the component to present its historical data.



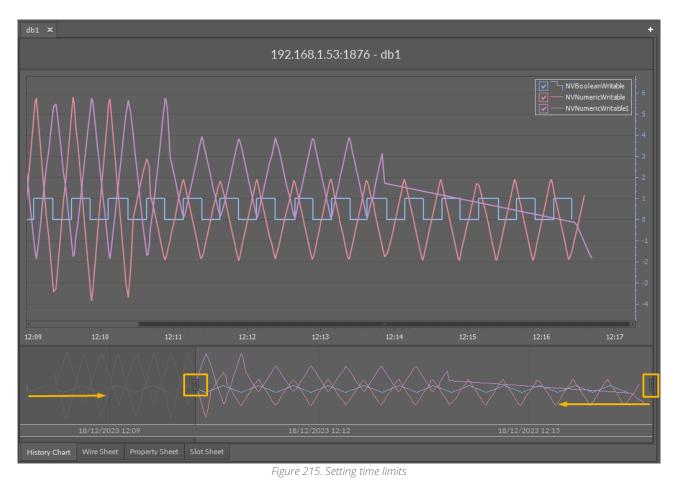


Figure 214. Empty History Chart

History Chart View

The History Chart view is a view dedicated for a graphic presentation of historical data versus time. The graph is located in the main area of the view. Below is a smaller area with a preview of the whole available range saved in the controller.

In the preview area there is a possibility of setting time limits against which the trend will be drawn in the main area above.



After setting the time limits, the corresponding graph has been significantly narrowed and looks as shown on the figure below.



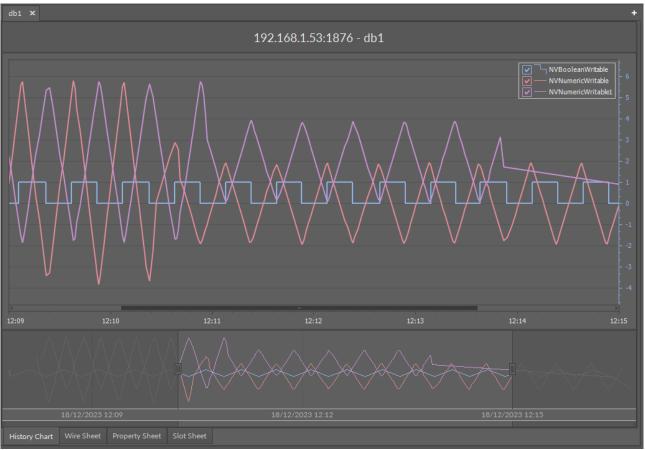


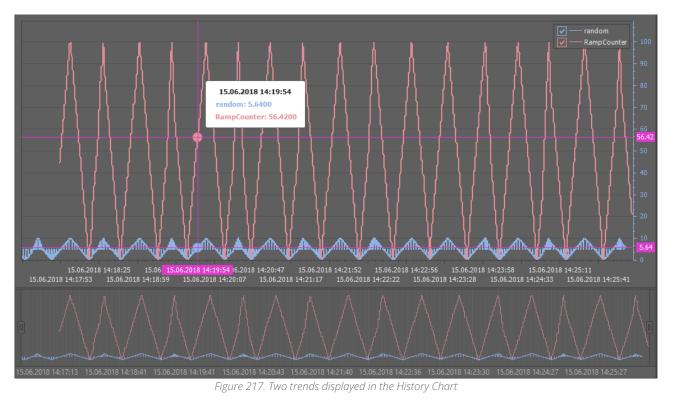
Figure 216. Graph after setting time limits

To analyze values on the History Chart move the mouse pointer over the registered samples–it shows their precise values. Additionally, the auxiliary lines show values on vertical and horizontal axes of the graph.

Clicking and holding the click allows to move the graph, while using the mouse wheel allows to zoom in/out the fragment of a graph. Each change of the graph's range is updated in the preview area under the graph.

It is possible to add another trend to the observed chart and display them both simultaneously for analysis. To add another trend it needs to be dragged from the Workspace Tree, from under the db1 tree to the opened chart. The figure below shows a situation after adding the RampCounter trend.



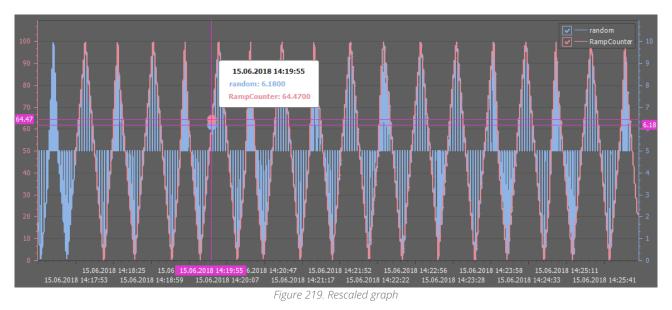


After adding another trend, the upper graph and the preview area have been updated accordingly. As the two trends are displayed simultaneously, the auxiliary lines track and show registered samples for the two trends independently.

By default, after adding a second trend the value scale is common for both processes, but individual scales can be displayed for each of historical processes. This is allowed by the Enable/Disable Secondary Axes option in the context menu of the graph.



After initiating an individual oy axis, for each of the processes, trends are automatically rescaled to cover as big part of the graph area as possible (see the figure below).



A function of temporary hiding of historical trends is available when working with many trends. In order to temporarily hide the trend, deselect it on the key placed in the upper right corner of the graph.

The remaining options of the context menu allow to return to the default values of zoom with the Reset Zoom function, and to export or print the graph with the Export/Print function.

Initiating the Export/Print function starts a Preview application allowing to print and export the displayed graph. The offered export formats are .pdf, .html, .docx, .xlsx, .bmp, .gif, .jpeg, .png, .tiff, .emf, and .wmf. A detailed description of the function is available in the Exporting and Printing Program–Preview section.

Exporting and Printing Program (Preview)

The Preview program is launched with the Export/Print option in the history chart context menu. Exporting or printing the graph requires defining few of the parameters described below.



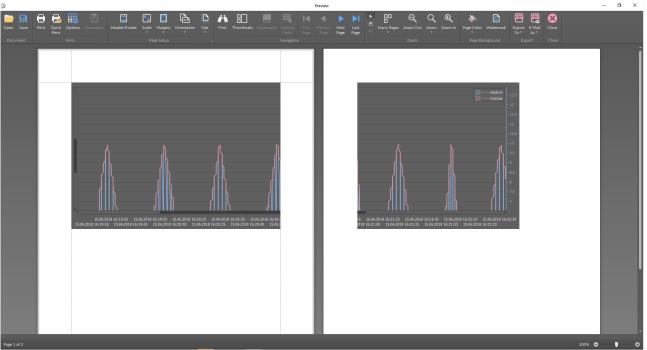


Figure 220. Preview program

The program toolbar offers functions to adjust the graph to be exported or printed. The basic editing options are the following:

Page setup:

- Header/Footer: allows to define a header or footer for the document;
- Scale: allows to scale the contents to a page size;
- Margins: allows to set margins of an exported/printed page;
- Orientation: changes page orientation to horizontal or vertical;
- Size: allows to set the size of an exported/printed page.

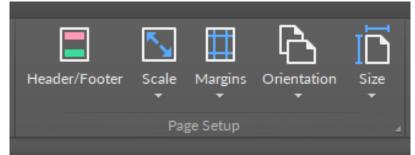


Figure 221. Page setup toolbar

Page background:

- Page Color: allows to set a background color of an exported/printed page;
- Watermark: allows to add a watermark across an exported/printed page.

