

iSMA-B-AAC20

User Manual

Modbus





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1 Introduction

This manual contains information about Modbus protocol in the iSMA-B-AAC20 controller. The iSMA-B-AAC20 controller supports the following types of Modbus protocol:

- Modbus RTU/ASCII;
- Modbus TCP;
- Modbus TCP slave.



Figure 1. AAC20-LCD controller

1.1 Revision History

| Rev. | Date | Description |
|------|-------------|--|
| 1.9 | 19 Jun 2024 | Added COV_LinkSet option in writable data points |
| 1.8 | 6 Jun 2023 | Added MAX modules references |
| 1.7 | 17 Apr 2023 | Added description of the iSMA Room Devices Modbus kit |
| 1.6 | 28 Feb 2022 | RebrandedCorrected license points information |
| 1.5 | 27 Jan 2020 | Added RJ12 network description Added Safety Rules, Technical Specification and Dimensions Updated Modbus register table Replaced environment of programming from Workplace to iSMA Tool BTL compliance |



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| Rev. | Date | Description |
|------|-------------|--|
| 1.3 | 20 Apr 2017 | Added Modbus type of registers addressing in Modbus TCP Slave Added information about accuracy increasing and Resistance Register multiply in PT1000 or NI1000 input working type |
| 1.0 | 28 Aug 2015 | First edition |

Table 1. Revision history



2 Sedona Modbus

The Modbus protocol defines a message structure and format used in communication transactions. The Modbus devices communicate using a master-slave method, in which only the master device can initiate a communications transaction. There can be only one master device on a Modbus network. All other devices must be Modbus slaves.

WARNING!

Before programming the Modbus kits, please check if the latest kit version is used. The latest kits are available in the AAC20 Software Bundle on iSMA CONTROLLI support website: ismacontrolli.com

2.1 Modbus Registers

A Modbus device holds transient (real-time) data and persistent (configuration) data in the addressable registers. Here, the term "registers" implies all addressable data, but this is a loose interpretation. Using a Modbus nomenclature, all accessible data in a Modbus slave is contained in the following four available groups of data flags and registers (including the Modbus master access that is possible):

- **coil status:** (or simply "coils"): single-bit flags that represent the status of digital (Boolean) outputs of the slave, that is, On/Off output status; the Modbus master can both read from and write to coils;
- **input status:** (or simply "inputs"): single-bit flags that represent the status of digital (Boolean) inputs of the slave, that is, On/Off output status; the Modbus master can read (only) inputs;
- **input register:** 16-bit registers that store data collected from the field by the Modbus slave; the Modbus master can read (only) input registers;
- holding register: 16-bit registers that store general-purpose data in the Modbus slave the Modbus master can both read from and write to input registers.

2.2 Modbus Data Addresses

The Modbus device is not required to contain all four groups of data. For example, a metering device may contain only holding registers. However, for each data group implemented, a specific addressing scheme is used. The requests for data (made to a device) must specify a data address (and range) of interest.

Modbus data in a device is addressed as follows:

- coils: addressed at 00000, 0nnnn decimal, or "0x" addresses;
- inputs: addressed at 10000, 1nnnn decimal, or "1x" addresses;
- input register: addressed at 30000, 3nnnn decimal, or "3x" addresses;
- holding registers: addressed at 40000, 4nnnn decimal, or "4x" addresses.

Note: The data addressing (at least in decimal and hex formats) is zero-based, where the first instance of a data item, for example, coil 1, is addressed as item number 0. As another example, holding register 108 is addressed as 107 decimal or 006B hex.



3 Installation of iSMA Modbus Kits

There are 5 Modbus kits in the iSMA-B-AAC20 controller:

- **iSMA Modbus Async Network:** to serve the Modbus RS485 master port of the iSMA-B-AAC20 controller;
- **iSMA Modules:** extension of the Modbus Async Network to serve the iSMA multiprotocol I/O modules (MINI, MIX, or MAX series) or wireless modules using Modbus Async protocol;
- **iSMA Modbus TCP Network:** to serve the Modbus TCP master of the iSMA-B-AAC20 device using IP connection;
- **iSMA Modbus TCP Slave Network:** to serve the Modbus TCP slave of the iSMA-B-AAC20 controller using IP connection;
- iSMA Modbus RJ12 Network: to serve the Modbus Async using RJ12 connection.

To install the Modbus kits, import the kits to the iC Tool (possibly as part of the package of various kits in a zip file). To do this, in the main menu, choose on the Import -> Import Framework Files.

After a successful import of the files, upload the files to your device using the Kit Manager.

WARNING! Before programming the Modbus network, please check if the latest kit version is used. The latest kits are available on the iSMA CONTROLLI support website: ismacontrolli.com

| | Import Framework Files | × |
|---|------------------------|---|
| Import kits and platform definitions for Sedona or libraries and operating systems for nE2. | | |
| | | |
| Choose Sedona or nE2 compatible file: | | |
| Click here in order to choose the file | | |
| | OK Cancel | |

Figure 2. Importing new kits to the iC Tool

3.1 Available Sockets

The iSMA-B-AAC20 controller has 16 sockets for Modbus network. 3 out of 16 sockets are permanently occupied for:

- Modbus server;
- SOX;
- web server.

Consequently, there are 13 sockets left to use in the device, for example, the Modbus TCP network can communicate with 13 devices with different IP addresses and connect them to application (adding more devices automatically forces them into the fault status). Also, adding any of the iSMA Weather or iSMA MailService kits occupies 1 socket per each kit (which becomes apparent after adding the kit and its components, saving the application, and rebooting the controller). The iSMA MailService kit can occupy more sockets if the



mail service is configured for one account on one host–each next host occupies next sockets.

4 ModbusAsyncNetwork

This section provides a collection of procedures to use the iSMA-B-AAC20 Modbus drivers to build networks of devices with the Modbus points. The iSMA-B-AAC20 controller has one RS485 port, which can be used as a Modbus RTU/ASCII master.

The Modbus Async Network kit consists of 4 types of components:

- Modbus Network;
- Modbus Device;
- Modbus Data Points;
- Modbus Points folder.

4.1 Modbus Async License and Limitation

In the standard license there are available 500 data points, and this number cannot be expanded. The number of available points is shown in the ModbusAsyncNetwork component in the Free Points slot.

WARNING! Each device and data point is counted as one point. For example, to read 7 data points from 15 devices: Points number = 15 *(1 + 7) = 105.

4.2 Modbus Async Network Component

The ModbusAsyncNetwork is the main component, which is responsible for servicing the RS485 physical port. The component must be placed under the Drivers folder. The Modbus Network sets parameters such as communication baud rate and data format, testing, etc., and keeps statistics.

| Workspace Tree | ₽ ModbusAsyncNetwork × | | |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| Enter text to search | | 192.168.1.53:1876 - ModbusAsyncNetw | ork |
| Workspace Tree | | | |
| 👻 🗋 Site | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| ✓ ④ 192.168.1.53:1876 | | | |
| → | | | [1 - 2] |
| ► ξ ⁶ ₂ ; service | | | [7 - 8] |
| → | | | |
| ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork | Modbus Type | | |
| ModbusRJ12Network | | | [0 - 2147483647] |
| ModbusAsyncNetwork | | | |
| ✓ ⊕ ModbusDevice | | | [1 - 2147483647] |
| ModbusFolder | | | [10 - 2147483647] |
| Visualization_WebServer_logic | | | |
| | | | |
| (f) 127.0.0.1.1878 | | | |
| | | | [1 - 2147483647] |
| | | | [1 - 2147483647] |
| | | | [1 - 2147483647] |
| | Average Poll Time | | |
| | | | |
| | Total Polls | | |
| | Fast Polls | | |
| | Normal Polls | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | , in the second s |
| | ModbusDevice | | • |
| | | | Canal Cana |
| | | | |
| | Modbus Async Device Manager Wire Sheet Pr | operty Sheet Slot Sheet | |

Figure 3. ModbusAsyncNetwork

The ModbusAsyncNetwork component has the following slots:

- Status: Network's status;
 - Available states: OK (network is working properly), Disabled (network is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), OK some device/point down (error in the device or points);
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Enable: this option switches on or switches off the Modbus Network;
 true (network enabled), false (network disabled);
- Steady Time: network start-up delay time after a power-up or reset;
- Baud Rate: the Modbus RS485 port baud rate;
 - Available options: 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 bps;
- Stop Bits: stop bit definition;
 - Available options: 1-bit, 2-bits;
- · Data Bits: data bits definition;
 - Available options: 7-bits or 8-bits;
- Parity: parity bit definition;
 - Available options: None, Odd, Even, Always1, Always0;
- Modbus Type: Modbus type definition;
 - Available options: RTU or ASCII;
- · Ping Enable: enables testing of the device's connection;
- Ping Frequency: time between testing messages to check the device's connection;
- **Down Frequency**: time between testing messages for devices or points, which have got the down status;
- Write On Start: executes a write action in device writable components in the Modbus network after a reset or power-up;
- Write On Up: executes a write action in device writable components in the Modbus network after restoring of the connection with Modbus device;
- Write On Enable: executes a write action in device "Writable" components in the Modbus network after enabling the device;
- Fast Rate: time between messages in the fast mode poll frequency;
- Normal Rate: time between messages in the normal mode poll frequency;
- Slow Rate: time between messages in the slow mode poll frequency;
- Average Poll Time: average time for sending/receiving of one message;
- Busy Time: percentage of Modbus network usage;
- · Total Polls: total number of messages;
- Fast Polls: number of messages sent in the fast mode;
- Normal Polls: number of messages sent in the normal mode;
- Slow Polls: number of messages sent in the slow mode;
- **Timeouts**: number of lost messages, the difference between sent and received messages;
- Errors: number of error messages (for example, with the wrong CRC);
- Free Points: number of available physical points in Modbus network.

The ModbusAsyncNetwork component has the following actions available under the right-click or in the Object Properties window:

- Reset Stats: resets network's statistics and starts counting from the beginning;
- Enable/Disable: switching the Modbus network on/off.

4.3 ModbusAsyncDevice

The ModbusAsyncDevice is a component, which is responsible for servicing a physical device connected to the Modbus network. The AAC20 device acts as a Modbus master to all other Modbus devices on the attached RS485 port. Each device is represented by a Modbus device and has a unique Modbus address (1 to 247) as well as other Modbus config data and starting addresses for Modbus data items (coils, inputs, input registers, holding registers). The component has a Ping action available under the right-click, which sends a test message to the device to check the device status. Each ModbusAsyncDevice has a Ping Address container slot with 3 properties slots (Address Format, Ping Address Reg, Ping Type). These properties specify a particular data address (either input register or holding register) to use as the device status test (meaning Monitor ping requests). Ping requests are generated at the network-level by the configurable network monitor (ModbusNetwork -> Ping Enabled). If enabled, a network's monitor periodically pings (queries) this address. If any response from the device is received, including an exception response, this is considered a proof of communication, and the Modbus client device is no longer considered down if it was previously marked so.

The ModbusAsyncDevice component must be placed under the ModbusAsyncNetwork component.

| Object Properties 4 | | |
|---|--------|--|
| ModbusDevice [iSMA_ModbusAsyncNetwork::ModbusDevice] | | |
| Ping Main Links | | |
| Name | Value | |
| - Component | | |
| 🕞 Meta | Group1 | |
| Status | Ok | |
| Fault Cause | None | |
| Fault Status | false | |
| -•- Enable | true | |
| Device Address | 1 | |
| Timeout | 100 ms | |
| -•- Inter Message Delay | 0 ms | |
| Retry Count | 3 | |
| -•- Address Format | Modbus | |
| Ping Address Reg | 40001 | |
| -•- Ping Type | Hold | |
| -≁- Byte Order | 3210 | |
| | | |

Figure 4. ModbusAsyncDevice

The ModbusAsyncDevice component has the following slots:

• Status: Device's actual status (read-only);

- Available options: OK (device is working properly), Disable (device is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), Down (device is not available), Ok, some points down/error (error in points reading), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled);
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: device error status (true: device communication error);
- Enable: enables/disables the device;
- · Device Address: Modbus device physical address;
 - Available options: 0 (network broadcast address), 1-248 (addressing range);
- Timeout: max. device response time from the device request;
- Inter Message Delay: time between messages sent to the device;
- Retry Count: max. number of error messages (CRC error, lost messages);
- · Address Format: Modbus address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- **Ping Address Reg**: input or holding type register's number, which will be read for device connection test;
- Ping Type: tested register type;
 - Available options: input/holding;
- Byte Order: byte reading order;
 - Available options: for 32-bit: 3210 (Big endian), 1032 (Little endian).

4.4 Modbus Async Data Points

In the Modbus protocol each device has an implemented Modbus table. Sedona has 7 components to read/write data from this table:

- Boolean Point: reads Boolean values (Modbus command 0x02);
- Boolean Writable: reads/writes Boolean values (read: Modbus command 0x02, write: Modbus command 0x05);
- Numeric Point: reads numeric values (Modbus commands: 0x03 for reading holding registers, 0x04 for reading input registers);
- Numeric Writable: reads/writes numeric values (Modbus commands: 0x03 and 0x04 for reading, 0x06 for writing 16-bits Int, SInt values, 0x10 for writing 32-bits Long, SLong, Float values);
- Numeric Multi Point: reads up to eight 16-bits registers (Modbus commands 0x03 and 0x04);
- **RegisterBitPoint**: reads Boolean values from a specified register in the device (Modbus command 0x02);
- RegisterBitWritable: reads/writes Boolean values from/to a specified register (read: Modbus command 0x02, write: Modbus command 0x05).

4.4.1 ModbusAsyncBooleanPoint

The ModbusAsyncBooleanPoint is a component, which is responsible for reading Boolean values from the device. The component has a Read action, which forces reading of the point.



| Object Properties 4 | | |
|---|--------|--|
| B ModbusAsyncBooleanPoint [iSMA_ModbusAsyncNetwork::ModbusAsyncBooleanPoint] | | |
| read | | |
| Main Links | | |
| Name | Value | |
| ✓ Component | | |
| 🕑 Meta | Group1 | |
| -•- Status | Ok | |
| -•- Fault Cause | None | |
| -•- Fault Status | false | |
| -•- Enable | true | |
| -•- Address Format | Modbus | |
| -•- Address | 10001 | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | |
| -•- Status Type | Input | |
| -⊶- Out | true | |
| | | |

Figure 5. ModbusAsyncBooleanPoint

The ModbusAsyncBooleanPoint component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to the address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled);
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- · Fault Status: point error status;
 - Available options: true (point read error), false;
- Enable: enables/disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled);
- Address Format: register address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- · Address: register address;
- Poll Frequency: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Status Type: type of reading register;
 - Available options: input: 0x02, coil: 0x01;
- Out: current value of the read register.

The ModbusAsyncBooleanPoint component has the following action available under the right-click:

• Read: reads a value from the device and sends to the Out slot.

4.4.2 ModbusAsyncBooleanWritable

The ModbusAsyncBooleanWritable is a component which is responsible for sending and reading Boolean values from the device.

| Object Properties 4 | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|----------------|-----------|------|--|
| B [isma_ | B ModbusAsyncBooleanWritable [iSMA_ModbusAsyncNetwork::ModbusAsyncBooleanWritabl | | | | |
| setTrue | setFalse | write | sendValue | read | |
| Main Links | | | | | |
| Name | | Value | | | |
| - Componen | t | | | | |
| 🕑 Meta | | Group1 | | | |
| Status | | Ok | | | |
| -•- Fault Cause | | None | | | |
| -•- Fault Status | | false | | | |
| -•- Enable | | true | | | |
| Address Format | | Modbus | | | |
| -•- Address | | | | | |
| Poll Frequency | | Slow | | | |
| -•- Write Type | | COV_PollFreque | ncy | | |
| -•- Trigger | | false | | | |
| - Out | | true | | | |
| -⊶ In | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Figure 6. ModbusAsyncBooleanWritable

The ModbusAsyncBooleanWritable component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to the address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled).
- · Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: point error status;
 - Available options: true (point read/write error), false;
- Enable: enables/disables the point
 - Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled),
- Address Format: register address format
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- Address: register address;
- Poll Frequency: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Write Type: writing mode;

- Available options: COV (only on input change), COV_PollFrequrency (on input change and periodically), PollFrequrency (only periodically), COV_LinkSet (link back-forward triggered by COV);
- Trigger: forcefully send the value (on rising edge), regardless of the current poll mode;
- Out: output slot, the current value of read/write register;
- In: input slot.