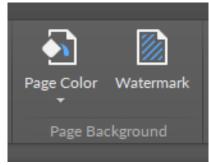


Figure 222. Page background toolbar

							Preview							30	– 8 ×
Open Save	Options Parameters Print	Header/Footer	Scale Margins (Orientation Size	E Find Thumbna				AST Q Many	Zoom	Q 🕀 ut zoom zoon	Watermark ackground	Close		
					100	pa p	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	204	Hai 192	2 = Minis	Annual 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4				
Page 1 of 1														87%	• •

Figure 223. Graph adjusted to exporting/printing

Once the document is edited and adjusted to be printed or exported, the toolbar includes further actions buttons:

- Open: allows to open a previously saved file to be exported or printed;
- Save: allows to save a file for further action in available formats: .pdf, .html, .docx, .xlsx, .bmp, .gif, .jpeg, .png, .tiff, .emf, and .wmf;
- Print: launches printing and allows to choose the printer and its parameters;
- · Quick Print: launches printing with default printing settings;
- Options: allows to set printing options regarding resizing a chart when printing;
 Available options: none, stretch, zoom;
- Export To: launches exporting the file to available formats: .pdf, .html, .docx, .xlsx, .bmp, .gif, .jpeg, .png, .tiff, .emf, and .wmf;
- Email As: exports the file and attaches it to an e-mail message.

9.3.2 DateTime Service

The iC Tool allows to precisely set the time in the connected controller, including the time zone and a potential change of time connected with daylight saving. For this purpose, there is a special DateTimeService view, accessible by double-clicking the time component available at app -> service -> time in the Workspace Tree window.

The DateTimeService shows the following data:

- current time of the controller;
- desired time, which is a setting applied to the controller when saved;
- daylight saving time, which sets an automatic time change on a specific day of the year.

Enter text to search									
			192.1	68.1.53:1876	3 - tim	e			
Workspace Tree - □ Site ③ 192.168.152.88 - ③ 192.168.153.1876 - ⑤ service - ③ plat - ③ plat - ④ users ⑤ sox ④ time - ④ alarm - ② history - ③ db1 - ቇ LgdMana	Time Zone UTC Offset UTC Offset Mode Desired Time Time Zone	02 April 2023 08 13:13	192.1	68.1.53:187 Daylight Saving Ti Status Offset [min] Start Stop	me (DST) Summe Last				4+ 4+
 ← GP Drivers ← Visualization_WebServer_logic ← Logic 	Use Current Se								
		Vire Sheet Property Sheet Slot Sheet							

Figure 224. DateTime service

Setting Time and Time Zone

The time and time zone are set in the Desired panel. The new settings are sent to the controller after pressing the Save button in the lower right corner of the view.

To set time in the controller, the time and time zone need to be set up using one of three methods:

- manually enter the time and time zone expanding Time and Time zone fields;
- read the current time and time zone of the controller by pressing the Use Current Settings button, and then edit it;
- read the current time and time zone of the computer operating system in which the iC Tool is running by pressing the Use Local Time button, and then edit it.

Using one of the three methods allows to set the time and time zone ready to be sent to the controller, and it is indicated by a blue color of the edited settings (see the figure below).

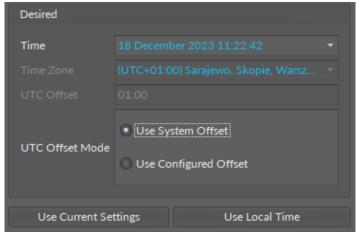


Figure 225. Editing time settings

Desired								
Time	18 Dece							
			18 De	cember	2023			
	0		Dece	ember 2	023		O	
	мо	τu	WE	тн	FR	SA	SU	
UTC Offset Mode					1			Second and
		5		7	8		10	
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Use Current Sel	18	19	20	21	22			
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	and and and the
		ок		Clear	Ca	ancel		11:22:42

Figure 226. Editing time settings

After pressing the Save button, the settings sent to the controller return to their initial colors.

Warning!

System will not allow setting time before year 2000.

Daylight Saving Time

The Daylight Saving Time (DST) panel on the right side of the DateTimeService view is used for setting the daylight saving time, which is an automatic time change on a specific day of the year.

Warning!

If changing the time due to the daylight saving is not required (e.g., the controller is used in the country that does not use the daylight saving time), 0 should be entered in the Offset field.

Daylight Saving T	ime (DST)							
Status	Summer	Time						
Offset [min]								0
Start	First		Wednesday	of	February	at	02:00	* *
Stop	Last		Monday	of	October	at	03:00	÷

Figure 227. No Daylight Saving Time settings

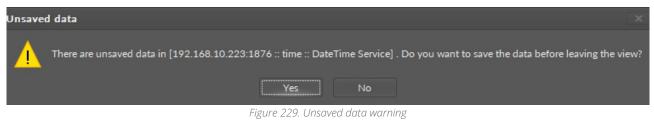
When the settings for the beginning and end of daylight saving time are entered, the changed parameters are indicated with a blue color. New settings are sent to the controller with the Save button. When the data are successfully sent to the controller, the color returns to the default one.



Daylight Saving	; Time (DST)						
Status	Summer 1	Time					
Offset [min]							60 🌲
Start			Wednesday	of		at	÷
Stop				of	October	at	\$

Figure 228. New settings to DST

Note: In case the DST data are not saved while leaving, the iC Tool shows a warning, which should be accepted in order not to lose the entered data.



Warning!

Sending the settings to the controller does not mean that the time data are permanently saved in the controller. After sending the data with the Save button, it is necessary to additionally save it in a non-volatile flash memory of the controller by clicking the floppy disk icon on a toolbar in the upper part of the screen.

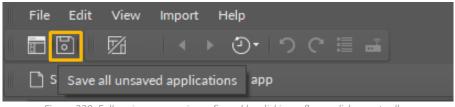


Figure 230. Full saving process is confirmed by clicking a floppy disk on a toolbar

9.3.3 User Manager

The iC Tool allows to manage users of the controller with a dedicated User Manager view. It allows to define a range of changes in controller application for each user. The User Manager is opened by double-clicking the user service in the Workspace Tree window.



users 🗙								+			
192.168.1.53:1876 - users											
					Sedona Users						
Username		Group1	Group2		Group3	Group4	Provisioning Permissions	Commands			
▶ 🔉 admin		r, w, i, R, W, I, u	r, w, i, R	, W, I, u	r, w, i, R, W, I, u	r, w, i, R, W, I, u	app, kits, svm	Change Password			
Q lcd		r, w, i, R, W, I, u	r, w, i, R	, W, I, u	r, w, i, R, W, I, u	r, w, i, R, W, I, u		Change Password			
							Add User	Remove User			
					Web Users						
Username				Permission Level	Web Users		Commands				
Username				Permission Level	Web Users	100	Commands Change Cre	edentials			
				Permission Level	Web Users			sdentials			
				Permission Level	Web Users			edentials Remove Web User			

Figure 231. The User Manager view

The User Manager view shows the defined users, allows to edit their permissions and passwords, and makes it possible to add a new user and remove an already existing one.

The view is divided into two windows: Sedona Users and Web Users.

Sedona Users

The upper window of the User Manager view is dedicated for Sedona users, who can log in to the controller. By default, two users are set up, admin and lcd, with different access permissions defined in table columns. The admin user has no restrictions (empty columns) and has full access to the controller. The lcd user, which allows to log in to the controller directly from the lcd display in the AAC20-LCD controllers, has defined restrictions in accordance with rules set by Sedona environment.

The view has 7 columns:

- Username: displays a username of the controller's user;
- Group1-Group4: shows user permissions given to components assigned to these groups;
- · Provisioning Permissions: defines what services a particular user is able to use;
- Commands: allows to set a new password for a user.

Clicking each column opens a pop-up window with check boxes to edit users options and permissions.