The ModbusAsyncBooleanWritable component has the following actions available under the right-click:

- Set True/Set False: writes a value to the In slot and sends it to the device (not active when slot In has a connected link);
- Write: sends a value from the In slot to the device;
- Read: reads a value from the device and sends to the Out slot.

4.4.3 ModbusAsyncNumericPoint

The ModbusAsyncNumericPoint is a component, which is responsible for reading numeric values from the device. The component has a Read action, which forces the reading of the point.

| Object Properties 4 | | |
|---|---------|--|
| NodbusAsyncNumericPoint [iSMA_ModbusAsyncNetwork::ModbusAsyncNumericPoint] | | |
| read | | |
| Main Links | | |
| Name | Value | |
| - Component | | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 | |
| -•- Status | Ok | |
| Fault Cause | None | |
| -•- Fault Status | false | |
| -•- Enable | true | |
| -•- Address Format | Modbus | |
| -•- Address | 40001 | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | |
| -•- Reg Type | Holding | |
| -•- Data Type | Int | |
| -⊶ Out | 6255.00 | |
| | | |

Figure 7. ModbusAsyncNumericPoint

The ModbusAsyncNumericPoint component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to



address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled);

- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: point error status;
 - Available options: true (point read error), false;
- Enable: enables/disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled);
- Address Format: register address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- Address: register address;
- Poll Frequency: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Reg Type: type of reading register;
 - Available options: input: 0x04, holding: 0x03;
- Data Type: reading register data type;
 - Available options: Int: 16-bits, Long: 32-bits, Float: 32-bits float-point, SInt: 16-bits with sign, Slong: 32-bits with sign;
- Out: current value of the read register.

The ModbusAsyncNumericPoint component has the following action available under the right-click:

• Read: reads a value from the device and sends to the Out slot.

4.4.4 ModbusAsyncNumericWritable

The ModbusAsyncNumericWritable is a component, which is responsible for sending and reading numeric values from the device.



| Object Properties 4 | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| NodbusAsyncNume [iSMA_ModbusAsy | eric Writable nc Network:: Modbus Async Numeric Writabl | |
| set write | sendValue read | |
| Name | Value | |
| - Component | | |
| 🕑 Meta | Group1 | |
| Status | Ok | |
| Fault Cause | None | |
| -•- Fault Status | false | |
| -•- Enable | true | |
| -•- Address Format | Modbus | |
| -•- Address | 40001 | |
| -•- Data Type | Int | |
| Poll Frequency | Slow | |
| -•- Write Type | COV_PollFrequency | |
| -•- Trigger | false | |
| - Out | 6255.00 | |
| ⊸– In | null | |
| | | |
| | | |

Figure 8. ModbusAsyncNumericWritable

The ModbusAsyncNumericWritable component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status, available states:
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to the address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled).
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- · Fault Status: point error status;
 - Available options: true (point read/write error), false;
- · Address Format: register address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- · Address: register address;
- Data Type: read/write register data type;
 - Available options: Int: 16-bits, Long: 32-bits, Float: 32-bits float-point, SInt: 16-bits with sign, Slong: 32-bits with sign, IntF16- use Function 16, SIntF16: use Function 16 (Function 16: Modbus function for sending one register);
- Poll Frequency: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Write Type: writing mode;

- Available options: COV (only on input change), COV_PollFrequency (on input change and periodically), PollFrequency (only periodically), COV_LinkSet (link back-forward triggered by COV);
- Trigger: forcefully send the value (on rising edge), regardless of the current poll mode,
- Out: output slot, the current value of the device register,
- In: input slot.

The ModbusAsyncNumericWritable component has the following actions available under the right mouse button:

- Set: writes a value to the In slot and sends it to the device;
- Write: sends a value from the In slot to the device;
- Read: reads a value from the device and sends it to the Out slot.

4.4.5 ModbusAsyncNumericMultiPoint

The ModbusAsyncNumericMultiPoint is a component, which is responsible for reading up to eight 16-bits registers from the device in one message. The component uses 0x03 or 0x04 Modbus commands. The component has a Read action available under the right-click, which forces the reading of the point.



| Object Properties | д | |
|---|---------|--|
| NodbusAsyncNumericMultiPoint [iSMA_ModbusAsyncNetwork::ModbusAsyncNumericMultiPo | | |
| read | | |
| Main Links Name | Value | |
| ✓ Component | | |
| 🕑 Meta | Group1 | |
| Status | Ok | |
| Fault Cause | None | |
| -•- Fault Status | false | |
| -•- Enable | true | |
| Address Format | Modbus | |
| -•- Address | 40001 | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | |
| -•- Reg Type | Holding | |
| -•- Data Type | Int | |
| Number Of Registers | 8 | |
| Out1 | 6255.00 | |
| Out2 | 0.00 | |
| -•- Out3 | 0.00 | |
| -•- Out4 | 344.00 | |
| -•- Out5 | 0.00 | |
| -•- Out6 | 9.00 | |
| -•- Out7 | 0.00 | |
| -⊶ Out8 | 343.00 | |
| | | |
| | | |

| Figure 9. | ModbusAsyncNumericMultiPoir | 7 |
|-----------|-----------------------------|---|
| 0 | | |

The ModbusAsyncNumericMultiPoint component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled);
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: point error status;
 - Available options: true (point read error), false;
- Enable: enables/disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled,) false (point disabled);
- · Address Format: Register address format;

- Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- · Address: register address;
- Poll Frequency: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- **Reg Type**: type of reading register;
 - Available options: input 0x04, holding 0x03;
- Data Type: read data type;
 - Available options: Int (unsigned values), Sint (signed values);
- · Number Of Registers: number of registers read in one message;
- Out: current value of the read register.

The ModbusAsyncNumericMultiPoint component has the following action available under the right-click:

• Read: reads a value from the device and sends to the Out slot.

4.4.6 ModbusAsyncRegisterBitPoint

The ModbusAsyncRegisterBitPoint component is responsible for reading Boolean values from a bit in a specified register in the device. The component has to be placed under the ModbusAsyncDevice component.

| B ModbusAsyncRegisterBitPoint [iSMA_ModbusAsyncNetwork::ModbusAsyncRegisterBitPoin |
|---|
| |
| read |
| Main Links |
| Name Value |
| ✓ Component |
| Group1 |
| -•- Status Ok |
| Fault Cause None |
| Fault Status false |
| Enable true |
| Address Format Modbus |
| -•- Address 30001 |
| -⊶ Nr Bit 0 |
| Poll Frequency Normal |
| -•- Status Type Input |
| -•- Out true |
| |

Figure 10. ModbusAsyncRegisterBitPoint

The ModbusAsyncRegisterBitPoint component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the point's status;
- · Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- Fault Status: informs about the point error status (true: point read error);

- · Enable: enables or disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled);
- Address Format: allows to set the register address format;
 Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- Address: allows to set the register address;
- Nr Bit: allows to set the bit number in the register;
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency;
 Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Status Type: allows to set the type of reading the register;
 Available options input, coil;
- Out: the current value of the read bit.

The ModbusAsyncRegisterBitPoint component offers the following action:

• Read: enforces reading of the point.

4.4.7 ModbusAsyncRegisterBitWritable

The ModbusAsyncRegisterBitWritable component is responsible for sending to and reading Boolean values from a bit in a specified register in the device. The component has to be placed under the ModbusAsyncDevice component.

| Object Properties | 4 | | |
|---|----------------------|--|--|
| B ModbusAsyncRegisterBitWritable [iSMA_ModbusAsyncNetwork::ModbusAsyncRegisterBitWrit; | | | |
| setTrue setFalse | write sendValue read | | |
| Main Links | | | |
| Name | Value | | |
| - Component | | | |
| 🛇 Meta | Group1 | | |
| -•- Status | Ok | | |
| -•- Fault Cause | None | | |
| -•- Fault Status | false | | |
| -•- Enable | true | | |
| -•- Address Format | Modbus | | |
| -•- Address | 40001 | | |
| -•- Nr Bit | o | | |
| Poll Frequency | Slow | | |
| -•- Write Type | COV_PollFrequency | | |
| -•- Trigger | false | | |
| -⊶ Out | true | | |
| -⊶ In | null | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Figure 11. ModbusAsyncRegisterBitWritable

The ModbusAsyncRegisterBitWritable component has the following slots:



- Status: shows the point's status;
- · Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- Fault Status: informs about the point error status;
 Available information: true (point read error);
- Enable: enables or disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled);
- · Address Format: allows to set the register address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- · Address: allows to set the register address;
- Nr Bit: allows to set the bit number in the register;
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Write Type: allows to set the writing mode;
 - Available options: COV (only on the In slot change), COV_PollFequrency (on the In slot change and periodically), PollFequrency (only periodically), COV_LinkSet (link back-forward triggered by COV);
- Trigger: allows to trigger the remote enforcement of sending (on rising edge);
- Out: the current value of reading bit;
- In: the input slot.

The ModbusAsyncRegisterBitWritable component offers the following actions:

- Set True/Set False: writes the value to the In slot and sends it to the device (not active if the In slot has a link connected);
- Write: sends the value from the In slot to the device;
- · Read: reads the value from the device and sends it to the Out slot;
- Send Value: sends the value to the device, without changing the value on the In slot.

4.5 ModbusFolder

The ModbusFolder is a component which groups and organizes the Modbus points components. The ModbusFolder has the Description slot, where up to 32 characters may be inserted.



Figure 12. ModbusFolder component

5 ModbusTCPNetwork

The iSMA-B-AAC20 controller has an implemented Modbus TCP protocol. It means that, configured as a Master device, it can read/write data to slave devices using the IP connection.

5.1 Modbus TCP License and Limitation

In the standard license there are available 500 data points, and this number cannot be expanded. The number of available points is shown in the ModbusTcpNetwork component in the Free Points slot.

WARNING! Each device and data point is counted as one point. For example, to read 4 data points from 2 devices: points number = 2 * (1 + 4) = 10.

5.2 ModbusTCPNetwork Component

The ModbusTCPNetwork is the main component, which is responsible for servicing an IP communication to slave devices. The component must be placed under the Drivers folder. The ModbusTCPNetwork sets parameters such as communication baud rate and data format, testing, etc., and keeps statistics.



| Object Properties 4 | | |
|---|-------------|--|
| ModbusTcpNetwork [iSMA_ModbusTcpNetwork::ModbusTcpNetwork] | | |
| enable disable | ResetStats | |
| Main Links | | |
| Name | Value | |
| ✓ Component | | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 | |
| -•- Status | Disable | |
| -•- Fault Cause | None | |
| -•- Enable | true | |
| Steady Time | 00h:00m:02s | |
| -•- Ping Enable | true | |
| Ping Frequency | 00h:05m:00s | |
| Down Frequency | 00h:01m:00s | |
| -•- Write On Start | true | |
| -•- Write On Up | true | |
| -•- Write On Enable | true | |
| -•- Fast Rate | 1000 ms | |
| -•- Normal Rate | 5000 ms | |
| -•- Slow Rate | 30000 ms | |
| -•- Total Polls | 0 | |
| -•- Fast Polls | 0 | |
| Normal Polls | 0 | |
| Slow Polls | 0 | |
| Timeouts | 0 | |
| Errors | 0 | |
| Free Points | 499 | |
| | | |

Figure 13. ModbusTCPNetwork component

The ModbusTCPNetwork component has the following slots:

- Status: Network's status;
 - Available states: OK (network is working properly), Disabled (network is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), OK some device/point down (error in the device or points);
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Enable: option to switch on or switch off Modbus network;
 - Available options: true (network enabled), false (network disabled);
- · Steady Time: network's delay time to start-up after a power-up or reset;
- Ping Enable: enables the device's connection testing function;
- Ping Frequency: time between testing messages to check device connection;

- **Down Frequency**: time between testing messages for devices or points which have got status down;
- Write On Start: executes a write action in device writable components in the Modbus network after a reset or power-up;
- Write On Up: executes a write action in device writable components in the Modbus network after restoring the connection with the Modbus device;
- Write On Enable: executes a write action in device writable components in the Modbus network after enabling the device;
- Fast Rate: time between messages in the fast mode poll frequency;
- Normal Rate: time between messages in the normal mode poll frequency;
- Slow Rate: time between messages in the slow mode poll frequency;
- Average Poll Time: average time for sending/receiving of one message
- Busy Time: percentage of Modbus network usage;
- Total Polls: total number of messages;
- Fast Polls: number of messages sent in the fast mode;
- Normal Polls: number of messages sent in the normal mode;
- Slow Polls: number of messages sent in the slow mode;
- **Timeouts**: number of lost messages, the difference between sent and received messages;
- Errors: number of error messages (for example, with the wrong CRC);
- Free points: number of available physical points in the Modbus network.

The ModbusTCPNetwork component has the following actions available under the rightclick or in the Object Properties window:

- **Reset Stats**: resets network's statistics and starts counting from the beginning;
- Enable/Disable: switching the Modbus network on/off.

5.3 ModbusTCPDevice

The ModbusDevice is a component which is responsible for servicing physical Modbus TCP slave devices. Each Modbus device is represented by an IP address, port number (default for Modbus 502), and Device address (1 to 247).

The component has a Ping action available under the right-click, which sends a test message to the device to check the device status. Each ModbusDevice has a "Ping Address" container slot with 3 properties slots (Address Format, Ping Address Reg, Ping Type). These properties specify a particular data address (either input register or holding register) to use as the device status test (meaning "Monitor" ping requests). Ping requests are generated at the network-level by the configurable network monitor (ModbusNetwork -> Ping Enabled). When enabled, a network's monitor periodically pings (queries) this address. If any response id received from the device, including an exception response, this is considered a proof of communication, and the Modbus client device is no longer considered "down" if it had been previously marked "down".



| Object Properties 4 | | |
|---|--------------|--|
| ModbusDevice [iSMA_ModbusTcpNetwork::ModbusDevice] | | |
| Ping Main Links | | |
| Name | Value | |
| - Component | | |
| 🕑 Meta | Group1 | |
| Status | Fault | |
| Fault Cause | NotConnected | |
| Fault Status | true | |
| Enable | true | |
| Ip Address | | |
| -•- Port | 502 | |
| Device Address | 1 | |
| →- Timeout | 100 ms | |
| Retry Count | 3 | |
| Address Format | Modbus | |
| Ping Address Reg | 40001 | |
| →– Ping Type | Hold | |
| -⊶ Byte Order | 3210 | |
| | | |

Figure 14. ModbusTCPDevice component

The ModbusDevice component has the following slots:

- Status: Device's actual status (read-only);
 - Available states: OK (device is working properly), Disable (device is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), Down (device is not available), Ok, some points down/error (error in points reading), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled);
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: device error status;
 - Available states: true (device communication error), false;
- · Enable: enables/disables the device;
- · IP Address: slave device (gateway) IP address;
- Port: slave device (gateway) Modbus TCP port number (default 502);
- · Device Address: Modbus device address (0 broadcast, 1-248 addressing range);
- Timeout: max. device response time from the device request;
- Inter Message Delay: time between messages sent to the device;
- Retry Count: max. number of error messages (CRC error, lost messages);
- · Address Format: Modbus address format (Modbus, decimal);
- Ping Address Reg: any register (Input/Holding) number for device connection test;
- **Ping Type**: tested register type: Input/Holding;
- Byte Order: byte reading order , for32-bit: 3210 (Big endian), 1032 (Little endian).

5.4 Modbus TCP Data Points

In the Modbus protocol each device has an implemented Modbus table. Sedona has 5 components to read/write data from this table:

- Boolean Point: reads Boolean values (Modbus command 0x02);
- Boolean Writable: reads/writes Boolean values (read: Modbus command 0x02, write: Modbus command 0x05);
- Numeric Point: reads numeric values (Modbus commands: 0x03 for reading holding registers, 0x04 for reading input registers);
- Numeric Writable: reads/writes numeric values (Modbus commands: 0x03 and 0x04 for reading, 0x06 for writing 16-bits Int, SInt values, 0x10 for writing 32-bits Long, SLong, Float values);
- Numeric Multi Point: reads up to eight 16-bits registers (Modbus commands 0x03 and 0x04);
- **RegisterBitPoint**: reads Boolean values from a specified register in the device (Modbus command 0x02);
- **RegisterBitWritable**: reads/writes Boolean values from/to a specified register (read: Modbus command 0x02, write: Modbus command 0x05).

5.4.1 ModbusBooleanPoint

The ModbusBooleanPoint is a component, which is responsible for reading Boolean values from the device. The component has a Read action available under the right-click, which forces the reading of the point.

| Object Properties | 4 |
|---|--------------|
| B ModbusBooleanPoint [iSMA_ModbusTcpNetwork::ModbusBooleanPoint] | |
| read | |
| Main Links | |
| Name | Value |
| - Component | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 |
| -•- Status | Fault |
| -•- Fault Cause | NotConnected |
| -•- Fault Status | false |
| Enable | true |
| -•- Address Format | Modbus |
| -•- Address | 10001 |
| Poll Frequency | Normal |
| -•- Status Type | Input |
| Out | false |
| | |

Figure 15. ModbusBooleanPoint component

The ModbusBooleanPoint component has the following slots:



- Status: point's status;
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to the address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled);
- · Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: point error status;
 - Available options: true (point read error), false;
- Enable: enables/disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled);
- · Address Format: register address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- · Address: register address;
- Poll Frequency: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- · Status Type: type of reading register;
 - Available options: input: 0x02, coil: 0x01;
- Out: current value of the read register.

Action

• Read: forces reading of a point.

5.4.2 ModbusBooleanWritable

The ModbusBooleanWritable is a component, which is responsible for sending and reading Boolean values from the device.



| Object Properties | д |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| B ModbusBooleanW [iSMA_ModbusTc] | ritable pNetwork::ModbusBoolean Writable] |
| setTrue setFalse | write sendValue |
| Main Links | |
| Name | Value |
| - Component | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 |
| -•- Status | Fault |
| Fault Cause | NotConnected |
| Fault Status | false |
| Enable | true |
| Address Format | Modbus |
| -•- Address | 1 |
| Poll Frequency | Slow |
| -•- Write Type | COV_PollFrequency |
| -•- Trigger | false |
| -•- Out | false |
| -⊶ In | null |
| | |
| | |

Figure 16. ModbusBooleanWritable component

The ModbusBooleanWritable component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to the address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled).
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: point error status;
 - Available options: true (point read/write error), false;
- Enable: enables/disables the point
 - Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled),
- Address Format: register address format
- Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- Address: register address;
- Poll Frequency: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Write Type: writing mode;

- Available options: COV (only on input change), COV_PollFrequrency (on input change and periodically), PollFrequrency (only periodically), COV_LinkSet (link back-forward triggered by COV);
- Trigger: forcefully send the value (on rising edge), regardless of the current poll mode;
- Out: output slot, the current value of read/write register;
- In: input slot.

Actions

The ModbusTCPBooleanWritable component has the following actions available under the right-click:

- Set True/Set False: writes a value to the In slot and sends it to the device (not active when slot In has a connected link);
- Write: sends a value from the In slot to the device;
- sendValue:
- Read: reads a value from the device and sends to the Out slot.

5.4.3 ModbusNumericPoint

The ModbusNumericPoint is a component, which is responsible for reading numeric values from the device. The component has a Read action available under the right-click, which forces the reading of the point.

| Object Properties | , a |
|--|--------------|
| ModbusNumericPoint [iSMA_ModbusTcpNetwork::ModbusNumericPoint] | |
| read | |
| Main Links | |
| Name | Value |
| - Component | |
| 🕑 Meta | Group1 |
| -•- Status | Fault |
| -•- Fault Cause | NotConnected |
| -•- Fault Status | false |
| -•- Enable | true |
| Address Format | Modbus |
| -•- Address | 40001 |
| Poll Frequency | Normal |
| -•- Reg Type | Holding |
| -•- Data Type | Int |
| -⊶ Out | 0.00 |
| | |
| | |

Figure 17. ModbusNumericPoint component

The ModbusNumericPoint component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled);
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: point error status;
 - Available options: true (point read error), false;
- Enable: enables/disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled);
- · Address Format: register address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- Address: register address;
- Poll Frequency: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Reg Type: type of reading register;
 - Available options: input: 0x04, holding: 0x03;
- Data Type: reading register data type;
 - Available options: Int: 16-bits, Long: 32-bits, Float: 32-bits float-point, SInt: 16-bits with sign, Slong: 32-bits with sign;
- Out: current value of the read register.

Action

• Read: forces reading of a point.

5.4.4 ModbusNumericWritable

The ModbusNumericWritable is a component, which is responsible for sending and reading numeric values from the device.



| Object Properties | 4 |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| NodbusNumericW [iSMA_ModbusTcj | /ritable pNetwork::ModbusNumericWritable] |
| set write | sendValue read |
| Main Links | |
| Name | Value |
| - Component | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 |
| -•- Status | Fault |
| Fault Cause | NotConnected |
| Fault Status | false |
| Enable | true |
| Address Format | Modbus |
| Address | 40001 |
| 🗝 Data Type | Int |
| Poll Frequency | Slow |
| Write Type | COV_PollFrequency |
| -•- Trigger | false |
| -•- Out | 0.00 |
| - → - In | null |
| | |

Figure 18. ModbusNumericWritable component

The ModbusNumericWritable component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status, available states:
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to the address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled).
- · Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: point error status;
- Available options: true (point read/write error), false;
- · Address Format: register address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- · Address: register address;
- Data Type: read/write register data type;
 - Available options: Int: 16-bits, Long: 32-bits, Float: 32-bits float-point, SInt: 16-bits with sign, Slong: 32-bits with sign, IntF16- use Function 16, SIntF16: use Function 16 (Function 16: Modbus function for sending one register);
- **Poll Frequency**: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Write Type: writing mode;

- Available options: COV only on input change, COV_PollFrequency: on input change and periodically, PollFrequency - only periodically, COV_LinkSet (link backforward triggered by COV);
- Trigger: forcefully send the value (on rising edge), regardless of the current poll mode,
- Out: output slot, the current value of the device register,
- In: input slot.

Actions

The ModbusNumericWritable component has the following actions available under the right mouse button:

- Set: writes a value to the In slot and sends it to the device;
- Write: sends a value from the In slot to the device;
- sendValue:
- Read: reads a value from the device and sends it to the Out slot.

5.4.5 ModbusNumericMultiPoint

The ModbusNumericMultiPoint is a component, which is responsible for reading up to 8 registers from the device in one message. The component uses 0x03 and 0x04 Modbus commands. The component has a Read action available under the right-click, which forces the reading of the point.



| Object Properties | 4 | |
|--|--------------|--|
| ModbusNumericMultiPoint [iSMA_ModbusTcpNetwork::ModbusNumericMultiPoint] | | |
| read Main Links | | |
| Name | Value | |
| ✓ Component | | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 | |
| Status | Fault | |
| Fault Cause | NotConnected | |
| Fault Status | false | |
| Enable | true | |
| -•- Address Format | Modbus | |
| -•- Address | 40001 | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | |
| -•- Reg Type | Holding | |
| -•- Data Type | Int | |
| Number Of Registers | 8 | |
| Out1 | 0.00 | |
| -•- Out2 | 0.00 | |
| -•- Out3 | 0.00 | |
| -•- Out4 | 0.00 | |
| -⊶ Out5 | 0.00 | |
| -•- Out6 | 0.00 | |
| Out7 | 0.00 | |
| Out8 | 0.00 | |
| | | |

| Figure 19. ModbusNumericMultiPoint compon | en |
|---|----|
|---|----|

The ModbusNumericMultipoint component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled);
- · Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: point error status;
 - Available options: true (point read error), false;
- Enable: enables/disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled,) false (point disabled);
- Address Format: Register address format;

- Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- · Address: register address;
- Poll Frequency: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- **Reg Type**: type of reading register;
 - Available options: input 0x04, holding 0x03;
- Data Type: read data type;
 - Available options: Int (unsigned values), Sint (signed values);
- · Number Of Registers: number of registers read in one message;
- Out: current value of the read register.

5.4.6 RegisterBitPoint

The RegisterBitPoint component is responsible for reading Boolean values from a bit in a specified register in the device. The component has to be placed under the ModbusDevice component in the ModbusTCPNetwork.

| Object Properties 4 | |
|---|--------------|
| B RegisterBitPoint [iSMA_ModbusTcpNetwork::RegisterBitPoint] | |
| read Main Links | |
| Name | Value |
| - Component | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 |
| →- Status | Fault |
| Fault Cause | NotConnected |
| Fault Status | false |
| Enable | true |
| Address Format | Modbus |
| Address | 30001 |
| -•- Nr Bit | 0 |
| Poll Frequency | Normal |
| -•- Status Type | Input |
| -⊶ Out | false |
| | |

Figure 20. RegisterBitPoint component

The RegisterBitPoint component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the point's status;
- Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- Fault Status: informs about the point error status (true: point read error);
- Enable: enables or disables the point (true: point enabled, false: point disabled);
- · Address Format: allows to set the register address format (Modbus, decimal);
- Address: allows to set the register address;
- Nr Bit: allows to set the bit number in the register;
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency (fast, normal, slow);
- Status Type: allows to set the type of reading the register (input, coil);
- Out: the current value of the read bit.

Action

The RegisterBitPoint component offers the following action:

• Read: enforces reading of the point.

5.4.7 RegisterBitWritable

The RegisterBitWritable component is responsible for sending to and reading Boolean values from a bit in a specified register in the device. The component has to be placed under the ModbusDevice component.

| Object Proper | Object Properties 4 | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|--------|-----------|--|--|
| B RegisterBitWritable [iSMA_ModbusTcpNetwork::RegisterBitWritable] | | | | | |
| setTrue | setFalse | write | sendValue | | |
| read | | | | | |
| Main Links | | | | | |
| Name | | Value | | | |
| Component | t | | | | |
| 河 Meta | | Group1 | | | |
| Status | | Fault | | | |
| Fault Cause | Fault Cause NotConnected | | | | |
| 🔶 Fault Status | Fault Status false | | | | |
| Enable true | | | | | |
| -•- Address For | mat | Modbus | | | |
| Address | Address 40001 | | | | |
| -•- Nr Bit | Nr Bit 0 | | | | |
| Poll Frequer | Poll Frequency Slow | | | | |
| -•- Write Type | Write Type COV_PollFrequency | | | | |
| -•- Trigger | Trigger false | | | | |
| -•- Out false | | | | | |
| -⊶ In | | null | | | |
| | | | | | |

Figure 21. RegisterBitWritable component

The RegisterBitWritable component has the following slots:

- **Status:** shows the point's status;
- Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;

- · Fault Status: informs about the point error status (true: point read error);
- · Enable: enables or disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled);
- · Address Format: allows to set the register address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- · Address: allows to set the register address;
- Nr Bit: allows to set the bit number in the register;
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency (fast, normal, slow);
- Write Type: allows to set the writing mode;
 - Available options: COV (only on the In slot change), COV_PollFequrency (on the In slot change and periodically), PollFequrency (only periodically), COV_LinkSet (link back-forward triggered by COV);
- Trigger: allows to trigger the remote enforcement of sending (on rising edge);
- Out: the current value of reading bit;
- In: the input slot.

Action

The RegisterBitWritable component offers the following actions:

- Set True/Set False: writes the value to the In slot and sends it to the device (not active if the In slot has a link connected);
- Write: sends the value from the In slot to the device;
- · Read: reads the value from the device and sends it to the Out slot;
- Send Value: sends the value to the device, without changing the value on the In slot.

5.5 ModbusFolder

The ModbusFolder is a component which groups and organizes the Modbus points components. The ModbusFolder has a Description slot where up to 32 characters may be inserted.



Figure 22. ModbusFolder component

6 ModbusTCPSlaveNetwork

The controller has a built-in Modbus TCP/IP server (Modbus TCP slave device) application, which is always active. The controller has a built-in register table to read/write data. Addresses from 0 to 999 (decimal numeration) are reserved for controller registers. To see list of registers and registers parameters go to the List of Modbus Registers chapter. Addresses from 1000 to 2999 are free to use and can be adopted in the user application.



Figure 23. Modbus slave network

6.1 ModbusTCPSlaveNetwork Component

The ModbusTCPSlaveNetwork is always enabled, and it does not have to be configured in order to read the controller registers. The ModbusTCPSlaveNetwork is used only for changing parameters (parameters can be changed also from the controller's configuration web page) and to set up user registers.

| Object Properties 4 | | | | |
|--|-------------|--|--|--|
| ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork [iSMA_ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork::ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork] | | | | |
| Main Links | | | | |
| Name | Value | | | |
| - Component | | | | |
| 🕑 Meta | Group1 | | | |
| -•- Status | Ok | | | |
| -•- Fault Cause | None | | | |
| Modbus Tcp Port | 502 | | | |
| Modbus Device Address | | | | |
| Watchdog Time | 00h:00m:15s | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Figure 24. ModbusTCPSlaveNetwork component

The ModbusTCPSlaveNetwork component has the following slots:

- Status: network's status;
- · Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Modbus TCP Port: Modbus TCP port number (default 502);
- · Modbus Device Address: controller Modbus address;
- Watchdog Time: time between received valid messages, after which the controller will reset default values on outputs; value 0 disables this function.

6.2 Modbus TCP Slave Data Points

The Modbus TCP Slave Data Points are served by two components placed under the ModbusTCPSlaveNetwork component:

- · BooleanValue: reads/writes Boolean values;
- NumericValue: reads/writes numeric values.

WARNING! There is only one table for both values. Data points addresses are assigned manually, please take care not to override one register from many components.

WARNING! The BooleanValue and NumericValue both have the read and write function. To read-only use the Out slot only. Leave the In slot not connected with null (for Boolean) or nan (for numeric) value.

WARNING! Using controller outputs in the Sedona application will disable writing function to the controller output registers. In this case, Sedona application has a higher priority.

6.2.1 BooleanValue

The BooleanValue component is responsible for reading and writing Boolean values in the controller's Modbus table. Values can be read only for Modbus master (bit type: discrete input) or read and write for Modbus master (bit type: coil).

Only one Modbus table is used for writing the Boolean and numeric values. Before addressing the component make sure that the register is not in use by any another component.

| Object Properties 4 | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| BooleanValue [iSMA_ModbusTc | BooleanValue [iSMA_ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork::BooleanValue] | | | | |
| set Main Links | | | | | |
| Name | Value | | | | |
| - Component | | | | | |
| 🛇 Meta | Group1 | | | | |
| -•- Status | Ok | | | | |
| -•- Fault Cause | None | | | | |
| Description | | | | | |
| Address Format | Decimal | | | | |
| -•- Address | 1000 | | | | |
| -⊶ Bit | 0 | | | | |
| -•- Bit Type | Coil | | | | |
| -•- Trigger | false | | | | |
| Out | false | | | | |
| -⊶ In | null | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Figure 25. BooleanValue component

The BooleanValue component has the following slots:

- · Status: point's current status;
- · Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- · Description: point description label up to 32 characters;
- · Address Format: Modbus addressing format;
 - Available options: Modbus/decimal;
- Address: register address (from 0 to 65535);
- Bit: bit number in 16-bits register (from 0 to 15);
- **Bit Type**: bit type for master device;
 - Available options: coil (read/write), discrete input (read-only);
- Trigger: forcefully send the Input value to controller Modbus table (on rising edge);
- Out: output slot, the current value of the device register;
- In: input slot.

6.2.2 NumericValue

The NumericValue component is responsible for reading and writing numeric values to the controller's Modbus table. Values can be read only for the Modbus master (register type: Input Register) or read and write for the Modbus Master (register type: Holding Register).

Only one Modbus table is used for writing the Boolean and Numeric values. Before addressing the component make sure that the register is not in use by any another component.

WARNING! Data Types: Long, SLong, and Float use 32-bits format and use two registers. Next free register in the table is the Register address + 2. For example: Float value register address is 1010, the next register must be addressed 1012.

| Object Properties 4 | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| NumericValue [iSMA_ModbusTcp | oSlaveNetwork::NumericValue] | | | |
| set | | | | |
| Name | Value | | | |
| | | | | |
| 🕑 Meta | Group1 | | | |
| Status | Ok | | | |
| Fault Cause | None | | | |
| Description | | | | |
| Address Format | Decimal | | | |
| -•- Address | 1000 | | | |
| -•- Data Type | Int | | | |
| -•- Register Type | Holding Register | | | |
| -•- Trigger | false | | | |
| -⊶- Out | 0.00 | | | |
| -•- In | null | | | |
| | | | | |

Figure 26. NumericValue component

The NumericValue component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Description: point description label up to 32 characters;
- Address Format: Modbus addressing format;
 Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- Address: register address (from 0 to 65535);
- Data Type: variable data type;
 - Available options: Int, Sint, Long, Slong, Float;

WARNING! Long, Slong and Float are 32bit and they use 2 registers.

- Register Type: register type for master device;
- · Available options: holding register (read/write), input register (read-only);
- Trigger: forcefully send the Input value to controller Modbus table (on rising edge);
- Out: output slot, the current value of the device register;
- In: input slot.