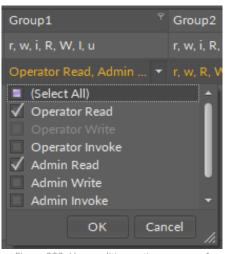


Figure 232. Users editing options - group 1

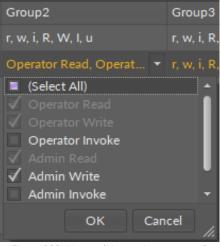


Figure 233. Users editing options - group 2

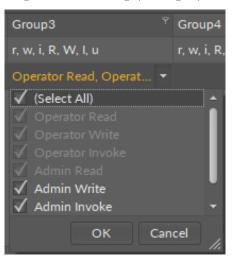


Figure 234. Users editing options - group 3



					_
Group	o4			Provi	sior
r, w, i,	R, W, I, u			app,	kits,
			-	app,	kits
	elect All) perator Re perator W perator Inv dmin Read dmin Write dmin Invol	rite voke I e			Î
	0	к	Cano	:el	1
Figure	235. Users (editing op	otions -	group	4
Provisi	ioning Peri	mission	s (Comr	nan
	its, svm				Cha
	S				Cha
	0	к	Canc	el	2
Figure 236. Us	ers editing o	ptions - p	provisio	ning pe	2011 Ermissions
		Passwor		_	×
Sedo	r a new passv ona device "1 22.168.1.53:1	vord for th 92.168.1.1	ne user	5"	
	Username:				
i	lcd				
	Password:				
	Confirm Pass	word:			
	ок	Car	ncel		

Figure 237. Users editing options - changing password

At the bottom of the Sedona Users tab are two buttons to add and remove users. In order to add a user, enter a username and a password. Adding a new user in the iC Tool will automatically create a component named the same as the username and expand the user list in the User Manager view.

Add User	x
Adding user to Sedona device "192.168.1.53:1876" at 192.168.1.53:1876	
Username:	
Password:	
Confirm Password:	
OK Cancel	

Figure 238. Dialog window for adding a user

Note: It is not recommended to change the username (component's name) after setting a password. If it is necessary to change the username, a new password should be set for it.

Note: In case a component representing a user is duplicated to create a new user with the same permissions, new user should also have a new password set.

Removing of a particular user may be done using two methods: either by removing the row in User Manager view, selecting it and pressing the Remove user button, or by removing the component representing that user.

Web Users

The bottom window of the User Manager view is the Web Users view. Web users are designed to log in to the AAC20 visualization web server.

The view has 3 columns:

- Username: displays a username of the web user;
- Permission Level: allows to set a permission level for the user;

Note: The permission level of the user is correlated with the permission level of schedules determined in the Visualization_configurator.xlsm file. If the user's permission level is lower than the schedule's required level of permissions, the schedule will not be displayed for this user after logging in to the visualization web server.

· Commends: allows to set new credentials for a user.

Note: In order to change a username, it is required to change password at the same time too.

At the bottom of the Web Users tab are two buttons to add and remove users. In order to add a user, enter a username, password, and permission level. Adding a new user in the iC Tool will automatically create a component named the same as the username and expand the user list in the User Manager view.



Add User X
Adding user to Sedona device "192.168.1.53:1876" at 192.168.1.53:1876
Username:
Confirm Password:
Permission Level:
OK Cancel

Figure 239. Dialog window for adding a web user

9.3.4 Alarm Service

The iC Tool provides a summary table of all the alarms registered in the controller. This table is presented in the Alarm Table view available at app -> service -> alarm -> alarmDb.

Workspace Tree #	alarr	nDb 🗙						+
Enter text to search				192.168.1.53	:1876 - alarmi	Db		
Workspace Tree								Alarm Message
→ 🗋 Site								
 92.168.1.53:1876 								
▼ 🖨 app								
► i i plat								
⋆ Q users								
SI sox								
① time								
+ 🗘 alarm								
alamDb								
 O history 								
+ 🔑 LogMana								
> 🗇 Drivers								
 Visualization_WebServer_logic 								
+ 🗀 Logic								

Figure 240. Alarm service

Once the Alarm Table view is opened, the iC Tool downloads a file with the registered alarms from the controller and displays its contents in a table. The table columns are defined as follows:

- **Source Name:** shows the name of the component, which generated the alarm;
- Source Path: shows the source component's path;
- Update Timestamp: shows the time of the last update;
- **Normal Timestamp:** shows the time of switching to normal state after the alarm;
- Offnormal Timestamp: shows the time of switching to alarm state;
- · Offnormal Value: shows the alarm value;
- · Alarm Class: shows the alarm class;
- Alarm State: shows the alarm status;
- Alarm Message: shows the alarm message.

Warning!

The Alarm view is a non-editable view and its contents are read from the alarm file only while the view is loading.

9.4 Sedona Specific Views

For Sedona based devices, the iC Tool offers views that are tailored for the Sedona functionalities.

9.4.1 Schedule Weekly

In the iC Tool there are two components that allow to set schedules for specific eventsthe BooleanScheduleWeekly and NumericScheduleWeekly. Both offer a Schedule Weekly view, which facilitates setting a schedule, and a Special Events view, which allows to add special events to the schedule.

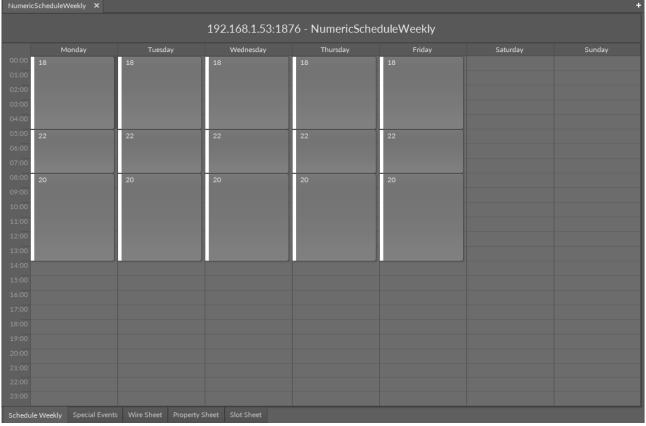


Figure 241. Schedule Weekly view

In order to open the Schedule Weekly view, double-click either one of the scheduling components. The Schedule Weekly view displays a one week view, each day divided by hours.

To set a schedule, first, set the required time interval. If the required time interval lasts for an hour or less, double-click on the required day and time, open the context menu, choose Add Event option, and enter the required value and time limit in the displayed dialog window. If the required time is longer than an hour, click and hold the click on the beginning of the required time interval and drag until the end of it. Open the context menu, choose Add Event option, and set the required value in the displayed dialog window.

In case no specific value is set for a given time interval, the default value is applied.

The example from the figure above shows the schedule, which may be read as a room temperature profile. From Monday to Friday, from 00:00 AM to 06:00 AM the set value is 18, and then it changes from 06:00 AM to 09:00 AM to 22. From 09:00 AM to 04:00 PM the set value is 20. After 04:00 PM the default value is applied.

Editing of the schedule involves selecting the required time interval and using the context menu. The context menu offers the following options:

	Monday	Tuesday	Wed
00:00			
01:00			
02:00			
03:00			
04:00		Add Event	
05:00		Copy Day	
06:00			
07:00		Paste Day To Monday-Frida	ау
08:00	22	Paste Day To All Week	
09:00		Clear Day	
		Clear All	
10:00			
11:00			

Figure 242. Context menu in the Schedule Weekly view

• Add Event: allows to create a new event, which means setting a required value to be applied in the define time. The Add Event option opens a dialog window:



Event		-			x
Value 18					
	f Week				
Mond					•
Start T	ime			End Time	
01:00			÷	05:00	* *
		ок		Cancel	

Figure 243. Add Event dialog window

The Value field allows to set a required value, depending on the scheduling component type, it is a numeric or Boolean value.

The Day Of Week field allows to adjust the starting day of the selected time interval.

The Start Time and End Time fields allow to adjust the selected time interval.

The event is created after confirming with the OK button in the dialog window. Now, on Monday, from 01:00 AM to 05:00 AM the setting will be 18.

	Monday	Tuesday
00:00		
01:00	18	
02:00		
03:00		
04:00		
05:00		
06:00		
07:00		
08:00	22	22
09:00		
10:00		

Figure 244. New setting in a schedule

- Copy Day: allows to copy all events of a day;
- **Paste Day:** allows to overwrite the selected day with the events copied from another day (Copy Day);

- Paste Day To Monday-Friday: allows to copy and overwrite all the events of selected day to all days from Monday to Friday;
- Paste Day To All Week: similar to the Paste Day To Monday-Friday option, but in this instance all days of the week will be overwritten;
- · Clear Day: allows to remove all events of a day;
- Clear All: allows to remove all events from the schedule, regardless of which day the option was initiated on.