6.2.3 MultiRegisterFloat

The MultiRegisterFloat component is responsible for reading float-type multi-register values. The component can read data from up to four registers.

| Object Properties 4 | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--------|--|--|--|
| N | MultiRegisterFloat [iSMA_ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork::MultiRegisterFloat] | | | | |
| Main | Links | | | | |
| Name | | Value | | | |
| \odot | Meta | Group1 | | | |
| -0- | Status | Ok | | | |
| -0- | Fault Cause | None | | | |
| -0- | Description | | | | |
| -0- | Starting Address | 1000 | | | |
| -0- | Number Of Registers | 1 | | | |
| -0- | Last Address | 1001 | | | |
| -0- | Register0 | 0.00 | | | |
| -0- | Register1 | 0.00 | | | |
| -0- | Register2 | 0.00 | | | |
| -0- | Register3 | 0.00 | | | |
| | | | | | |

Figure 27. MultiRegisterFloat component

The MultiRegisterFloat component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- **Description**: point description label up to 32 characters;
- **Starting Address:** Modbus address of a first register of the multi-register value (from 0 to 65535);
- Number of Registers: number of registers of the multi-register value;
- Last Address: Modbus address of a last register of the multi-register value (from 0 to 65535);
- Register0-4: values of each register defined in a scope of Starting to Last Address.

6.2.4 MultiRegisterInt

The MultiRegisterInt component is responsible for reading integer-type multi-register values. The component can read data from up to eight registers.

| Objec | Object Properties 4 | | | | |
|------------|--|--------|--|--|--|
| N | MultiRegisterInt [iSMA_ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork::MultiRegisterInt] | | | | |
| Main | Links | | | | |
| Name | | Value | | | |
| \bigcirc | Meta | Group1 | | | |
| -0- | Status | Ok | | | |
| -0- | Fault Cause | None | | | |
| -0- | Description | | | | |
| -0- | Starting Address | 1000 | | | |
| -0- | Data Type | Int | | | |
| -0- | Number Of Registers | | | | |
| -0- | Last Address | 1000 | | | |
| -0- | RegisterO | 0.00 | | | |
| -0- | Register1 | 0.00 | | | |
| -0- | Register2 | 0.00 | | | |
| -0- | Register3 | 0.00 | | | |
| -0- | Register4 | 0.00 | | | |
| -0- | Register5 | 0.00 | | | |
| -0- | Register6 | 0.00 | | | |
| -0- | Register7 | 0.00 | | | |
| | | | | | |

Figure 28. MultiRegisterInt component

The MultiRegisterInt component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Description: point description label up to 32 characters;
- **Starting Address:** Modbus address of a first register of the multi-register value (from 0 to 65535);
- Data Type: defines a data type (Int, SInt);
- Number of Registers: number of registers of the multi-register value;
- Last Address: Modbus address of a last register of the multi-register value (from 0 to 65535);
- Register0-7: values of each register defined in a scope of Starting to Last Address.

6.2.5 MultiRegisterLong

The MultiRegisterLong component is responsible for reading long-type multi-register values. The component can read data from up to four registers.



| Objec | Object Properties 4 | | | | |
|---------|--|--------|--|--|--|
| N | MultiRegisterLong [iSMA_ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork::MultiRegisterLong] | | | | |
| Main | Links | | | | |
| Name | | Value | | | |
| \odot | Meta | Group1 | | | |
| | Status | Ok | | | |
| -0- | Fault Cause | None | | | |
| | Description | | | | |
| -0- | Starting Address | 1000 | | | |
| | Data Type | Long | | | |
| -0- | Number Of Registers | | | | |
| | Last Address | 1001 | | | |
| -0- | RegisterO | 0.00 | | | |
| | Register1 | 0.00 | | | |
| -0- | Register2 | 0.00 | | | |
| | Register3 | 0.00 | | | |
| | | | | | |

Figure 29. MultiRegisterLong component

The MultiRegisterLong component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- · Description: point description label up to 32 characters;
- **Starting Address:** Modbus address of a first register of the multi-register value (from 0 to 65535);
- · Data Type: defines a data type (Long, SLong);
- Number of Registers: number of registers of the multi-register value;
- Last Address: Modbus address of a last register of the multi-register value (from 0 to 65535);
- Register0-4: values of each register defined in a scope of Starting to Last Address.

6.2.6 RegisterBitsPoint

The RegisterBitsPoint component is responsible for reading values from a bit in a specified register in the device. The component has to be placed in the ModbusTCPSlaveNetwork component.

| Object Properties 🗖 | | | | |
|---------------------|--|------------------|--|--|
| B | RegisterBitsPoint [iSMA_ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork::RegisterBitsPoint] | | | |
| Main | Links | | | |
| Name | | Value | | |
| \odot | Meta | Group1 | | |
| | Status | Ok | | |
| | Fault Cause | None | | |
| | Description | | | |
| | Address | 1000 | | |
| | Register Type | Holding Register | | |
| -0- | Trigger | false | | |
| | Value | 0.00 | | |
| -0- | BitO | false | | |
| | Bit1 | false | | |
| | Bit2 | false | | |
| | Bit3 | false | | |
| | Bit4 | false | | |
| | Bit5 | false | | |
| | Bit6 | false | | |
| | Bit7 | false | | |
| | Bit8 | false | | |
| | Bit9 | false | | |
| | Bit10 | false | | |
| | Bit11 | false | | |
| | Bit12 | false | | |
| | Bit13 | false | | |
| | Bit14 | false | | |
| -0- | Bit15 | false | | |

Figure 30. RegisterBitsPoint component

The RegisterBitsPoint component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the point's status;
- Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- · Description: point's description label;
- · Address: allows to set the register address, which the values will be read from;
- **Register Type:** defines a type of the addressed register;
- Trigger: invokes a reading action;
- · Value: shows a decimal representation of the Boolean bits values;
- Bit0-Bit15: Boolean value of each of the register's bits.

6.2.7 ModbusAsyncSlaveExtension

The ModbusAsyncSlaveExtension component activates the Modbus Async slave network for the device. The component has to be placed in the ModbusTCPSlaveNetwork component.



| | ModbusAsyncSlaveExtension [iSMA_ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork::ModbusAsyncSlaveExtension] | | | |
|---------|--|-----------|--|--|
| Main | Links | | | |
| Name | | Value | | |
| \odot | Meta | Group1 | | |
| | Status | Disable | | |
| | Fault Cause | None | | |
| | R S485 Port | СОМ2 | | |
| | Enable | false | | |
| | Modbus Device Address | | | |
| | Baud Rate | BR_115200 | | |
| | Stop Bits | | | |
| | Data Bits | | | |
| | Parity | None | | |
| | Modbus Type | RTU | | |

Figure 31. ModbusAsyncSlaveExtension component

The ModbusAsyncSlaveExtension component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the point's status;
- Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- **RS485 Port:** shows a number of port used for the Modbus Async slave network communication;
- · Enable: enables or disables functioning of the Modbus Async slave network;
- · Modbus Device Address: allows to set the device's Modbus address;
- · Baud Rate: allows to set the Modbus RS485 port baud rate;
 - Available options: 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 bps;
- Stop Bits: allows to set the stop bit definition;
 - Available options: 1-bit, 2-bits;
- Data Bits: allows to set the data bits definition;
 - Available options: 7-bits or 8-bits;
- Parity: allows to set the parity bit definition;
 - Available options: None, Odd, Even, Always1, Always0;
- · Modbus Type: allows to set the Modbus type definition;
 - Available options: RTU or ASCII.

6.3 ModbusFolder

The ModbusFolder is a component which groups and organizes the Modbus points components. The ModbusFolder has a Description slot where up to 32 characters may be inserted.

7 ModbusRJ12Network

In a standard license there are available 500 data points, and this number cannot be expanded. The number of available points is shown in the ModbusRJ12Network component in the Free Points slot.

The iSMA-B-AAC20 controller has one RJ12 port, which can be used as a Modbus RTU/ ASCII master.

7.1 Modbus RJ12 License and Limitation

In the standard license there are available 500 data points, and this number cannot be expanded. The number of available points is shown in the ModbusRJ12Network component in the Free Points slot.

WARNING! Each device and data point is counted as one point. For example, to read 7 data points from 15 devices: Points number = 15 *(1 + 7) = 105.

7.2 ModbusRJ12Network Component

The ModbusRJ12Network is the main component, which is responsible for servicing an RJ12 physical port. The component must be placed under the Drivers folder. The ModbusRJ12Network sets parameters such as communication baud rate and data format, testing, etc., and keeps statistics.

| Workspace Tree | ModbusRJ12Network × + | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Enter text to search | 192.168.1.53:1876 - ModbusRJ12Network | | |
| Workspace Tree | | | |
| → ¹ | | | <u>.</u> |
| 192.168.1.52:88 | | | |
| 192.168.1.123:88 | | | |
| ✓ Ψ 192.168.1.53:1876 | | | |
| - ⊜ app | | | |
| ► \$ૢ૾ૺ} service | | | |
| → ☐ Drivers | | | [1 - 2] |
| ModbusTcpSlaveNetwork | | | [7 - 8] |
| GodbusRJ12Network | | | |
| ✓ | | | |
| → 💽 ModbusFolder | | | [0 - 9223372036854775807] |
| (B) ModbusBooleanPoint | | | |
| ModbusBooleanWritable | | | [1 - 2147483647] |
| | | | [10 - 2147483647] |
| ModbushumericPoint | | | |
| ParistarBitDoint | | | |
| B RegisterBitWritable | | | |
| ModbusAsvncNetwork | | | [1 - 2147483647] |
| Visualization WebServer logic | | | [1 - 2147483647] |
| → □ Logic | | | [1 - 2147483647] |
| | | | |
| ~ | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | → → ModbusDevice | | |
| | | | Cancel Save |
| | | | Calicer Save |
| | Wire Sheet Property Sheet Slot Sheet | | |

Figure 32. ModbusRJ12Network

The ModbusRJ12Network component has the following slots:

• Status: Network's status;

- Available states: OK (network is working properly), Disabled (network is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), OK some device/point down (error in the device or points);
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Enable: option to switch on or switch off Modbus network;
- Available options: true (network enabled), false (network disabled);
- Steady Time: network's delay time to start-up after a power-up or reset;
- Baud Rate: for Modbus RS485 port baud rate;
 - Available options: 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 bps;
- Stop Bits: stop bit definition;
 - Available options: 1-bit, 2-bits;
- · Data Bits: data bits definition;
 - Available options: 7-bits or 8-bits;
- Parity: parity bit definition;
 - Available options: None, Odd, Even, Always1, Always0;
- Modbus Type: Modbus type definition;
 - Available options: RTU or ASCII;
- Ping Enable: enables the device's connection testing function;
- Ping Frequency: time between testing messages to check device connection;
- **Down Frequency**: time between testing messages for devices or points, which have got status down;
- Write On Start: executes a write action in device writable components in the Modbus network after a reset or power-up;
- Write On Up: executes a write action in device writable components in the Modbus network after restoring the connection with the Modbus device;
- Write On Enable: executes a write action in device writable components in the Modbus network after enabling the device;
- Fast Rate: time between messages in the fast mode poll frequency;
- Normal Rate: time between messages in the normal mode poll frequency;
- Slow Rate: time between messages in the slow mode poll frequency;
- · Total Polls: total number of messages;
- Fast Polls: number of messages sent in the fast mode;
- Normal Polls: number of messages sent in the normal mode;
- Slow Polls: number of messages sent in the slow mode;
- Timeouts: number of lost messages, the difference between sent and received messages;
- Errors: number of error messages (for example, with the wrong CRC);
- Free points: number of available physical points in the Modbus network.

The ModbusTCPNetwork component has the following actions available under the rightclick or in the Object Properties window:

- Reset Stats: resets network's statistics and starts counting from the beginning;
- Enable/Disable: switching the Modbus network on/off.

7.3 Modbus RJ12 Wiring

The RJ12 port connector is located between the SD card and USB slots. The connector provides Modbus bus wires, ground potential GO, and power supply directly connected to



G terminal from the power supply connector (the external devices can be powered through the RJ12 connector). A wiring diagram is shown in the figure below.



Figure 33. Modbus RJ12 wiring

The RJ12 pins description:

- Pin1: G0 potential, (SD card side);
- Pin2: RS485 (B);
- Pin3: RS485 + (A);
- Pin4: G0 potential;
- Pin5: G potential, directly connected to G terminal in power supply;
- Pin6: G potential, directly connected to G terminal in power supply (USB side).

Connection of the devices is shown in the figure below.

| ISMA-B-AAC20 UI UZ U3 U4 66 US US U7 U8 06 III IZ IS II 60 60 - + UNIVERSAL INVISIO 00000000000000000000000000000000000 | |
|--|--|
| Constant and Const | U1 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 110 111 112 COM1 MIX38 Imix18 Imix12 Imix18 Imix12 |
| | ANALOS CUTIVITS DISTAL CUTIVIT |

Figure 34. RJ12 to RS485 Modbus connection

7.4 ModbusRJ12Device

The ModbusRJ12Device is a component which is responsible for servicing a physical device connected to the ModbusRJ12Network. The device is a Modbus master to all other Modbus devices on the attached RJ12 port. Each device is represented by the ModbusDevice, and has a unique Modbus address (from 1 to 247) as well as the other Modbus config data and starting addresses for Modbus data items (coils, inputs, input registers, holding registers). The component has a Ping action available under the right-click, which sends a test message to the device to check the device status. Each ModbusDevice has a "Ping Address" container slot with 3 properties slots (Address Format, Ping Address Reg, Ping Type). These properties specify a particular data address (either input register or holding register) to use as the device status test (meaning



"Monitor" ping requests). Ping requests are generated at the network level by the configurable network monitor (ModbusNetwork -> Ping Enable). When enabled the network monitor periodically pings (queries) this address. If any response is received from the device, including an exception response, this is considered a proof of communication, and the Modbus client device is no longer considered "down" if it had been previously marked "down".

| Workspace Tree 4 | ModbusDevice × | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--------------|
| Enter text to search | 192.168.1.53:1876 - ModbusDevice | | |
| Workspace Tree | | | |
| Workspace Tree | Name | Value Value Group1 Group1 Ok None Talse True 100 No 0 ms 0 ms 3 Modbus Hold 3210 | |
| | | | Course Surge |
| | | | Calcel Save |

Figure 35. ModbusDevive

The ModbusRJ12Device component has the following slots:

- Status: Device's actual status (read-only);
 - Available states: OK (device is working properly), Disable (device is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), Down (device is not available), Ok, some points down/error (error in points reading), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled);
- · Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: device error status;
 - Available states: true (device communication error), false;
- Enable: enables/disables the device;
- IP Address: slave device (gateway) IP address;
- · Device Address: Modbus device address (0 broadcast, 1-248 addressing range);
- · Timeout: max. device response time from the device request;
- Inter Message Delay: time between messages sent to the device;
- Retry Count: max. number of error messages (CRC error, lost messages);
- · Address Format: Modbus address format (Modbus, decimal);
- · Ping Address Reg: any register (Input/Holding) number for device connection test;
- Ping Type: tested register type: Input/Holding;
- Byte Order: byte reading order , for32-bit: 3210 (Big endian), 1032 (Little endian).

7.5 Modbus RJ12 Data Points

In the Modbus protocol each device has an implemented Modbus table. Sedona has 7 components to read/write data from this table:

- Boolean Point: reads Boolean values (Modbus command 0x02);
- Boolean Writable: reads/writes Boolean values (read: Modbus command 0x02, write: Modbus command 0x05);

- Numeric Point: reads numeric values (Modbus commands: 0x03 for reading holding registers, 0x04 for reading input registers);
- Numeric Writable: reads/writes numeric values (Modbus commands: 0x03 and 0x04 for reading, 0x06 for writing 16-bits Int, SInt values, 0x10 for writing 32-bits Long, SLong, Float values);
- Numeric Multi Point: reads up to eight 16-bits registers (Modbus commands 0x03 and 0x04);
- RegisterBitPoint: reads Boolean values from a specified register in the device (Modbus command 0x02);
- RegisterBitWritable: reads/writes Boolean values from/to a specified register (read: Modbus command 0x02, write: Modbus command 0x05).