To edit of an already existing event:

- drag the event to a new time in a calendar;
- pull the upper or bottom border of the event, changing its beginning or ending hours

Note: The events cannot overlap during one day.

- double-click the event;
- open the event's context menu and choose the Edit Event option.

The selected event may be removed using Delete button on the keyboard or choosing the Delete Event option from the context menu.

Note: All changes in the schedule are sent directly to the controller and are immediately taken into account in the application's logic. It means that removing any event may result in a change of the application's behavior due to the change of the schedule output parameter value.

While using the Schedule Weekly view, additional data are displayed in the Object Properties window:

- Current Time: shows the current time;
- · Current Output: shows the current output value;
- Default Value: allows to set a default value, which is used in case no event is planned;
- Next Event Value: shows the output value of the next scheduled event;
- Next Event Time: shows the time when the next output value will be applied.

Object	t Properties		ą.						
ObjectProperties icheduleWeekly [ISMA_controlApi::NumericScheduleWeekly]									
Name		Value							
-0-	Current Time	06/07/2020 11:10:29							
-0	Current Output	20.00							
-0	Default Value								
-0-	Next Event Value	21.00							
-0-	Next Event Time	06/07/2020 16:00:05							

Figure 245. Object Properties view for scheduling components

Note: All settings, which are available in the Schedule Weekly view and the Object Properties window, can also be edited in the Property Sheet view.

Special Events

Apart from the Schedule Weekly view, the scheduling components have also the Special Events view available.

NumericScheduleWeekly	×								
192.168.1.53:1876 - NumericScheduleWeekly									
	Туре		Start Time	Stop Time	Start Value	Stop Value			
	Date	2 January 2024	00:00:00	00:00:00	NaN	NaN			
					Ad	d Delete			
Schedule Weekly Spec	ial Events Wire Sheet	Property Sheet Slot She							

Figure 246. Special Events view

The Special Events tab allows to set individual events, which are not part of a weekly schedule. These events are not displayed in the Schedule Weekly view. They are added or deleted using the Add or Delete buttons at the bottom of the tab. The settings available for a special event are the following:

• **Type:** the setting edited in the Object Properties window; the special event can be set either for a specific date, the date range, or a specific week and day (this option allows also to select month which the special event will take place in);

Objec	t Properties t ^{Properties} tialEvent2 [iSMA_controlApi::Numer	۹ icScheduleWeekly.specialEvent:
Date	tej	
At	tribute	Value
Þ	Day Of Week	Any Weekday
	Day	6
	Month	July
	Year	2020
Date	te Range	
At		Value
		6
		July
		2020
🔍 We	ek And Day	
At		Value
		Any Weekday
		July
		Last 7 Days
		a Object Properties window

Figure 247. Special Event in the Object Properties window

- Start Time: the starting time for the special event;
- Stop Time: the ending time of the special event;
- **Start Value:** the starting value of the special event;
- Stop Value: the ending value of the special event.

9.4.2 Drivers Views

The iC Tool has specially designed tabular drivers views to make the work of adding and maintaining the devices working in the network and exchanging data among them as easy as possible. Predefined drivers views will be discussed based on an exemplary complex configuration of many networks and devices.

Tabular drivers views may be divided into 3 hierarchical segments:

• First segment is a table with the view of all drivers, that is networks. It is called Driver Manager. For example, the table shows the status of, among others, the following networks: localIO, ModbusAsync, OneWire, ModbusTCP, BACnet.

Workspace Tree 4	192.168.10.223:1876 ×						
	192.168.10.223:1876 - Drivers [iSMA_control::Drivers]						
Workspace Tree							
→ 🗎 app	 IocaliO 	iSMA_localIO::localIO					
	ModbusAsyncNetwork	iSMA_ModbusAsyncNetwork::ModbusAsyncNetwork					
♦ १००२ service	🗇 Display	iSMA_LCD::Display					
→	OneWireNetwork						
+ 😚 localiO		iSMA_ModbusTcpNetwork::ModbusTcpNetwork					
+ 📼 ModbusAsyncNetwork	ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork	iSMA_ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork::ModbusTcpSlaveNet					
	BACnetNetwork	iSMA_BACnet::BACnetNetwork					
▶							
► 📼 ModbusTCP							
► 🗇 ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork							
► 🗇 BACnetNetwork							

Figure 248. First segment of tabular drivers views

 Second segment shows the devices included in the network selected from the first segment. In the below example, the devices are 'MIX18' and 'Mini4l4O' for the network (driver)–ModbusTCP. The name of this view depends on the type of the chosen network, here it is the Modbus TCP Device Manager view.

Name	Enable	IP Address	Port Number	Device Address	Status	Fault Cause
		192.168.10.101			Ok	None
🚱 Mini4140		192.168.10.125			Ok	None

Figure 249. Second segment of tabular drivers views

• Third segment is a list of network points, which are variables allowing to read/record particular data from a particular device. In the below example, the digital points are RoomLight1-4, and they are read by the iSMA-B-4I4O device. The name of the views showing network points depends on the name of the device the data comes from, e.g., Modbus TCP Point Manager view.

Name ⁹	Enable	Address Format	Address	Poll Frequency	Out	Status	Fault Cause
B RoomLight1		Decimal		Normal	false	Ok	None
B RoomLight2		Decimal	273	Normal	false	Ok	None
B RoomLight3		Decimal	274	Normal	false	Ok	None
B RoomLight4		Decimal	275	Normal	false	Ok	None

Figure 250. Third segment of tabular drivers views

Generally, the three drivers views' segments described above may graphically be presented as follows:



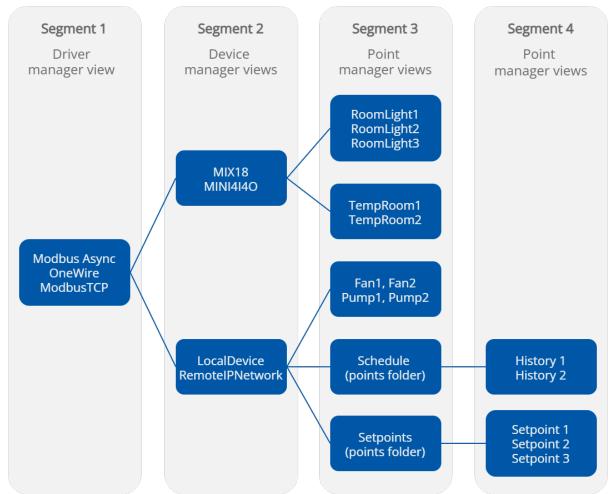


Figure 251. Driver views segments graphically

As depicted in the above diagram, network points may be grouped in network folders (Points Folder) and nested any number of times, which allows grouping and ordering large quantities of network points under a particular device (here, Schedule and Setpoints are folders grouping points History1,2 and Setpoint1,2,3, respectively).

The views construction of particular segments is very similar, so one type of table for each of the segments may display all the necessary data.

The next part focuses on how networks should be built based on devices distributed among Kits and points available in the iC Tool.

The further part focuses on how the XML configuration files are built and how the inbuilt tabular views for drivers views were defined. That knowledge may be used to build custom tabular views to expand drivers views with custom networks, devices, points, or to create completely new views for other application zones.

Using Drivers Views

This section shows how to add a network, devices and points, using built-in tabular views divided into segments.

Segment 1

To add a new network (driver) to the application:

• open a proper Driver Manager view available at app -> Drivers in the Workspace Tree;

• drag the required driver (component) representing the proper network from the Device Kits window;

Note: To make working with drivers views (but also device and point views) easier, the iC Tool filters components available to use in the Device Kits window, leaving only the ones, which can be added to the particular view. The figure below shows the open Driver Manager view with a list of available components in the Device Kits window. The list of components has been limited to these, which define networks, e.g., ModbusAsyncNetwork, ModbusTCPNetwork, ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork, OneWireNetwork, localIO, etc. The figure below shows the process of adding a driver ModbusAsyncNetwork to the Driver Manager view.

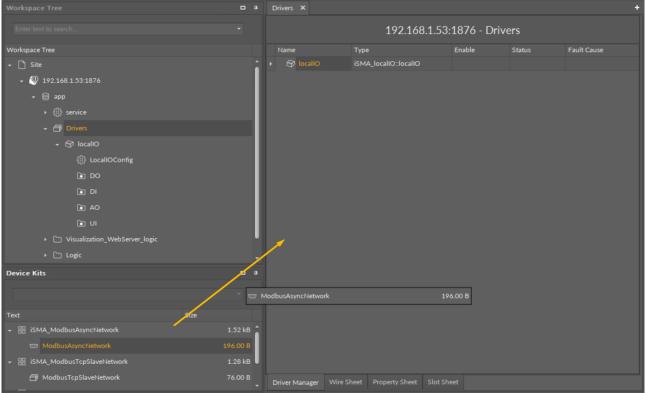


Figure 252. Adding a component to the Drivers view

 adjust the necessary settings for the added network-it is best to use the Object Properties window, which shows parameters of the added driver after it has been selected, see the figure below. A basic thing to set in the beginning is to enable the network using the Enable action in the Object properties window.

Objec	t Properties			д
·····		yncNetwork dbusAsyncNe	etwork::Mo	dbusAsyncNetwork]
Rese	tStats	enable	disable	
Main	Links			
Name			Value	
\odot	Meta		Group1	
-0	Status		Ok	
-0	Fault Cause		SomeDevic	ePointDown
-0	Enable		true	
-0	Baud Rate		BR_115200)
-0	Stop Bits			
-0	Data Bits			
-0	Parity		None	
-0	Modbus Type	9	RTU	

Figure 253. Object Properties of an added network

Warning!

Inactive disabled drivers are marked with gray color, see the figure below.

1	92.168.10.223:1876 - Drivers [iSMA_0	control::Driver	s]	
Name	Туре	Enable	Status	Fault Cause
🔗 localiO	iSMA_localIO::localIO			
🗇 Display	iSMA_LCD::Display		Ok	None
🗇 OneWireNetwork	iSMA_OneWire::OneWireNetwork		Ok	None
🗇 ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork	iSMA_ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork::ModbusTcpSlaveNet		Ok	None
BACnetNetwork	iSMA_BACnet::BACnetNetwork		Ok	None
river Manager Wire Sheet Prope	rty Sheet Slot Sheet			

Segment 2

Next, it is necessary to add the devices to the ModbusAsyncNetwork, which are part of this network:

- double-click the added network (driver) and open the Modbus Async Device Manager view;
- drag the components representing device types installed in this network into the view. The figure below shows dragging the component representing the iSMADevice type of device.

Note: To make working with device views easier, the iC Tool filters devices, which support the selected communications network (ModbusAsync); in the example below the devices are: ModbusDevice and iSMADevice.

Workspace Tree	o ù	ModbusAsyncNetwor	k X			+
Enter text to search			192.168.1	1.53:1876 - Mod	busAsyncNetwo	ork
Workspace Tree				Device Address	Status	Fault Cause
← 🗋 Site						
✓ ↓ 192.168.1.53:1876						
← 🗎 app						
। နိုင္မိ} service						
👻 🗇 Drivers						
+ 😚 localiO						
C ModbusAsyncNetwork						
Cisualization_WebServer_logic						
+ 🗀 Logic		1				
192.168.1.52:88						
Device Kits	• •					
	-					
Text Size	🛛 ISMAD	evice		148.00 B		
→ Bi iSMA_ModbusAsyncNetwork	1.52 kB					
ModbusDevice	132.00 B					
→ BisMA_Modules	2.17 kB					
		Modbus Async Device	e Manager Wire	e Sheet Property Sheet	Slot Sh ee t	

Figure 255. Adding a device to the network

• configure the device settings in the Object Properties window.

Workspace Tree				+		
Enter text to search	.92.168.10.223:1876	- ModbusAsyncNetwork	[iSMA_ModbusAsyncN	etwork::ModbusAsyncNetwork]	Mini4U4O [iSMA_Modules::ISM	ADevice]
Workspace Tree						
- ≅ app					Ping	
 → {⁽ⁱ⁾/₂ service 						
+ ⊕ Drivers						
+ 😚 localIO						
🗸 📼 ModbusAsyncNetwork						
► 🖓 Mini4U4O						
• 🖨 Display						
OneWireNetwork						
→						
+ 😥 MIX18						
+ 😥 Mini4140						

Figure 256. Configure the device in the Object Properties window

Warning!

Inactive devices are indicated by gray color, as shown in the figure below. To activate a device, the Enabled slot needs to be set to true using the Object Properties window.

Name	Enable	Device Address	Status	Fault Cause
Mini4U4O				

Figure 257. Disabled device view

Note: Red color indicates faulty devices with Fault status, see the figure below.

MIX18 true 192.168.10.101 502 1 Fault NetworkDisabled Mini44O true 192.168.10.125 502 4 Fault NetworkDisabled	
Mini44O true 192.168.10.125 502 4 Fault NetworkDisable	
Sp Training true 502 1 Fault NetworkDisabled	

Figure 258. Faulty devices view



Segment 3

Next, add network points to the defined device, so the application in the controller will be able to read and record data from/to an external device:

 open the Modbus Async iSMA Module Point Manager view double-clicking the freshly added device;

This time as well, the component list in Device Kits is limited to those, which cooperate with the selected device. Besides typical read and write points (here components with N and B icons), there is also a component of another type, the ModulesFolder, see the selected folder in the figure below.

→ BB iSI	MA_Modules	2.02 kB
N	AO_PWM	224.00 B
N	AO_Volt	224.00 B
в	DI	144.00 B
в	DI_ALL	148.00 B
N	DI_Counter	168.00 B
в	DO	144.00 B
в	DO_ALL	188.00 B
Þ	ModulesFolder	100.00 B
B	UI_DI	144.00 B
	Eigura 250 Modules Folder container	

Figure 259. ModulesFolder container

The ModulesFolder is a container (folder) allowing to group the network points. It may be nested in the third segment views any number of times. The figure below shows the process of adding the UI_Temp network point to the iSMA-B-4U4O device.

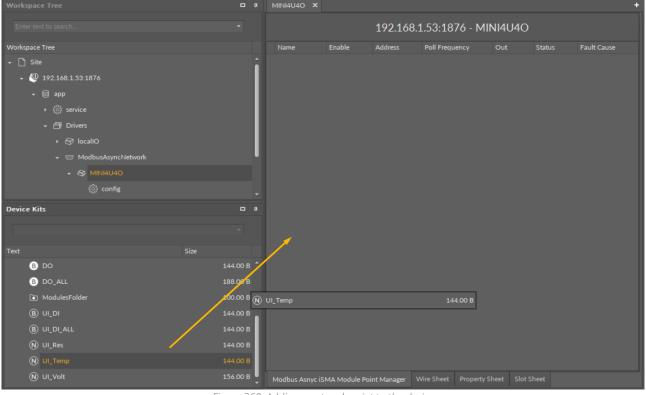


Figure 260. Adding a network point to the device

Warning!

To determine which device the particular network point belongs to, or which network it belongs to, the access path (figure below) is displayed above the Main window in the upper part of the screen. This dependency is also visible in the Workspace Tree.

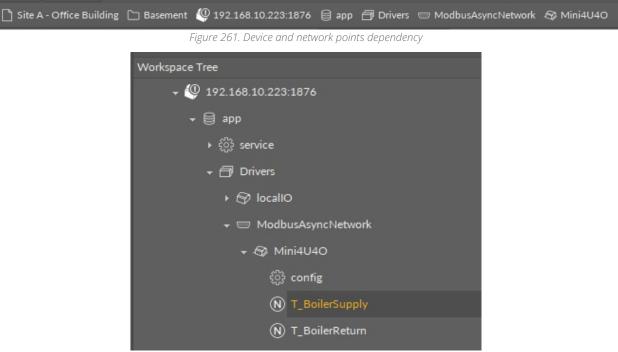


Figure 262. Device and network points dependency

configure the parameters required for each of network point separately, e.g., the address, in the Object Properties window.

Warning!

Red color indicates faulty points with 'Fault' status, see the figure below.