7.5.1 ModbusBooleanPoint

The ModbusBooleanPoint is a component, which is responsible for reading Boolean values from the device. The component has a Read action, which forces reading of the point.

| Object Properties 4 | | |
|---|--------|--|
| B ModbusBooleanPoint [iSMA_ModbusRJ12::ModbusBooleanPoint] | | |
| read Main Links | | |
| Name | Value | |
| - Component | | |
| 🕑 Meta | Group1 | |
| -•- Status | Ok | |
| -•- Fault Cause | None | |
| -•- Fault Status | false | |
| -•- Enable | true | |
| Address Format | Modbus | |
| -•- Address | 10001 | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | |
| -•- Status Type | Input | |
| -⊶- Out | true | |
| | | |

Figure 36. ModbusBooleanPoint

The ModbusBooleanPoint component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to the address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled);
- · Fault Cause: fault cause description;

- Fault Status: point error status;
 - Available options: true (point read error), false;
- Enable: enables/disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled);
- · Address Format: register address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- Address: register address;
- Poll Frequency: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Status Type: type of reading register;
 - Available options: input: 0x02, coil: 0x01;
- Out: current value of the read register.

The ModbusBooleanPoint component has the following action available under the rightclick:

• Read: reads a value from the device and sends to the Out slot.

7.5.2 ModbusBooleanWritable

The ModbusBooleanWritable is a component which is responsible for sending and reading Boolean values from the device.

| Object Properties 4 | | ф | | |
|---|----------|-----------------|-----------|--|
| B ModbusBooleanWritable [iSMA_ModbusRJ12::ModbusBooleanWritable] | | | | |
| setTrue | setFalse | write | sendValue | |
| read | | | | |
| Main Links | | | | |
| Name | | Value | | |
| - Componen | t | | | |
| 河 Meta | | Group1 | | |
| -•- Status | | Ok | | |
| -•- Fault Cause | | None | | |
| -•- Fault Status | | false | | |
| -•- Enable | | true | | |
| -•- Address Forr | nat | Modbus | | |
| -•- Address | | | | |
| Poll Frequen | су | Slow | | |
| -•- Write Type | | COV_PollFrequer | тсу | |
| -•- Trigger | | false | | |
| -⊶ Out | | true | | |
| -⊶ In | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Figure 37. ModbusBooleanWritable



The ModbusBooleanWritable component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to the address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled).
- · Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: point error status;
 - Available options: true (point read/write error), false;
- Enable: enables/disables the point
- Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled),
- Address Format: register address format
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- · Address: register address;
- **Poll Frequency**: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Write Type: writing mode;
 - Available options: COV (only on input change), COV_PollFrequrency (on input change and periodically), PollFrequrency (only periodically), COV_LinkSet (link back-forward triggered by COV);
- Trigger: forcefully send the value (on rising edge), regardless of the current poll mode;
- Out: output slot, the current value of read/write register;
- In: input slot.

The ModbusBooleanWritable component has the following actions available under the right-click:

- Set True/Set False: writes a value to the In slot and sends it to the device (not active when slot In has a connected link);
- Write: sends a value from the In slot to the device;
- Read: reads a value from the device and sends to the Out slot.

7.5.3 ModbusNumericPoint

The ModbusNumericPoint is a component, which is responsible for reading numeric values from the device. The component has a Read action, which forces the reading of the point.



| Object Properties | ц. | |
|---|---------|--|
| NodbusNumericPoint [iSMA_ModbusRJ12::ModbusNumericPoint] | | |
| read | | |
| Main Links | | |
| Name | Value | |
| - Component | | |
| 🕑 Meta | Group1 | |
| Status | Ok | |
| Fault Cause | None | |
| Fault Status | false | |
| Enable | true | |
| Address Format | Modbus | |
| Address | 40001 | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | |
| -•- Reg Type | Holding | |
| -•- Data Type | Int | |
| Out | 5999.00 | |
| | | |
| | | |

Figure 38. ModbusNumericPoint

The ModbusNumericPoint component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled);
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: point error status;
 - Available options: true (point read error), false;
- Enable: enables/disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled);
- Address Format: register address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- Address: register address;
- Poll Frequency: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Reg Type: type of reading register;
 - Available options: input: 0x04, holding: 0x03;
- Data Type: reading register data type;
 - Available options: Int: 16-bits, Long: 32-bits, Float: 32-bits float-point, SInt: 16-bits with sign, Slong: 32-bits with sign;
- Out: current value of the read register.

The ModbusNumericPoint component has the following action available under the rightclick:

• Read: reads a value from the device and sends to the Out slot.

7.5.4 ModbusNumericWritable

The ModbusNumericWritable is a component, which is responsible for sending and reading numeric values from the device.

| Object Properties 4 | | |
|---|-------------------|--|
| ModbusNumericWritable [iSMA_ModbusRJ12::ModbusNumericWritable] | | |
| set write | sendValue read | |
| Main Links | | |
| Name | Value | |
| - Component | | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 | |
| Status | Ok | |
| Fault Cause | None | |
| Fault Status | false | |
| -•- Enable | true | |
| Address Format | Modbus | |
| -•- Address | 40001 | |
| -•- Data Type | Int | |
| Poll Frequency | Slow | |
| Write Type | COV_PollFrequency | |
| -•- Trigger | false | |
| - Out | 5999.00 | |
| ⊸– In | null | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Figure 39. ModbusNumericWritable

The ModbusNumericWritable component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status, available states:
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is in false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to the address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled).
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: point error status;
- Available options: true (point read/write error), false;
- · Address Format: register address format;

- Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- Address: register address;
- Data Type: read/write register data type;
 - Available options: Int: 16-bits, Long: 32-bits, Float: 32-bits float-point, SInt: 16-bits with sign, Slong: 32-bits with sign, IntF16- use Function 16, SIntF16: use Function 16 (Function 16: Modbus function for sending one register);
- **Poll Frequency**: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Write Type: writing mode;
 - Available options: COV (only on input change), COV_PollFrequency (on input change and periodically), PollFrequency (only periodically), COV_LinkSet (link back-forward triggered by COV);
- Trigger: forcefully send the value (on rising edge), regardless of the current poll mode,
- Out: output slot, the current value of the device register,
- In: input slot.

The ModbusNumericWritable component has the following actions available under the right mouse button:

- Set: writes a value to the In slot and sends it to the device;
- Write: sends a value from the In slot to the device;
- Read: reads a value from the device and sends it to the Out slot.

7.5.5 ModbusNumericMultiPoint

The ModbusNumericMultiPoint is a component, which is responsible for reading up to eight 16-bits registers from the device in one message. The component uses 0x03 or 0x04 Modbus commands. The component has a Read action available under the right-click, which forces the reading of the point.



| Object Properties 4 | | |
|---|---------|--|
| ModbusNumericMultiPoint [iSMA_ModbusRJ12::ModbusNumericMultiPoint] | | |
| read Main Links | | |
| Name | Value | |
| - Component | | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 | |
| 🗝 Status | Ok | |
| -•- Fault Cause | None | |
| Fault Status | false | |
| Enable | true | |
| Address Format | Modbus | |
| Address | 40001 | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | |
| -•- Reg Type | Holding | |
| Data Type | Int | |
| Number Of Registers | 8 | |
| Out1 | 5999.00 | |
| -⊶ Out2 | 0.00 | |
| -⊶ Out3 | 0.00 | |
| -⊶ Out4 | 703.00 | |
| -⊶ Out5 | 0.00 | |
| -⊶ Out6 | 1.00 | |
| -⊶ Out7 | 0.00 | |
| Out8 | 702.00 | |
| | | |
| E i 10 | | |

Figure 40. ModbusNumericMultiPoint

The ModbusNumericMultiPoint component has the following slots:

- Status: point's status;
 - Available states: OK (point is working properly), Disabled (point is disabled, the Enable slot is false), Down/Timeout (point is not available), Device Down (device is not available), Wrong address format (incorrect address format according to address format setting slot), Device disabled (device is disabled), Network disabled (Modbus network is disabled);
- Fault Cause: fault cause description;
- Fault Status: point error status;
 - Available options: true (point read error), false;
- Enable: enables/disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled,) false (point disabled);
- Address Format: Register address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;

- · Address: register address;
- Poll Frequency: reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Reg Type: type of reading register;
 - Available options: input 0x04, holding 0x03;
- Data Type: read data type;
 - Available options: Int (unsigned values), Sint (signed values);
- · Number Of Registers: number of registers read in one message;
- Out: current value of the read register.

The ModbusNumericMultiPoint component has the following action available under the right-click:

• Read: reads a value from the device and sends to the Out slot.

7.5.6 RegisterBitPoint

The RegisterBitPoint component is responsible for reading Boolean values from a bit in a specified register in the device. The component has to be placed under the ModbusDevice component.

| Object Properties | | ņ |
|---|--------|---|
| B RegisterBitPoint [iSMA_ModbusRJ12::RegisterBitPoint] | | |
| read | | |
| Main Links Name | Value | |
| - Component | | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 | |
| -•- Status | Ok | |
| Fault Cause | None | |
| Fault Status | false | |
| -•- Enable | | |
| Address Format | Modbus | |
| -•- Address | 10001 | |
| –•– Nr Bit | | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | |
| -•- Status Type | Input | |
| -•- Out | true | |
| | | |

Figure 41. RegisterBitPoint

The RegisterBitPoint component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the point's status;
- Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- · Fault Status: informs about the point error status (true: point read error);
- Enable: enables or disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled);

- Address Format: allows to set the register address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- · Address: allows to set the register address;
- Nr Bit: allows to set the bit number in the register;
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency;
 Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Status Type: allows to set the type of reading the register;
 - Available options input, coil;
- Out: the current value of the read bit.

The RegisterBitPoint component offers the following action:

• Read: enforces reading of the point.

7.5.7 RegisterBitWritable

The RegisterBitWritable component is responsible for sending to and reading Boolean values from a bit in a specified register in the device. The component has to be placed under the ModbusDevice component.

| Object Properties 4 | | |
|--|-------------------|--|
| B [iSMA_ModbusRJ12::RegisterBitWritable] | | |
| setTrue setFalse | write sendValue | |
| read | | |
| Main Links | | |
| Name | Value | |
| ✓ Component | | |
| 🛇 Meta | Group1 | |
| Status | Ok | |
| -•- Fault Cause | None | |
| -•- Fault Status | false | |
| -•- Enable | true | |
| -•- Address Format | Modbus | |
| -•- Address | 40001 | |
| -•- Nr Bit | 0 | |
| Poll Frequency | Slow | |
| -•- Write Type | COV_PollFrequency | |
| -•- Trigger | false | |
| -⊶ Out | true | |
| -⊶ In | null | |
| | | |

Figure 42. RegisterBitWritable

The RegisterBitWritable component has the following slots:



- Status: shows the point's status;
- · Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- Fault Status: informs about the point error status;
 Available information: true (point read error);
- Enable: enables or disables the point;
 - Available options: true (point enabled), false (point disabled);
- · Address Format: allows to set the register address format;
 - Available options: Modbus, decimal;
- · Address: allows to set the register address;
- Nr Bit: allows to set the bit number in the register;
- **Poll Frequency:** allows to set the reading poll frequency;
 - Available options: fast, normal, slow;
- Write Type: allows to set the writing mode;
 - Available options: COV (only on the In slot change), COV_PollFequrency (on the In slot change and periodically), PollFequrency (only periodically), COV_LinkSet (link back-forward triggered by COV);
- Trigger: allows to trigger the remote enforcement of sending (on rising edge);
- Out: the current value of reading bit;
- In: the input slot.

The ModbusRegisterBitWritable component offers the following actions:

- Set True/Set False: writes the value to the In slot and sends it to the device (not active if the In slot has a link connected);
- Write: sends the value from the In slot to the device;
- Read: reads the value from the device and sends it to the Out slot;
- Send Value: sends the value to the device, without changing the value on the In slot.

7.6 ModbusFolder

The ModbusFolder is a component which groups and organizes the Modbus points components. The ModbusFolder has the Description slot, where up to 32 characters may be inserted.





Figure 43. ModbusFolder



8 Gateway Mode

The iSMA-B-AAC20 controller can work as a Modbus TCP/RS485 gateway. By default, this option is enabled until there is no ModbusAsyncNetwork component in the Sedona application or the component is disabled (ModbusAsyncNetwork -> Enable slot in the false state).

The RS485 communication parameters can be set up by:

- Controller configuration web page (RS485 Configuration tab);
- ModbusAsyncNetwork component (remember to set false in the Enable slot);
- Controller Modbus register table (see the iSMA-B-AAC20 Modbus table chapter).



iSMA IO Modules Figure 44. Modbus TCP gateway topology



9 iSMA Room Devices Modbus

The iSMA Room Devices Modbus kit is an extension of the Modbus Async Network kit, which allows to easily manage the iSMA-B-LP, Touch Point, and FP devices. With the kit's components, the user can build an application that easily communicates and configures the LP/Touch Point/FP panels.

Note: Components in the kit that contain the Lp- prefix in their names work both for the LP, Touch Point, and FP panels, **except for** components for menus: LpMainMenuBoolean, LpMainMenuNumeric, LpSubmenuBoolean, LpSubmenuNumeric. Also, components for CO2 and humidity sensors work only with the LP and Touch Point panels.

9.1 FanSpeed

Note: Component applicable for the LP, Touch Point, and FP panels.

The FanSpeed component is responsible for configuring fan settings in the panel.



| Object | Object Properties 🗖 | | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------|--|
| FanSpeed [iSMA_RoomDevices_Modbus::FanSpeed] | | | |
| re | ad readConfig writeC | onfig | |
| Main | Links | | |
| Name | | Value | |
| \odot | Meta | Group1 | |
| | Status | Ok | |
| | Fault Cause | None | |
| | Fault Status | false | |
| | Enable | true | |
| | Poll Frequency | Normal | |
| | Write Type | COV_PollFrequency | |
| | Trigger | false | |
| | Fan Current Speed | Off | |
| | Fan Current Mode | Off | |
| | Visibility | null | |
| | Editable | null | |
| | Part Editable | null | |
| | Fast Edit Mode | null | |
| | Mode | null | |
| | Fan Icon Flashing Time | 0.00 | |
| | Fan Type | Voltage_0_10V | |
| | Fan Mode0 Name | NULL | |
| | Fan Mode1 Name | NULL | |
| | Fan Mode2 Name | NULL | |
| | Fan Mode3 Name | NULL | |
| | Fan Mode4 Name | NULL | |
| | Config Trigger | null | |
| | | | |

Figure 45. FanSpeed component

The FanSpeed component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the component's status;
- Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- · Fault Status: informs about the point error status (true: point read/write error);
- Enable: enables or disables the component (true: enabled, false: disabled);
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency (fast, normal, slow);
- Write Type: defines a method of writing values (COV, COV_PollFrequency, PollFrequency, COV_LinkSet);
- Trigger: allows to force sending values on rising edge;
- Fan Current Speed: sets the current speed of fan (Off, ManualSpeed1, ManualSpeed2, ManualSpeed3, AutoSpeed1, AutoSpeed2, AutoSpeed3)
- Fan Current Mode: sets the current mode of fan (Off, ManualSpeed1, ManualSpeed2, ManualSpeed3, Auto).
- **Visibility:** allows to activate or deactivate the point on the display (only for the LP panel);
- Editable: enables or disables editing of a fan speed in the panel;

- Part Editable: allows to set an editing mode in the panel (FullyEditable, AutoOffMode);
- Fast Edit Mode: enables a fast edit mode in the panel (only for the LP panel);
- Mode: identifies a way of controlling the panel (LocalMode, BmsMode);
- Fan Icon Flashing Time: allows to set a flashing time of icons on the display (only for the LP panel);
- Fan Type: sets a type of fan (0-10 V, 1-speed, 2-speed, 3-speed);
- Fan Mode0 Name-Fan Mode4 Name: allows to set different fan mode names (up to 4, only ASCII characters; only for the LP panel);
- **Config Trigger:** on rising edge sends configuration parameters to the device components (Editable, Part Editable, Mode, Fan Type).

The FanSpeed component has the following actions:

- **Read:** reads the panel's fan values and updates the Fan Current Speed and Fan Current Mode slots;
- **Read Config:** reads configuration parameters from the panel (Editable, Part Editable, Mode, Fan Type);
- Write Config: writes configuration parameters to the panel (Editable, Part Editable, Mode, Fan Type).

9.2 CO2Alarm

Note: Component applicable for the LP and Touch Point panels.