Name	Description	Address	Out	Status	Fault Cause
N T_BoilerSupply					DeviceDown
N T_BoilerReturn					DeviceDown

Figure 263. Faulty network points view

After successfully configuring the network points parameters, its device, and network, which the device works in, the current value will be read by the network point.

The process described above needs to be performed repeatedly for every network, every device in network, and all required network points.

Modbus CSV Export

For Modbus TCP and Modbus Async slave networks, an additional view is available–the Modbus Export CSV view. The view lists all points in the network with the following parameters and allows to export the list to a CSV file:

- name;
- description;
- address format;
- address;

- information if the point writable or not;
- data type;
- bit number.

ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork × +							
127.0.0.1:1876 - ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork [iSMA_ModbusTcp							
Name	Description	Address Format	Address	Writable	Data Type	Bit	
SensorValue1		Decimal	1300	\checkmark	Sint		•
SensorValue2		Decimal	1301	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue3		Decimal	1302	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue4		Decimal	1303	\checkmark	Sint		o 🛛
SensorValue5		Decimal	1304	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue6		Decimal	1305	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue7		Decimal	1306	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue8		Decimal	1307	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue9		Decimal	1308	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue10		Decimal	1309	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue11		Decimal	1310	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue12		Decimal	1311	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue13		Decimal	1312	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue14		Decimal	1313	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue15		Decimal	1314	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue16		Decimal	1315	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue17		Decimal	1316	\checkmark	Sint		0
SensorValue18		Decimal	1317	7	Sint		o 🔻
						Export to file	
Modbus TCP Slav	ve Point Manager	Modbus Export CS	Wire Sheet	Property Sheet	Slot Sheet		

Figure 264. Modbus Export CSV view

To export the list, click the Export to file button. Exported file can include all data or specific columns:



Select	columns to export		x
	cription Iress Format Iress table		
	Cancel	ОК	

Figure 265. Selecting columns to export

Press OK to confirm, and the file is downloaded automatically.

9.4.3 Slot Sheet

A Slot Sheet view displays a list of slots of a selected component. It is not a dynamic viewthe values of component's slots are read once, when the Slot Sheet is opened, and there is no possibility to edit them.

The Slot Sheet view provides information about the slots of the selected component such as slot type, slot variable type, and slot facet interface.

The slot list contains all component's slots, including hidden slots which are not visible in the Wire Sheet view. For the LeadLag component the number of slots presented in the Slot Sheet view is much higher than visible in the Wire Sheet view (see the figure below).



LocalIOConfig ×		+					
192.168.1.53:1876 - LocallOConfig							
Name Type Facets							
meta	sys::int	[config]					
	sys::int	[range=Ok,Auto,Hand,HandAuto,Alarm,AlarmAuto,AlarmHand,AlarmHandAuto,Fault					
-∽- faultCause	sys::byte	[range=None,Bad_Parent,Duplicate_Component, readonly]					
-o- Ul1Type	sys::int	[range=Disable_Resistance, Temperature_10K3A1, Temperature_10K4A1, Temperature_1					
UI2Type		[range=Disable_Resistance, Temperature_10K3A1, Temperature_10K4A1, Temperature_1					
-•- UI3Туре		[range=Disable_Resistance, Temperature_10K3A1, Temperature_10K4A1, Temperature_1					
UI4Type		[range=Disable_Resistance, Temperature_10K3A1, Temperature_10K4A1, Temperature_1					
-→- UI5Type		[range=Disable_Resistance, Temperature_10K3A1, Temperature_10K4A1, Temperature_1					
- ∽ - Ul6Type		[range=Disable_Resistance, Temperature_10K3A1, Temperature_10K4A1, Temperature_1					
- 0 - UI7Туре		[range=Disable_Resistance, Temperature_10K3A1, Temperature_10K4A1, Temperature_1					
-↔- UI8Type		[range=Disable_Resistance, Temperature_10K3A1, Temperature_10K4A1, Temperature_1					
UI1MeasureVoltage	sys::bool	[allowNull=false, config]					
→ UI2MeasureVoltage	sys::bool	[allowNull=false, config]					
UI3MeasureVoltage	sys::bool	[allowNull=false, config]					
→ UI4MeasureVoltage	sys::bool	[allowNull=false, config]					
UI5MeasureVoltage	sys::bool	[allowNull=false, config]					
Ul6MeasureVoltage	sys::bool	[allowNull=false, config]					
UI7MeasureVoltage	sys::bool	[allowNull=false, config]					
UI8MeasureVoltage	sys::bool	[allowNull=false, config]					
-•- UI1Filter		[unit=second, min=0, config, max=60]					
Ul2Filter		[unit=second, min=0, config, max=60]					
UI3Filter		[unit=second, min=0, config, max=60]					
-o- Ul4Filter		[unit=second, min=0, config, max=60]					
UI5Filter	sys::int	[unit=second, min=0, config, max=60]					
Wire Sheet Property Sheet Slot Sheet							

Figure 266. Slot Sheet view

9.5 Custom Tabular View

The iC Tool allows each user to define individual tabular views for any component by defining an individual .xml file.

In such case the Tabular view is available beside main views of each component, which are the Wire Sheet, Property Sheet, and Slot Sheet.

The Tabular view filters subordinate components (children) making it much easier to work with complex applications composed of many components (children) of different types.

In a situation when a folder-type component (parent) has many different components, under it, including, for example, NV components, the Tabular view facilitates searching for the required components. Without the Tabular view it would be necessary to identify required components among many other components, and view their values in the Object Properties window. By defining one .xml file properly it is possible to create an individual Tabular view for each type of component in the iC Tool (it will list only the required type of components). For example, such view would be filter all NV components.

iSMA CONTROLLI wants the user to be able to create tabular summaries of components according to his individual needs, without the need to delegate it to iSMA CONTROLLI.

Each view created that way will require following characteristics to be defined:

- Tabular view name;
- Types of components for which the tabular view will be displayed;
- Types of components, which will be displayed in tabular view along with their common slots.

The figure below shows an example of a tabular view filtering NV components. While working with a view defined this way (here named 'NVValuesManager'), the iC Tool limits the number of components available in the Device Kits window, making it easier to add proper components to the view. After switching to other view (choosing a tab for other views), the Device Kits window will return to normal working mode displaying all components available in the device.

Workspace Tree	• +	localhost1876 🗙			+ Object
Enter text to search			localhost:1876 - Logic [sys::Folder		
Workspace Tree					
vvonspace nee → 💱 localhost:1876		B FunRunning			
• e app		B FunLock			
 ✓ Ξ app ▶ ⁽₁)⁽₂ service 		NVNumericWritable	iSMA_platAAC20::NVNumericWritable		
		NVMultiStateWritable			
Drivers	_	E NVIntegerWritable	iSMA_platAAC20::NVIntegerWritable		
		B NVBooleanWritable	iSMA_platAAC20::NVBooleanWritable		
Measurements					
B FunRunning					
B FunLock					
N ConstFloat					
N ConstFl					
N ConstF1					
NVNumericWritable					
E NVMultiStateWritable					
E NVIntegerWritable					
B NVBooleanWritable					
Device Kits					
Enter text to search					
Text					
- B iSMA_platAAC20	1.57 kB				
B NVBooleanWritable	100.00 B				
(E) NVIntegerWritable	112.00 B				
NVMultiStateWritable	1.24 kB				
A hl/hlumaricht/ritable					

Figure 267. Custom table view

The iC Tool provides properly configured tabular views for all the devices from the iSMA family, which are described in detail in the next chapter.

9.5.1 Creating Custom Tabular View

The iC Tool allows to define the view contents as well as compatible (fitting) components through configuring a proper .xml file. This approach allows the iC Tool user to build required views for any type of component in the application.

The .xml configuration files need to be placed in the iC Tool main folder under /home/ CustomTableViews folder.

By default the folder includes the following files created for tabular drivers views:

- one drivers.xml file-defining all drivers (networks) available in the iC Tool;
- [driver name]DeviceManager.xml or [driver name]NetworkManager.xml files-defining the look for a particular driver (device) view;
- [Driver name]PointManager.xml files-defining the look of network points for a particular device.

The .xml files have the following tags, which meaning is necessary for proper construction of any tabular views:

 <ViewName>Driver Manager</ViewName>-defines the name of the view connected to the settings in remaining tags;

<ViewName>Driver Manager</ViewName>

Figure 268. Creating custom table view



 <ForcomponentTypes>-defines the names of components, for which the particular view will be used. This means that for components defined within this tag, one of the assigned views will be a view defined by <ViewName> tag;

```
<ForComponentTypes>
<ForComponentType>iSMA_control::Drivers</ForComponentType>
</ForComponentTypes>
```

Figure 269. Creating custom table view

 <Filtercomponents>-defines the names of components, which will appear in the table on the defined view and limits the number of components shown in the Device Kits window;

```
<FilterComponents>
```

```
<FilterComponent>iSMA BACnet::BACnetNetwork</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA DALI::DALINetwork</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA localIO::localIO</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA LCD::Display</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA ModbusAsyncNetwork::ModbusAsyncNetwork</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA ModbusTcpNetwork::ModbusTcpNetwork</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork::ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA obix::Obix</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA OneWire::OneWireNetwork</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA_p2p::P2pNetwork</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA MBus::MbusIpNetwork</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA MBus::MbusLocalNetwork</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA platFCU::SlaveNetwork</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA platFCU::localIO</FilterComponent>
 <FilterComponent>iSMA BACnetMasterSlave::BACnetMasterSlaveNetwork</FilterComponent>
</FilterComponents>
```

Figure 270. Creating custom table view

 <Columns>–a group of settings allowing to read particular slots from components assigned to particular view along with the name replacing the name of the slot;

<columns></columns>	
<column< td=""><td><pre>slotName="name" slotCaption="Name"/></pre></td></column<>	<pre>slotName="name" slotCaption="Name"/></pre>
<column< td=""><td><pre>slotName="type" slotCaption="Type"/></pre></td></column<>	<pre>slotName="type" slotCaption="Type"/></pre>
<column< td=""><td><pre>slotName="Enable" slotCaption="Enable"/></pre></td></column<>	<pre>slotName="Enable" slotCaption="Enable"/></pre>
<column< td=""><td><pre>slotName="status" slotCaption="Status"/></pre></td></column<>	<pre>slotName="status" slotCaption="Status"/></pre>
<column< td=""><td><pre>slotName="faultCause" slotCaption="Fault Cause"/></pre></td></column<>	<pre>slotName="faultCause" slotCaption="Fault Cause"/></pre>
	>

```
Figure 271. Creating custom table view
```

The following actions need to be taken to extend the offered tabular drivers views with custom networks, devices; and points:

- In 'drivers.xml' file extend the list <Filtercomponents> with component type defining new network (driver) unless such network has already been entered.
- Duplicate any existing '.....DeviceManager.xml' file to define the devices view and optionally change the file name.
- Open newly created file, change the name of the view under the tag <ViewName> and properly edit the definition inside the tags: <ForcomponentTypes>, <Filtercomponents> and <Columns>.
- Duplicate any existing '.....PointManager.xml' file to define the points view for a particular device and optionally change the file name .

• Open newly created file, change the name of the view under the tag <ViewName> and properly edit the definition inside the tags: <ForcomponentTypes>, <Filtercomponents> and <Columns>.

Close and restart the iC Tool, as the iC Tool checks drivers views definitions only on startup.

Warning!

A thorough description of tags is also available in the drivers.xml file. Getting to know it will allow proper configuration of this and other .xml files.

Warning!

The iC Tool reads all .xml configuration files for tabular views only during start-up, and if an error is found in the .xml file syntax, it will display a proper information in the Console.

9.6 iSMA-B-AAC20 Simulator

Thanks to the iC Tool software, the iSMA-B-AAC20 device can be programmed in the offline mode using the iSMA-B-AAC20 simulator.

The latest simulator is available in the latest AAC20 software bundle.

Windows compatibility – Simulator is an application intended for Windows operating system only, and can be run on Windows 7, 8, and 10 series.

9.6.1 Scope of Simulator's Actions

Scope of Actions in Managers:

- Application Manager and License Manager: full functionality;
- Kit Manager: not supported (view mode only).

Scope of Actions in Services:

- **Plat:** all options functioning (working on localhost, some options are set to output values);
- Users: adding, removing, and editing of users functioning;
- Sox: all options are configurable and saved;
- · Time: all options are configurable and saved;
- Alarm: all options are configurable and saved;
- · History: all options are configurable and saved;
- Drivers: not available;
- · Logic:
 - Sys: all options functioning;
 - iSMA_ControAPI: all options functioning;
 - **iSMA_Control:** scope of options is limited in regards to integer elements, which are set to a minimum value and cannot be configured;
 - iSMA_platAAC20: not implemented in the simulator;

9.6.2 Saving the Modified Simulator App File

This procedure describes how to stop the simulation and save the modified app.

Steps

- In the Objects Properties, click the Application Manager to launch the tool.
- In the Application Manager view, click the Get App option to save the application, and click Update.

Application Manager 🗙							+
Name	Firmware	IP Address		Туре	Commands		
✓ localhost:1876	Simulator	127.0.0.1		AAC20	Disconnect	Get App	Remove
Name	Modification Date		Platform		Commands		
DefaultAAC20.sax	28/04/2022 14:47:51		AAC20		Put Ap		Delete
			na application				

Figure 272. Saving application

• The modified app has been saved successfully to a selected location.

9.6.3 Running App on a Simulated Device

The Sedona Device Simulator tool lets to run a Sedona app on the iC Tool as a simulated device using the Sedona device vendor-supplied simulator, SVM (Sedona Virtual Machine).

This procedure describes how to run an app in the Sedona Device Simulator.

Start

• Run a "run" bat file from a Simulator folder to launch the simulator program:

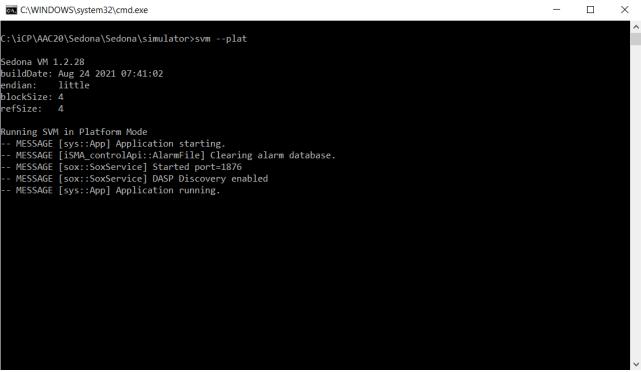


Figure 273. Launching the simulator

• Open a direct Sox connection using a localhost in the iC Tool. Select Add Device.

Workspace Tree	р
Enter text to search 👻 Find	Clear
Workspace Tree	
Project	
New Project	
🕒 Add Folder	
Add Device	
नि Remove	

Figure 274. Add device

• In the Connect dialog box, for Host IP, enter: localhost. In the Authentication window, in the Username and Password fields, enter the credentials used in the new app file that has been created, and click Finish.

Co	onnect	x
	Туре	
	Sedona	•
	Host	
	localhost or 127.0.0.1	
	Port	_
	1876	
	OK Cancel	

Figure 275. Connect dialog window

If the sample app is used on the sample simulator, the default credentials should be entered: Username: admin, Password: <blank>.

Au	Ithentication	x
		_
	Username	
	admin	
	Password	-
	✓ Remember these credentials	
	OK Cancel	

Figure 276. Authentication dialog window

• Once connected, a direct Sox session is established with a connection to the app running in the simulated device:

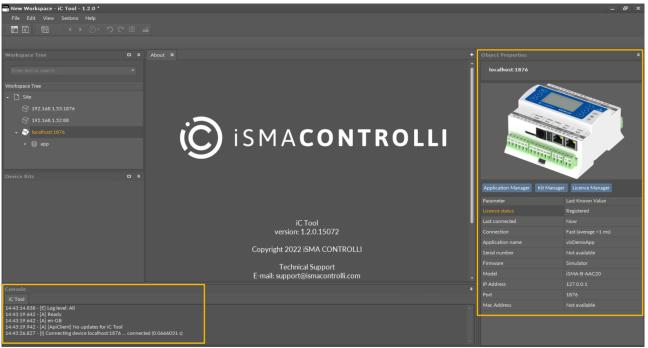


Figure 277. Connected simulator

9.6.4 Making Changes to the App Running on a Simulated Device

This procedure provides an example of making changes in the app running on a simulated device using the Kit Manager tool under the device to add a kit to the app.