The CO2Alarm component is dedicated to the configuration of the high limit alarm function in the panel.



| Object Properties 4 | | |
|--|--------------------|--|
| O2Sensor [iSMA_RoomDevices_Modbus::CO2Sensor] | | |
| read readConfig | writeConfig | |
| Main Links | | |
| Name | Value | |
| | | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 | |
| Status | Fault | |
| Fault Cause | SensorNotSupported | |
| Fault Status | true | |
| -•- Enable | true | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | |
| -•- Out | 0.00 ppm | |
| –•– Display Name | NULL | |
| Visibility | null | |
| -•- Sensor Offset | null | |
| -•- Sensor Filter | null | |
| -•- Config Trigger | null | |
| | | |

Figure 46. CO2Alarm component

The CO2Alarm component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the point's status;
- · Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- Fault Status: informs about the point error status (true: point read/write error);
- Enable: enables or disables the point (true: enabled, false: disabled);
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency (fast, normal, slow);
- Out: the CO₂ alarm status;
- · Alarm Acknowledged: informs if the alarm has been confirmed by a system operator;
- Co2 Setpoint For Alarm: sets a CO₂ alarm setpoint value in ppm;
- Co2 Differential For Alarm: sets a CO₂ alarm setpoint differential value in ppm;
- · Co2 Alarm Flashing Lcd: sets the active or inactive a background illumination flashing;
- Co2 Alarm Buzzer: activates or inactivates a sound alarm;
- **Co2 Alarm In Alarm Show High:** activates or inactivates the "High" label display (only for the LP panel);
- Co2 Alarm Confirm Enable: activates or inactivates an alarm acknowledgement by any button;
- Config Trigger: sends configuration parameters to the panel on rising edge.

The CO2Alarm component has the following right-click menu actions:

- Read: reads the panel's CO₂ alarm status and updates the Out slot;
- **Read Config:** reads configuration parameters from the panel, (Co2 Setpoint For Alarm, Co2 Differential For Alarm, Co2 Alarm Flashing Lcd, Co2 Alarm Buzzer, Co2 Alarm In Alarm Show High, Co2 Alarm Confirm Enable);

• Write Config: writes configuration parameters to the panel (Co2 Setpoint For Alarm, Co2 Differential For Alarm, Co2 Alarm Flashing Lcd, Co2 Alarm Buzzer, Co2 Alarm In Alarm Show High, Co2 Alarm Confirm Enable).

9.3 CO2Sensor

Note: Component applicable for the LP and Touch Point panels.

The CO2Sensor component is responsible for reading values and configuration of the CO_2 sensor.

| Object Properties 4 N CO2Sensor [iSMA_RoomDevices_Modbus::CO2Sensor] | | |
|---|--------------------|--|
| read readConfig | writeConfig | |
| Name | Value | |
| - Component | | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 | |
| -•- Status | Fault | |
| Fault Cause | SensorNotSupported | |
| Fault Status | true | |
| -•- Enable | true | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | |
| ⊸– Out | 0.00 ppm | |
| -•– Display Name | NULL | |
| Visibility | null | |
| -•- Sensor Offset | null | |
| -•- Sensor Filter | null | |
| Config Trigger | null | |
| | | |

Figure 47. CO2Sensor component

The CO2Sensor component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the component's status;
- · Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- Fault Status: informs about the point error status (true: point read/write error);
- Enable: enables or disables the component (true: enabled, false: disabled);
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency (fast, normal, slow);
- Out: the CO₂ sensor value;
- **Display Name:** allows to set the CO₂ sensor name on the display (up to 4 characters, only ASCII characters, only for the LP panel);
- Visibility: activates or inactivates the sensor value on the display;
- Sensor Offset: sets the CO₂ sensor offset value;
- Sensor Filter: sets the CO₂ sensor reading filter time in seconds;

• **Config Trigger:** sends configuration parameters to the device components on rising edge (Display Name, Visibility, Sensor Offset, Sensor Filter).

The LpCO2Sensor component has the following right-click menu actions:

- **Read:** reads the remote device CO₂ sensor value and updates the Out slot;
- **Read Config:** reads configuration parameters from the panel (Display Name, Visibility, Sensor Offset, Sensor Filter);
- Write Config: writes configuration parameters to the panel (Display Name, Visibility, Sensor Offset, Sensor Filter).

9.4 HumiditySensor

Note: Component applicable for the LP and Touch Point panels.

The HumiditySensor component is responsible for configuration of the humidity sensor and reading its value.

| Object Properties | | |
|---|--------------------|--|
| N HumiditySensor [iSMA_RoomDevices_Modbus::HumiditySensor] | | |
| read readConfig | writeConfig | |
| Main Links | Malua - | |
| Name | Value | |
| • Component | | |
| 🕑 Meta | Group1 | |
| -•- Status | Fault | |
| Fault Cause | SensorNotSupported | |
| Fault Status | true | |
| Enable | true | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | |
| Displaying Mode | RealValue | |
| -•- Out | 0.00 %RH | |
| -•- Display Name | NULL | |
| Visibility | null | |
| -•- Decimal Point | | |
| Sensor Offset | | |
| -•- Sensor Filter | null | |
| -•- Config Trigger | | |
| | | |

Figure 48. HumiditySensor component

The HumiditySensor component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the point's status;
- Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- Fault Status: shows the point error status (true: point read/write error);
- Enable: enables or disables the point (true: enabled, false: disabled);
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency (fast, normal, slow);

- **Displaying Mode:** allows to set the display mode (RealValue: the Out value is divided by 10, RegisterValue: the value is taken directly from the register);
- Out: the humidity sensor value;
- **Display Name:** allows to set the humidity sensor display name on the display (up to 4 characters, only ASCII characters, only for the LP panel);
- Visibility: activates or inactivates the humidity sensor value on the display;
- **Decimal Point:** allows to activate or deactivate the decimal place on the display (inactive or displays decimal point on first, second or third position);
- Sensor Offset: sets the humidity sensor offset value;
- Sensor Filter: sets the humidity sensor reading filter time in seconds;
- **Config Trigger:** sends configuration parameters to the device components on rising edge.

The LpHumiditySensor component has the following right-click menu actions:

- **Read:** reads the remote device humidity sensor value and updates the Out slot;
- **Read Config:** reads configuration parameters from the panel (Display Name, Visibility, Decimal Point, Sensor Offset, Sensor Filter);
- Write Config: writes configuration parameters to the panel (Display Name, Visibility, Decimal Point, Sensor Offset, Sensor Filter).

9.5 MainMenuBoolean

Warning!

Component applicable only for the LP panel.

The MainMenuBoolean component is responsible for reading/writing and configuration of a single Boolean parameter, which is placed in the LP panel main menu.



| Object Properties 4 | | |
|---|-------------------|--|
| B MainMenuBoolean [iSMA_RoomDevices_Modbus::MainMenuBoolean] | | |
| setTrue setFalse | write read | |
| sendValue readConfig | writeConfig | |
| Main Links | | |
| Name | Value | |
| - Component | | |
| 🖂 Meta | Group1 | |
| Status | Ok | |
| -•- Fault Cause | None | |
| Fault Status | false | |
| -•- Enable | true | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | |
| -•- Write Type | COV_PollFrequency | |
| -•- Trigger | false | |
| -⊶ Out | false | |
| -⊶ In | null | |
| Point No | Boolean1 | |
| Point Display Name | NULL | |
| Point Visibility | null | |
| Point True Text | NULL | |
| Point False Text | NULL | |
| Point Priority | null | |
| Config Trigger | null | |
| | | |

Figure 49. MainMenuBoolean component

The MainMenuBoolean component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the point's status;
- Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- Fault Status: shows the point error status (true: point read/write error);
- Enable: enables or disables the point (true: enabled, false: disabled);
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency (fast, normal, slow);
- Write Type: allows to set the writing mode (COV: only on the In slot change, COV_PollFrequency: on the In slot change and periodically, PollFrequency: only periodically, COV_LinkSet: only on the In slot change, using the "reverse following the link" function);
- · Trigger: allows to force sending values on rising edge;
- Out: the main menu point output slot, the current value;
- In: the main menu point input slot;
- Point No: the panel's main menu point number;
- **Point Display Name:** allows to set the point display name on the LCD screen (up to 4, only ASCII characters);

- **Point Visibility:** allows to activate or deactivate the point on the display;
- **Point True Text:** allows to set the 4 characters LCD display text in the true state (only ASCII characters);
- **Point False Text:** allows to set the 4 characters LCD display text in the false state (only ASCII characters);
- **Point Priority:** allows to set the displaying priority on the LCD screen (starting from the lowest value);
- **Config Trigger:** sends configuration parameters to the device components on rising edge.

The MainMenuBoolean component has the following right-click menu actions:

- Set True: sets the true state in the In slot and sends it to the main menu point;
- Set False: sets the false state in the In slot and sends it to the main menu point;
- Write: sends the In slot state to the main menu point;
- **Read:** reads the panel main menu point value and sets the Out slot;
- Send Value: sends the point user value to the main menu without changing the In slot, from the pop-up window;
- **Read Config:** reads the main menu point configuration parameters from the panel (Point Display Name, Point Visibility, Point True Text, Point False Text, Point Priority);
- Write Config: writes the main menu point configuration parameters to the panel (Point Display Name, Point Visibility, Point True Text, Point False Text, Point Priority).

9.6 MainMenuNumeric

Warning!

Component applicable only for the LP panel.

The MainMenuNumeric component is responsible for reading/writing and configuration of a single numeric parameter, which is placed in the LP panel main menu.


| Object Properties | д |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| MainMenuNumeric [iSMA_RoomDevice | es_Modbus::MainMenuNumeric] |
| set write | read sendValue |
| readConfig writeConfig | |
| Main Links | |
| Name | Value |
| - Component | |
| 🕑 Meta | Group1 |
| -•- Status | Ok |
| -•- Fault Cause | None |
| Fault Status | false |
| -•- Enable | true |
| Poll Frequency | Normal |
| Write Type | COV_PollFrequency |
| -•- Trigger | false |
| Displaying Mode | RealValue |
| -⊶- Out | 0.00 |
| ⊸- In | null |
| Point No | Numeric2 |
| Point Display Name | NULL |
| Point Visibility | null |
| Point Units | null |
| Point Decimal Place | null |
| Point Priority | null |
| -•- Config Trigger | null |
| | |

Figure 50. MainMenuNumeric component

The MainMenuNumeric component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the point status;
- Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- Fault Status: informs about the point error status (true: point read/write error);
- Enable: enables or disables the point (true: enabled, false: disabled);
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency (fast, normal, slow);
- Write Type: allows to set the writing mode (COV: only on input change, COV_PollFrequency: on the In slot change and periodically, PollFrequency: only periodically, COV_LinkSet: on the In slot change, using the "reverse following the link" function);
- Trigger: allows to force sending values on rising edge;
- **Displaying Mode:** allows to set the displaying mode (RealValue: the Out value is divided by 10; RegisterValue: the value is taken directly from the register);
- Out: the point's output slot, the current value;

- In: the point's input slot;
- Point No: the panel main menu number;
- **Point Display Name:** allows to set the point's display name on the LCD screen (up to 4, only ASCII characters);
- **Point Visibility:** allows to activate or deactivate the point on the display;
- **Point Units:** allows to set the point's units on the display (inactive or displays value unit: °C, °F, Pa, Lx, ppm, m3/h, %RH, L/s, %, h);
- **Point Decimal Place:** allows to set the decimal place on the display (inactive or displays decimal point on first, second, or third position);
- **Point Priority:** allows to set the displaying priority on the LCD screen (starting from the lowest value);
- **Config Trigger:** sends configuration parameters to the device components on rising edge.

The MainMenuNumeric component has the following right-click menu actions:

- Set: sets the In slot and sends it to the main menu point;
- Write: sends the In slot and sends it to the main menu point;
- Read: reads the panel main menu point value and sets the Out slot;
- Send Value: sends the user value to main menu point without changing the input slot, from the pop-up window;
- **Read Config:** reads the main menu point configuration parameters from the panel (Point Display Name, Point Visibility, Point Decimal Place, Point Priority);
- Write Config: writes the main menu point configuration parameters to the panel (Point Display Name, Point Visibility, Point Decimal Place, Point Priority).

9.7 SubmenuBoolean

Warning!

Component applicable only for the LP panel.

The SubmenuBoolean component is responsible for reading/writing and configuration of a single (one of 8 points) Boolean parameter, which is placed in the LP panel submenus. There are 6 submenus in LP panel: Temperature, Fan, Light, Blind, Alarm, and Occupancy, and each submenu can have up to 8 Boolean points.



| Object Proper | | | 4 | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| B Subme | nuBoolean | e Modbue-Su | hmenuBoolean] | | | | |
| | _KOOMDevice | s_moabussu | billenubooleanj | | | | |
| setTrue | setFalse | write | read | | | | |
| sendValue | readConfig | writeConfig | | | | | |
| Main Links | | | | | | | |
| Name | | Value | | | | | |
| Componen | ıt | | | | | | |
| 河 Meta | | Group1 | | | | | |
| -•- Status | | Ok | | | | | |
| -•- Fault Cause | | None | | | | | |
| Fault Status | | false | | | | | |
| -•- Enable | | true | | | | | |
| Poll Frequer | Poll Frequency Normal | | | | | | |
| -•- Write Type | Write Type COV_PollFrequency | | | | | | |
| -•- Trigger | | false | | | | | |
| -•- Out | | false | | | | | |
| –⊶ In | | null | | | | | |
| -•- Submenu | | Light | | | | | |
| -•- Point No | | Boolean1 | | | | | |
| -•- Point Displa | y Name | NULL | | | | | |
| -•- Point Visibili | ity | null | | | | | |
| -•- Point Editab | le | null | | | | | |
| -•- Point True T | ext | NULL | | | | | |
| -•- Point False 1 | Text | NULL | | | | | |
| -•- Point Priorit | y | null | | | | | |
| -•- Config Trigg | er | null | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Figure 51. SubmenuBoolean component

The SubmenuBoolean component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the point's status;
- Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- Fault Status: shows the point error status true: point read/write error);
- Enable: enables or disables the point (true: enabled, false: disabled);
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency (fast, normal, slow);
- Write Type: allows to set the writing mode (COV: only on input change, COV_PollFrequency: on the In slot change and periodically, PollFrequency: only periodically, COV_LinkSet: on the In slot change, using the "reverse following the link" function);
- Trigger: allows to force sending values on rising edge;
- Out: the output slot, the current value of read/write register;
- In: the register input slot;

- Submenu: the panel submenu number;
- Point No: the submenu point number;
- **Point Display Name:** allows to set the 4 characters submenu point LCD display name (only ASCII characters);
- Point Visibility: allows to activate or deactivate the point on the display;
- Point Editable: enables or disables the editing of the point;
- **Point True Text:** allows to set the 4 characters LCD display text in the true state (only ASCII characters);
- **Point False Text:** allows to set the 4 characters LCD display text in the false state (only ASCII characters);
- **Point Priority:** allows to set the displaying priority on the LCD screen (starting from the lowest value);
- **Config Trigger:** sends configuration parameters to the device components on rising edge.

The SubmenuBoolean component has the following right-click menu actions:

- Set True: sets the In slot to true and sends it to the submenu point;
- Set False: sets the In slot to false and sends it to the submenu point;
- Write: sends the In state to the submenu point;
- **Read:** reads the LP panel submenu point value and sets the Out slot;
- Send Value: sends the user value to the submenu point without changing the input slot, from the pop-up window;
- **Read Config:** reads the submenu point configuration parameters from the LP panel (Point Display Name, Point Visibility, Point True Text, Point False Text, Point Priority);
- Write Config: writes the submenu point configuration parameters to the LP panel (Point Display Name, Point Visibility, Point True Text, Point False Text, Point Priority).

9.8 SubmenuNumeric

Warning!

Component applicable only for the LP panel.

The SubmenuNumeric component is responsible for reading/writing and configuration of a single (one of 8 points) numeric user parameter, which is placed in one of the LP panel submenus. There are 6 submenus in the LP panel: Temperature, Fan, Light, Blind, Alarm, and Occupancy, and each submenu can have up to 8 numeric points.



| Object Properties | • | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| SubmenuNumeric [iSMA_RoomDevices_Modbus::SubmenuNumeric] | | | | | | |
| set write | read sendValue readConfig | | | | | |
| writeConfig | | | | | | |
| Main Links | | | | | | |
| Name | Value | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 | | | | | |
| -•- Status | Ok | | | | | |
| –•− Fault Cause | None | | | | | |
| Fault Status | false | | | | | |
| -•- Enable | true | | | | | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | | | | | |
| -•- Write Type | COV_PollFrequency | | | | | |
| -•- Trigger | false | | | | | |
| Displaying Mode | RealValue | | | | | |
| -⊶- Out | 0.00 | | | | | |
| -⊶- In | null | | | | | |
| →– Submenu | Blind | | | | | |
| Point No | Numeric2 | | | | | |
| -•- Point Display Name | NULL | | | | | |
| Point Visibility | null | | | | | |
| Point Editable | null | | | | | |
| Point Units | null | | | | | |
| Point Low Limit | null | | | | | |
| Point High Limit | null | | | | | |
| Point Decimal Place | null | | | | | |
| Point Step | null | | | | | |
| Point Priority | null | | | | | |
| Config Trigger | null | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Figure 52. SubmenuNumeric component

The SubmenuNumeric component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the point's status;
- Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- Fault Status: shows the point error status true: point read/write error);
- · Enable: enables or disables the point (true: enabled, false: disabled);
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency (fast, normal, slow);
- Write Type: allows to set the writing mode (COV: only on input change, COV_PollFrequency: on the In slot change and periodically, PollFrequency: only periodically, COV_LinkSet: on the In slot change, using the "reverse following the link" function);
- Trigger: allows to force sending values on rising edge;

- **Displaying Mode:** allows to set the displaying mode (RealValue: the Out value is divided by 10; RegisterValue: the value is taken directly from the register);
- Out: the output slot, the current value of the read/write register;
- In: the register input slot;
- Submenu: the panel submenu number;
- Point No: the submenu point number;
- **Point Display Name:** allows to set the 4 characters submenu point LCD display name (only ASCII characters);
- · Point Visibility: allows to activate or deactivate point on display;
- Point Editable: enables or disables the editing of the point;
- **Point Units:** allows to set the point's units on the display (inactive or displays value unit: °C, °F, Pa, Lx, ppm, m3/h, %RH, L/s, %, h);
- **Point Low Limit:** allows to set the submenu parameter low limit value;
- Point High Limit: allows to set the submenu parameter high limit value;
- **Point Decimal Place:** allows to set the point's decimal place on the display (inactive or displays decimal point on first, second, or third position);
- Point Step: allows to set the Out value changing step;
- **Point Priority:** allows to set the displaying priority on the LCD screen (starting from the lowest value);
- **Config Trigger:** sends configuration parameters to the device components on rising edge.

The SubmenuNumeric component has the following right-click menu actions:

- Set: sets the In slot and sends it to the submenu point;
- Write: sends the In slot and sends it to the submenu point;
- Read: reads the LP panel submenu point value and sets the Out slot;
- **Send Value:** sends the user value to the submenu point without changing the input slot, from the pop-up window;
- **Read Config:** reads the submenu point configuration parameters from the LP panel (Point Display Name, Point Visibility, Point Editable, Point Units, Point Low Limit, Point High Limit, Point Decimal Place, Point Step, Point Priority);
- Write Config: writes the submenu point configuration parameters to the LP panel (Point Display Name, Point Visibility, Point Editable, Point Units, Point Low Limit, Point High Limit, Point Decimal Place, Point Step, Point Priority).

9.9 TemperatureSensor

Note: Component applicable for the LP, Touch Point, and FP panels.

The TemperatureSensor component is responsible for reading values and configuration of the temperature sensor in the panel.

| Object Properties | • |
|---|----------------------------|
| N TemperatureSensor [iSMA_RoomDevices_ | Modbus::TemperatureSensor] |
| read readConfig | writeConfig |
| Main Links | |
| Name | Value |
| | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 |
| Status | Ok |
| -•- Fault Cause | None |
| Fault Status | false |
| -•- Enable | true |
| Poll Frequency | Normal |
| Displaying Mode | RealValue |
| -⊶ Out | 26.80 °C |
| - Display Name | NULL |
| - Visibility | null |
| Decimal Point | null |
| Sensor Offset | null |
| Sensor Filter | null |
| →- Config Trigger | null |
| | |

Figure 53. TemperatureSensor component

The TemperatureSensor component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the component's status;
- Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- Fault Status: informs about the point error status (true: point read/write error);
- Enable: enables or disables the component (true: enabled, false: disabled);
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency (fast, normal, slow);
- **Displaying Mode:** allows to set the displaying mode (RealValue: the output value is divided by 10; RegisterValue: the value is taken directly from the register);
- Out: the temperature sensor value output slot;
- **Display Name:** allows to set the temperature sensor display name on the LCD display (up to 4 characters, only ASCII characters, only for the LP panel);
- Visibility: activates or inactivates the sensor value on the display;
- **Decimal Point:** allows to set the display of the decimal point (inactive or displays decimal point on first, second, or third position; only for the LP panel);
- Sensor Offset: sets the temperature sensor offset value;
- Sensor Filter: sets the temperature sensor reading filter time in seconds;
- **Config Trigger:** on rising edge sends configuration parameters to the device components (Display Name, Visibility, Decimal Point, Sensor Offset, Sensor Filter).

The TemperatureSensor component has the following actions:

- Read: reads the panel's temperature sensor value and updates the Out slot;
- **Read Config:** reads configuration parameters from the panel (Display Name, Visibility, Decimal Point, Sensor Offset, Sensor Filter);

• Write Config: writes configuration parameters to the panel (Display Name, Visibility, Decimal Point, Sensor Offset, Sensor Filter).

9.10 Occupancy

Note: Component applicable for the LP, Touch Point, and FP panels.

The Occupancy component is responsible for configuring occupancy settings in the panel.

| Object Properties | • |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| Occupancy [iSMA_RoomDevices_ | Modbus::Occupancy] |
| read readConfig | writeConfig |
| Main Links | |
| Name | Value |
| ✓ Component | |
| 🕞 Meta | Group1 |
| →– Status | Ok |
| -•- Fault Cause | None |
| -•- Fault Status | false |
| -•- Enable | true |
| Poll Frequency | Normal |
| -•- Write Type | COV_PollFrequency |
| -•- Trigger | false |
| Occupancy Current Status | Occupied |
| Occupancy Current Mode | Occupied |
| -•- Visibility | null |
| -•- Editable | null |
| -•- Fast Edit Mode | null |
| Mode | null |
| Occup Mode0 Name | NULL |
| Occup Mode1 Name | NULL |
| Config Trigger | null |
| | |

Figure 54. Occupancy component

The Occupancy component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the component's status;
- · Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- Fault Status: informs about the point error status (true: point read/write error);
- Enable: enables or disables the component (true: enabled, false: disabled);
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency (fast, normal, slow);
- Write Type: defines a method of writing values (COV, COV_PollFrequency, PollFrequency, COV_LinkSet);
- Trigger: allows to force sending values on rising edge;

- Occupancy Current Status: sets the current status of occupancy (Unoccupied, Occupied, Standby, ForcedOccupied);
- Occupancy Current Mode: sets the current mode of occupancy (Unoccupied, Occupied);
- **Visibility:** allows to activate or deactivate the point on the display (only for the LP panel);
- Editable: enables or disables editing of an occupancy in the panel;
- Fast Edit Mode: enables a fast edit mode in the panel (only for the LP panel);
- Mode: identifies a way of controlling the panel (LocalMode, BmsMode);
- Occup Mode0 Name-Occup Mode1 Name: allows to set different occupancy mode names (up to 4, only ASCII characters; only for the LP panel);
- **Config Trigger:** on rising edge sends configuration parameters to the device components (Editable, Mode).

The Occupancy component has the following actions:

- **Read:** reads the panel's occupancy values and updates the Occupancy Current Status and Occupancy Current Mode slots;
- Read Config: reads configuration parameters from the panel (Editable, Mode);
- Write Config: writes configuration parameters to the panel (Editable, Mode).

9.11 TemperatureSetpoint

Note: Component applicable for the LP, Touch Point, and FP panels.

The TemperatureSetpoint component is responsible for configuring a temperature setpoint in the panel.



| Object Properties | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| N TemperatureSetpoint [iSMA_RoomDevices_ | Modbus::TemperatureSetpoint] | | | | | |
| read readConfig | writeConfig | | | | | |
| Main Links | | | | | | |
| Name | Value | | | | | |
| ✓ Component | | | | | | |
| 🖂 Meta | Group1 | | | | | |
| -•- Status | Ok | | | | | |
| -•- Fault Cause | None | | | | | |
| Fault Status | false | | | | | |
| Enable | true | | | | | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | | | | | |
| Write Type | COV_PollFrequency | | | | | |
| Trigger | false | | | | | |
| Active | null | | | | | |
| -•- Editable | null | | | | | |
| Actual Setpoint | 21.00 °C | | | | | |
| Effective Setpoint | 21.00 °C | | | | | |
| Offset Setpoint | 0.00 °C | | | | | |
| Operating Mode | | | | | | |
| Setpoint Display | null | | | | | |
| Third Point Active | null | | | | | |
| -•- Fast Edit Mode | null | | | | | |
| Default Setpoint | null | | | | | |
| -•- Low Limit | null | | | | | |
| -•- High Limit | null | | | | | |
| Offset Range | null | | | | | |
| -•- Step | null | | | | | |
| Offset Name | NULL | | | | | |
| Setpoint Name | NULL | | | | | |
| Config Trigger | null | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Figure 55. TemperatureSetpoint component

The TemperatureSetpoint component has the following slots:

- Status: shows the component's status;
- Fault Cause: shows the fault cause description;
- · Fault Status: informs about the point error status (true: point read/write error);
- Enable: enables or disables the component (true: enabled, false: disabled);
- Poll Frequency: allows to set the reading poll frequency (fast, normal, slow);
- Write Type: defines a method of writing values (COV, COV_PollFrequency, PollFrequency, COV_LinkSet);
- Trigger: allows to force sending values on rising edge;
- · Active: allows to activate or deactivate the point on the display (only for the LP panel);
- Editable: enables or disables editing of a temperature setpoint in the panel;

• Actual Setpoint: reads a current temperature setpoint value set in the panel;

Note: If the Write Type slot is set to COV_LinkSet and the Actual Setpoint slot is linked to the Out slot in the NVNumericWritable component, after reading the value from the panel, it is sent to the NVNumericWritable component.

- Effective Setpoint: displays an effective setpoint value (actual setpoint and offset);
- Offset Setpoint: allows to set an offset for a temperature setpoint value;
- **Operating Mode:** defines a mode of calculating a setpoint (OffsetValue, SetpointValue);
- Setpoint Display: defines a way of displaying a setpoint (OffsetValue, SetpointValue);
- Third Point Active: allows to activate or deactivate a decimal point on the display;
- Fast Edit Mode: enables a fast edit mode in the panel (only for the LP panel);
- Default Setpoint: defines a default setpoint for the panel;
- Low Limit: sets the lowest limit for a setpoint value;
- High Limit: sets the highest limit for a setpoint value;
- Offset Range: sets a range of the offset value for a setpoint (only for the LP panel);
- Step: identifies a minimum difference between next setpoint values (step value);
- Offset Name: allows to set a name for the temperature setpoint offset (up to 4, only ASCII characters; only for the LP panel)
- Setpoint Name: allows to set a name for the temperature setpoint (up to 4, only ASCII characters; only for the LP panel);
- **Config Trigger:** on rising edge sends configuration parameters to the device components (Editable, Mode).

The TemperatureSetpoint component has the following actions:

- **Read:** reads the panel's temperature setpoint value and updates the Out slot;
- **Read Config:** reads configuration parameters from the panel (Active, Editable, Operating Mode, Setpoint Display, Third Point Active, Default Setpoint, Low Limit, High Limit, Offset Range, Step);
- Write Config: writes configuration parameters to the panel (Active, Editable, Operating Mode, Setpoint Display, Third Point Active, Default Setpoint, Low Limit, High Limit, Offset Range, Step).



10 iSMA Modules

The iSMA Modules is an extension of the ModbusAsyncNetwork designed to easily serve iSMA devices series like multiprotocol I/O modules (MINI, MIX, or MAX series) and wireless modules using Modbus RTU/ASCII protocol. The iSMA Modules kit contains prepared components for serving physical inputs, outputs, and configuration parameters. The iSMA Modules kit consists of 4 types of components:

- ModbusNetwork;
- iSMADevice;
- iSMAIOPoints;
- iSMADeviceConfig.

10.1 iSMADevice

WARNING! The iSMA Device must be placed under the ModbusNetwork component from the ModbusAsyncNetwork kit.

The iSMADevice is a component designed to cooperate with iSMA devices hardware. This component has built-in parameters to work with all iSMA devices in the ModbusAsyncNetwork.

| Object Properties 4 | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| ISMADevice [iSMA_Modules::ISMADevice] | | | | | | |
| Ping Main Links | | | | | | |
| Name | Value | | | | | |
| ✓ Component | | | | | | |
| 河 Meta | Group1 | | | | | |
| -•- Status | Down | | | | | |
| Fault Cause | None | | | | | |
| Fault Status | true | | | | | |
| -•- Enable | true | | | | | |
| Device Address | 1 | | | | | |
| -•- Timeout | 100 ms | | | | | |
| -•- Inter Message Delay | 0 ms | | | | | |
| Retry Count | Retry Count 3 | | | | | |
| Module Type | Unknown | | | | | |
| Read Module Type | Unknown | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Figure 56. iSMADevice component



10.2 iSMADevice Config

The iSMADevice config is a special component dedicated to set up the iSMA series device parameters. Adding and removing of the iSMADevice config component is done by the Module Type slot in the iSMADevice component. To add a configuration component a proper module type is selected from a drop-down list. When the connection is established, the module type is displayed in the read Module Type slot.

WARNING! This component has no auto-refresh option. To read or to write the device configuration the component action must be used. It is recommended to read module configuration before changing parameters.



| Object Properties 4 | | | | | |
|---|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| config کریک [iSMA_Modules::ISMAConfig] | | | | | |
| ReadModule WriteModule WritePr | otocol | | | | |
| Main Links | Value | | | | |
| ✓ Component | | | | | |
| 🖓 Meta | Group1 | | | | |
| -•- Status | Fault | | | | |
| →– Fault Cause | DeviceDown | | | | |
| Fault Status | true | | | | |
| –•– Enable | true | | | | |
| -•- Read Trigger | false | | | | |
| -•- Write Trigger | false | | | | |
| -•- Write Comm Trigger | false | | | | |
| -•- Write On Up | false | | | | |
| -•- Write On Enable | false | | | | |
| Write On Start | false | | | | |
| R S485 Received Messges 0 | | | | | |
| R S485 Send Messges 0 | | | | | |
| -•- R S485 Error Messges | 0 | | | | |
| -•- Modbus Type | RTU | | | | |
| -•- R S485 Switch Baud Rate | BR_19200 | | | | |
| → R S485 User Baud Rate | 76800 | | | | |
| →- Stop Bits | StopBits_1 | | | | |
| -•- Data Bits | DataBits_8 | | | | |
| Parity | None | | | | |
| -•- Delay Between Polls | 0 ms | | | | |
| → Watchdog Time | 00h:00m:15s | | | | |
| Default D O1 false | | | | | |
| Default D O2 | false 🔻 | | | | |

Figure 57. iSMAConfig component

10.3 Digital Inputs Components

In the iSMA Modules kit there are available two types of components to read digital inputs:

- DI: reads individual digital inputs (input number is selected in the component property sheet);
- DI_ALL: reads all digital inputs using one register.

Note: DI_ALL component has 12 input slots (DI component - up to 12 inputs), which correspond to the largest module iSMA-B-MIX38. Using a module with a smaller number of inputs makes the surplus inputs inactive and always in a false state.

| Object Properties | р. | | | | |
|----------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| B [ISMA_Modules::DI] | | | | | |
| read | | | | | |
| Main Links | | | | | |
| Name | Value | | | | |
| - Component | | | | | |
| 🕑 Meta | Group1 | | | | |
| -•- Status | Fault | | | | |
| -•- Fault Cause | DeviceDown | | | | |
| -•- Fault Status | true | | | | |
| -•- Enable | true | | | | |
| Poll Frequency | Normal | | | | |
| Address DI1 | | | | | |
| -⊶ Out | false | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Figure 58. iSMA Module DI components

10.4 Digital Outputs Components

In the iSMA Modules kit there are available two types of components to read/write digital outputs:

- DO: reads/writes individual digital outputs (output number is selected in component property sheet);
- DO_ALL: reads all digital outputs using one register.

Note: DO_ALL component has 12 input slots (DO component - up to 12 outputs), which correspond to the largest module iSMA-B-MIX38. Using module with a smaller output number makes the surplus outputs inactive.



| Object Properties | д | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| B [ISMA_Modules::D | 0] | | | |
| setTrue setFalse | write read | | | |
| Main Links | | | | |
| Name | Value | | | |
| - Component | | | | |
| 🕑 Meta | Group1 | | | |
| -•- Status | Fault | | | |
| Fault Cause DeviceDown | | | | |
| Fault Status true | | | | |
| -•- Enable | true | | | |
| Poll Frequency | Slow | | | |
| -•- Address | DO1 | | | |
| -•- Write Type | COV_PollFrequency | | | |
| -•- Trigger | false | | | |
| -⊶ Out | false | | | |
| -⊶ In | null | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Figure 59. iSMA Module DO components

10.5 Universal Inputs Components

In the iSMA Modules kit there are available five types of components to read universal inputs:

- UI_Temp: reads a temperature value from the NTC sensor connected to the input;
- UI_Res: reads a resistance value between the universal input and G0;
- **UI Volt:** reads a voltage value between the universal input and GO;
- **UI_DI:** reads a Boolean value (dry contact) from a single universal input;
- UI_DI_ALL: reads a Boolean value (dry contact) from all universal inputs in one register.