Requirements

- The app must be successfully running in the device simulator.
- There is a running Sox connection to the app currently executed on the simulated device.

Steps

- In the Objects properties, click the Kit Manager to launch the tool.
- In the Kit Manager view, click the checkbox to select the kit, and click Update.

Kit Ma	anager 🗙								+	
Name			Firmware	IP Address		Туре		Commands	Commands	
~	✓ localhost:1876		Simulator	127.0.0.1		AAC20		Disconne L	Jpdate Remove	
On [Device	Name			Latest Local	In	nstalled	Action	Status	
		control			1.2.28					
		driver			1.2.28					
		func			1.2.28					
		hvac			1.2.28				1	
		iSMA_Ad	vancedControl		1.2.28.101					
Þ		isma_ba	Cnet		1.2.28.114			1.2.28.114	Install	
	√	isma_ba	CnetlpMaster		1.2.28.104			1.2.28.104	Install	
		isma_ba	CnetMSTPMaster		1.2.28.107					
		iSMA_Bu	ilding		1.2.28.110					
		isma_da	ALI		1.2.28.107			1.2.28.107	Install	
		iSMA_LC	D		1.2.28.109					

Figure 278. Installing new kits in the Kit Manager

• When kit changes have been successfully completed, the simulator automatically restarts and connects.

9.7 iSMA-B-FCU in the iC Tool

This section describes how to control the iSMA-B-FCU device in the iC Tool.

9.7.1 Software Requirements for iSMA-B-FCU in the iC Tool

The iC Tool requires a connection with the iSMA-B-FCU using a dedicated software, the FCU Updater. The latest software can be downloaded here: **Download Center**.

Windows Compatibility

The FCU Updater is an application intended for Windows operating system only, which can be run on Windows 7, 8, and 10 series.

Warning!

To use all features of FCU Updater the latest Oracle Java 32-bit is required.

Please, download the latest Java software from Oracle Download website first.

9.7.2 SOX Protocol for Connecting iSMA-B-FCU with iC Tool

In order to establish a connection between the iSMA-B-FCU controller and iC Tool, the SOX connection needs to be opened.



The SOX function allows online programming of the iSMA-B-FCU controller (real time). The controller must be connected directly via a USB cable. The SOX button is always enabled each time the USB cable is connected directly to the iSMA-B-FCU controller and opening of any project is not required.

😨 FCU Up	dater v2.1									- 0	\times
New	Project	Open	Project		5	XOX	Console	Download Latest Firmwares	About		
No proje	oct select	ed, open a	n existing pr	oject or cre	ate a new one						
Sele			Select	Al Devices	c	lear Selection			~		
					Selecte	d Devices: 0/0					
	Checked	MAC Address	Device Name	8ACnet ID	Application Status	Firmware Version	Firmware Status	Available Backup			
										Start Transmission	
										Add Device	
										Remove Device	
										Reset Devices	
										Default Settings	

Figure 279. Opening SOX protocol

The SOX button guides the user to the next window, where the SOX protocol can be started by pressing the 'Begin Communication' button. After starting the communication to the connected controller, the User can edit or build the application inside the iSMA-B-FCU controller by using the iC Tool software.

The SOX window has the following communication parameters:

- Port: port number (usually 1876) used by SOX protocol;
- Begin Communication button: start SOX communication. It is recommended to open SOX communication with the iSMA-B-FCU controller before running the iC Tool software;
- Stop Communication button: stop SOX communication.

SOX	_	×
Port		
1876 Begin Communication Stop Communication		

Figure 280. SOX protocol console

Note: Only one instance of the SOX protocol console can be opened at a time. If the SOX button in the main application window is disabled, the SOX protocol console has been already opened, and probably it is hidden somewhere under other windows on the user's screen.

If all the above actions have been performed, the communication via SOX protocol can be established with the iSMA-B-FCU controller using the iC Tool software.

File Edit View Sedona Help			1
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □			
D Project 🞯 127.0.0.1:1876			
Workspace tree		Object Properties	*
		localhost:1876	
Enter text to search			
Workspace tree			.
→ 🗅 Project			
- → 127.0.0.1:1876		and the second second	Connect and the
			Contraction of the second
, G 44	Sox – 🗆 X		and the T
		1000 BT	
	Pot	and a second	
	1876 Begin Communication Step Communication		
	14:45-43: Waiting for connection with the Workplace. 14:45-53: Sox opened.	Application Manager Licence Ma	nacer
Device kits 🗖 🖬		Attribute	Last Known Value
		Licence status	Unknown
		Last connected	Now
		Connection	Fast (average <1 ms)
		Application name	FCUApp
			Not available
			2.1
			FCU
		IP Address	127.0.0.1
			1876
			Unavailable
Console			
14:44:26.694 - [I] Important: Disconnect device? 14:44:26.727 - [I] Disconnecting device 127.0.0.1:1876 disconnected			•
14:44:31.211 - [I] Connecting device 127.0.0.1:1876 connected (0.0587			
14:45:19:420 - [[] Important: Disconnect device? 14:45:19:447 - [[] Disconnecting device 127:0.0.1:1876 disconnected 14:45:53:138 - [[] Connecting device 127:0.0.1:1876 connected (0.0543			
14:45:53.138 - [I] Connecting device 127.0.0.1:1876 connected (0.0543			
Console A I E Clr			

Figure 281. Open communication beetwen iSMA-B-FCU device and iC Tool

Note: A complete iSMA-B-FCU controller programming manual is available here: https://icdocs.ismacontrolli.com.



10 Keyboard Shortcuts

Shortcut	Description
Ctrl + N	New workspace (creates a new workspace on Workspace Tree)
Ctrl + O	Opens a dialog window to choose a *.itw file saved earlier (Workspace)
Ctrl + S	Save changes in the Workspace Tree window tree to a defined workspace in *.itw file. Does not apply to saving data in controller.
Ctrl + Q	Exiting iC Tool with confirmation of the intent to leave
Ctrl + C	Copying of selected components
Ctrl + V	Pasting of the components copied with (Ctrl + C) option
Ctrl + D	Duplication of selected components. The option does not overwrite what was remembered during (Ctrl + C) copying.
Delete	Removal of selected elements (component and/or links)
Ctrl or Shift	The keys allow to select components and links selectively. Ctrl adds the chosen element, and Shift defines a set of added elements.
Ctrl + N	Creates new Workspace Tree window for new projects
Ctrl + T	Opens a new tab
F	Rescales all components on the Wire Sheet view to see the all on the screen
Ctrl + mouse wheel	Zooms the Wire Sheet in/out
Ctrl + A	Selects all objects on active view
F11	Hides/shows all other windows to make main screen as large as possible
F12	Restores previous windows position and size before used F11 option
Ctrl + Tab	Changes focus to next window within opened windows in the iC Tool
Ctrl + Shift + Tab	Changes focus to previous window within opened windows in the iC Tool
Tab	Navigates to the next object in the current tree or list
Shift +Tab	Navigates to the previous object in the current tree or list



PageUp/ PageDown	Jumps to the first/last object in the current tree or list
Ctrl + F	Uses a filter on an active view
F2	Renames selected object
F10	Changes focus to the main menu with a possibility to navigate between menu items
Ctrl + P	Prints/exports current view (option not available on all views)
Ctrl + Left/ Right	Expands/collapses the tree
Esc	Cancels current settings
Enter	Accepts current settings
Alt + F4	Exits the iC Tool with a prompt pop-up
Ctrl + Z	Undoes previous action on components
Ctrl + Y	Redoes previously undone action on components
Alt + Left/ Right	Navigates a history view
Alt + Shift + Left/Right	Shows a history view flyout panel

Table 3. Useful keyboard shortcuts