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Figure 60. iSMA Module UI components

The universal inputs configuration (sensor type, voltage measurement, filter time, and resolution) is done in the iSMADeviceConfig component.

The input number is selected in the component property sheet, sensor type in module config component.

Note: UI components have 8 inputs, which correspond to the largest module iSMA-B-MIX38 and Mini iSMA-B-8U. Using module with smaller input number causes that inputs above module inputs number are inactive and always have 0 value.

10.6 Analog Outputs Components

In the iSMA Modules kit there are available two types of component to read/write device analog outputs:

- AO_Volt: to set up a voltage signal (0-10000mV) on the analog output;
- AO_PWM: to set up a PWM signal (0-100%).

Selection, if output works in voltage or PWM mode, is made in the module config component.

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Figure 61. iSMA Module AO components

The input number is selected in the component property sheet, sensor type–in the module config component. Notice that AO components have 6 inputs, which correspond to the largest module iSMA-B-MIX38. Using a module with a smaller output number makes the surplus outputs inactive.

10.7 ModbusFolder

The ModbusFolder is a component which groups and organizes the Modbus points components. The ModbusFolder has the Description slot, where up to 32 characters may be inserted.

10.8 iSMAFolder

The iSMAFolder is a component which groups and organizes the iSMA Modules I/O point components. Because of Sedona components, names are limited to 7 characters, ModbusFolder has a Description slot, which can use up to 32 characters.



11 List of Modbus Registers

| Modbus Address | Decimal Address | Hex Address | Register Name | Access | Description | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|---|--|
| 40001 | 0 | 0x00 | VERSION AND TYPE | Read-only | Controller firmware version and type | | |
| 40002 | 1 | 0x01 | HARDWARE VERSION | Read-only | Controller Hardware version | | |
| 40003 | 2 | 0x02 | MODBUS ADDRESS | Read&write Memory | Controller Mo slave address | Controller Modbus TCP/IP slave address | |
| 40004 | 3 | 0x03 | UPTIME_LO | Read-only | | | |
| 40005 | 4 | 0x04 | UPTIME_HI | Read-only | | | |
| 40008 | 7 | 0x07 | COM2_STEADY_TIM E | Read & Write Memory | | | |
| 40009 | 8 | 0x08 | RS485 BAUD RATE | Read&write Memory | Transmission baud rate is defined by the user calculated using the formula: The default value is 11520 (115200 bps) | | |
| 40010 | 9 | 0x09 | RS485 STOP BITS | Read&write Memory | Supported values are 1 and 2 The default value is 1 | | |
| 40011 | 10 | 0x0A | RS485 DATA BITS | Read&write Memory | Supported values are 7 and 8 The default value is 7 | | |
| 40012 | 11 | 0x0B | RS485 PARITY BIT | Read&write Memory | The default value is 0 (no parity) Allowed values: | | |
| | | | | | Value | Descriptio n | |
| | | | | | 0 (default) | none | |
| | | | | | 1 | Odd | |
| | | | | | 2 | Even | |
| | | | | | 3 | Always 1 | |
| | | | | | 4 | Always 0 | |



| Modbus Address | Decimal Address | Hex Address | Register Name | Access | Description |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|--|----------------------|--|
| 40014 | 13 | 0x0D | RS485 MODBUS PROTOCOL TYPE | Read&write Memory | Protocol Type (40014) 0 – RTU, 1 – ASCII The default value is 0 - RTU. |
| 40016 | 15 | 0x0F | STATE OF DIGITAL INPUTS | Read-only | State of digital inputs |
| 40017 | 16 | 0x10 | STATE OF UNIVERSAL INPUTS WORKING AS DIGITAL INPUTS | Read-only | Status of universal inputs working as digital inputs |
| 40018 | 17 | 0x11 | STATE OF DIGITAL OUTPUTS | Read&write Memory | State of digital outputs |
| 40019 | 18 | 0x12 | STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUTS WORKING AS DIGITAL OUTPUTS | Read&write Memory | State of analog outputs working as digital outputs |
| 40022 | 21 | 0x15 | COUNTER RESET | Read&write Memory | Set bit in register to reset corresponding counter. |
| 40023 | 22 | 0x16 | COUNTER 1 LSB | Read&write Memory | 32-bit counters for each digital input counting pulses. |
| 40024 | 23 | 0x17 | COUNTER 1 MSB | | |
| 40025 | 24 | 0x18 | COUNTER 2 LSB | Read&write Memory | |
| 40026 | 25 | 0x19 | COUNTER 2 MSB | | |
| 40027 | 26 | 0x1A | COUNTER 3 LSB | Read&write Memory | |
| 40028 | 27 | 0x1B | COUNTER 3 MSB | | |
| 40029 | 28 | 0x1C | COUNTER 4 LSB | Read&write Memory | |
| 40030 | 29 | 0x1D | COUNTER 4 MSB | | |
| 40046 | 45 | 0x2D | COUNTER 12 MSB | | |
| 40071 | 70 | 0x46 | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 1 | Read-only | Voltage measurement value is expressed in mV. Formula for the current measurements: I=U/200 where: U – register value, |



| Modbus Address | Decimal Address | Hex Address | Register Name | Access | Description |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|-----------|---|
| | | | | | 200 – value of attached resistor Temperature is expressed in Celsius degrees * 10 For a result, divide the registry value by 10. Selection of the type sensor is done using UNIVERSAL INPUT CONFIGURATION register from 40151 to 40158 for each input separately |
| 40072 | 71 | 0x47 | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 1 | Read-only | |
| 40073 | 72 | 0x48 | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 2 | Read-only | |
| 40074 | 73 | 0x49 | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 2 | Read-only | |
| 40075 | 74 | 0x4A | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 3 | Read-only | |
| 40076 | 75 | 0x4B | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 3 | Read-only | |
| 40077 | 76 | 0x4C | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 4 | Read-only | |
| 40078 | 77 | 0x4D | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 4 | Read-only | |
| 40079 | 78 | 0x4E | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 5 | Read-only | |
| 40080 | 79 | 0x4F | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 5 | Read-only | |
| 40081 | 80 | 0x50 | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 6 | Read-only | |
| 40082 | 81 | 0x51 | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 6 | Read-only | |
| 40083 | 82 | 0x52 | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 7 | Read-only | |
| 40084 | 83 | 0x53 | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 7 | Read-only | |



| Modbus Address | Decimal Address | Hex Address | Register Name | Access | Description |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| 40085 | 84 | 0x54 | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 8 | Read-only | |
| 40086 | 85 | 0x55 | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 8 | Read-only | |
| 40087 | 86 | 0x56 | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 1 | Read-only | |
| 40088 | 87 | 0x57 | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 2 | Read-only | |
| 40089 | 88 | 0x58 | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 3 | Read-only | |
| 40090 | 89 | 0x59 | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 4 | Read-only | |
| 40091 | 90 | 0x5A | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 5 | Read-only | |
| 40092 | 91 | 0x5B | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 6 | Read-only | |
| 40093 | 92 | 0x5C | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 7 | Read-only | |
| 40094 | 93 | 0x5D | UNIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 8 | Read-only | |
| 40095 | 94 | 0x5E | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 1 | Read-only | |
| 40096 | 95 | 0x5F | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 2 | Read-only | |
| 40097 | 96 | 0x60 | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 3 | Read-only | |
| 40098 | 97 | 0x61 | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 4 | Read-only | |
| 40099 | 98 | 0x62 | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 5 | Read-only | |
| 40100 | 99 | 0x63 | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 6 | Read-only | |
| 40101 | 100 | 0x64 | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 7 | Read-only | |
| 40102 | 101 | 0x65 | UNIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 8 | Read-only | |



| Modbus Address | Decimal Address | Hex Address | Register Name | Access | Description |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------|---|
| 40103 | 102 | 0x66 | RESISTIVE INPUT 1 LSB | Read-only | Resistance measurement result expressed in Ω . Value range from 0 Ω to 1 000 000 Ω . Note: In PT1000 or NI1000 input working type the reading accuracy increase and the register value is multiply by 10 |
| 40104 | 103 | 0x67 | RESISTIVE INPUT 1 MSB | Read-only | |
| 40105 | 104 | 0x68 | RESISTIVE INPUT 2 LSB | Read-only | |
| 40106 | 105 | 0x69 | RESISTIVE INPUT 2 MSB | Read-only | |
| 40107 | 106 | 0x6A | RESISTIVE INPUT 3 LSB | Read-only | |
| 40108 | 107 | 0x6B | RESISTIVE INPUT 3 MSB | Read-only | |
| 40109 | 108 | 0x6C | RESISTIVE INPUT 4 LSB | Read-only | |
| 40110 | 109 | 0x6D | RESISTIVE INPUT 4 MSB | Read-only | |
| 40111 | 110 | 0x6E | RESISTIVE INPUT 5 LSB | Read-only | |
| 40112 | 111 | 0x6F | RESISTIVE INPUT 5 MSB | Read-only | |
| 40113 | 112 | 0x70 | RESISTIVE INPUT 6 LSB | Read-only | |
| 40114 | 113 | 0x71 | RESISTIVE INPUT 6 MSB | Read-only | |
| 40115 | 114 | 0x72 | RESISTIVE INPUT 7 LSB | Read-only | |
| 40116 | 115 | 0x73 | RESISTIVE INPUT 7 MSB | Read-only | |
| 40117 | 116 | 0x74 | RESISTIVE INPUT 8 LSB | Read-only | |



| Modbus Address | Decimal Address | Hex Address | Register Name | Access | Description |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| 40118 | 117 | 0x75 | RESISTIVE INPUT 8 MSB | Read-only | |
| 40121 | 120 | 0x78 | VALUE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 1 | Read&write | The voltage at the analog outputs are given in the mV range from 0 to 10000 mV |
| 40122 | 121 | 0x79 | VALUE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 2 | Read&write | |
| 40123 | 122 | 0x7A | VALUE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 3 | Read&write | |
| 40124 | 123 | 0x7B | VALUE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 4 | Read&write | |
| 40125 | 124 | 0x7C | VALUE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 5 | Read&write | |
| 40126 | 125 | 0x7D | VALUE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 6 | Read&write | |
| 40134 | 133 | 0x85 | BACNET_DEVICE_ID_ LO | Read & Write Memory | |
| 40135 | 134 | 0x86 | BACNET_DEVICE_ID_ HI | Read & Write Memory | |
| 40136 | 135 | 0x87 | COM1_BAUD_RATE | Read & Write Memory | |
| 40137 | 136 | 0x88 | COM1_STOP_BITS | Read & Write Memory | |
| 40138 | 137 | 0x89 | COM1_DATA_BITS | Read & Write Memory | |
| 40139 | 138 | 0x8A | COM1_PARITY_BITS | Read & Write Memory | |
| 40140 | 139 | 0x8B | COM1_RESPONSE_ DELAY | Read & Write Memory | |
| 40141 | 140 | 0x8C | WATCHDOG TIME | Read&write Memory | Time in second before watchdog reset in case no transmission. A 0 value disables watchdog. The default value is 0 s. |
| 40143 | 142 | 0x8E | DEFAULT STATE OF DIGITAL OUTPUTS | Read&write Memory | State of digital outputs assigned at the start of the module and watchdog |



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| Modbus Address | Decimal Address | Hex Address | Register Name | Access | Description | |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|---|----------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| | | | | | reset. Th | e default value is 0. |
| 40144 | 143 | 0x8F | DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUTS (DIGITAL) | Read&write Memory | State of analog outputs assigned at the start of the module and watchdog reset. The default value is 0. | |
| 40145 | 144 | 0x90 | DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 1 | Read&write Memory | In the registers is stored value in mV of voltage that appears at the analog output after power on or watchdog reset. The default value is 0. | |
| 40146 | 145 | 0x91 | DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 2 | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40147 | 146 | 0x92 | DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 3 | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40148 | 147 | 0x93 | DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 4 | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40149 | 148 | 0x94 | DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 5 | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40150 | 149 | 0x95 | DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 6 | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40151 | 150 | 0x96 | UNIVERSAL INPUT 1 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | Configuration of universal input and type of temperature sensor. The default value is 1 | |
| | | | | | Value | Description / Sensor |
| | | | | | 0 | Resistance measurement off |
| | | | | | 1 | 10K3A1 NTC |
| | | | | | 2 | 10K4A1 NTC |
| | | | | | 3 | 10K NTC Carel |
| | | | | | 4 | 20K6A1 NTC |

| Modbus Address | Decimal Address | Hex Address | Register Name | Access | Description | |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| | | | | | 5 | 2,2K3A1 NTC B=3975K |
| | | | | | 6 | 3K3A1 NTC |
| | | | | | 7 | 30K6A1 NTC |
| | | | | | 8 | SIE1 |
| | | | | | 9 | TAC1 |
| | | | | | 10 | SAT1 |
| | | | | | 16 | Pt1000 |
| | | | | | 17 | Ni1000 |
| | | | | | +128 | Voltage measurement off |
| 40152 | 151 | 0x97 | UNIVERSAL INPUT 2 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40153 | 152 | 0x98 | UNIVERSAL INPUT 3 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40154 | 153 | 0x99 | UNIVERSAL INPUT 4 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40155 | 154 | 0x9A | UNIVERSAL INPUT 5 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40156 | 155 | 0x9B | UNIVERSAL INPUT 6 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40157 | 156 | 0x9C | UNIVERSAL INPUT 7 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40158 | 157 | 0x9D | UNIVERSAL INPUT 8 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40159 | 158 | 0x9E | FILTER TIME CONSTANT | Read&write Memory | Filter time constant, expressed in seconds in the range from 0 to 60 seconds. A value of 0 disables the filter. The default value is 2 s. Filter time constant, expressed in seconds in the range from 0 to 60 seconds. A value of 0 disables the | |
| | | | OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 1 | | | |



| Modbus Address | Decimal Address | Hex Address | Register Name | Access | Description |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| | | | | | filter. The default value is 2 s. |
| 40160 | 159 | 0x9F | FILTER TIME CONSTANT | Read&write Memory | |
| | | | OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 2 | | |
| 40161 | 160 | 0xA0 | FILTER TIME CONSTANT | Read&write Memory | |
| | | | OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 3 | | |
| 40162 | 161 | 0xA1 | FILTER TIME CONSTANT | Read&write Memory | |
| | | | OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 4 | | |
| 40163 | 162 | 0xA2 | FILTER TIME CONSTANT | Read&write Memory | |
| | | | OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 5 | | |
| 40164 | 163 | 0xA3 | FILTER TIME CONSTANT | Read&write Memory | |
| | | | OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 6 | | |
| 40165 | 164 | 0xA4 | FILTER TIME CONSTANT | Read&write Memory | |
| | | | OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 7 | | |
| 40166 | 165 | 0xA5 | FILTER TIME CONSTANT | Read&write Memory | |
| | | | OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 8 | | |
| 40167 | 166 | 0xA6 | | Read&write Memory | Resolution of universal inputs. When bit is set measurement at corresponding input is done with 16-bit resolution. By default, all measurements are done with 12-bit resolution. |
| | | | RESOLUTION OF THE UNIVERSAL | | |



| Modbus Address | Decimal Address | Hex Address | Register Name | Access | Description | |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|---|--|
| | | | INPUTS | | | |
| 40168 | 167 | 0xA7 | ANALOG OUTPUT 1 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | By default, a measureme with 12-bit r Configuring analog outp the following Value 0 (default) 1 2 3 4 5 | II nts are done esolution. the mode of ut according to table: Description Voltage output 0-10V PWM 1Hz PWM 10Hz PWM 10Hz PWM 0.1Hz PWM 0.1Hz |
| 40169 | 168 | 0xA8 | ANALOG OUTPUT 2 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40170 | 169 | 0xA9 | ANALOG OUTPUT 3 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40171 | 170 | 0xAA | ANALOG OUTPUT 4 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40172 | 171 | 0xAB | ANALOG OUTPUT 5 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | | |
| 40173 | 172 | 0xAC | ANALOG OUTPUT 6 CONFIGURATION | Read&write Memory | | |

Table 2. List of Modbus registers